Unit -VIII

Chapter-9. Human Health and Diseases (Immunity, Vaccination, Cancer, Aids)

IMPORTANT POINTS

Health means absence of disease It also can be defined as "Expression of physical,mental,social and psychological wellbeing".

"Human disease like typhoid, cholera, pneumonia, disease of skin, malaria are included in the prepartion of NEET exam". These kind of diseases give stress to human. Malaria caused by plasmodium falciparum may prove lethal for human. Cleanliness proper discharge of waste, water cleanliness, control of mosquito and vaccination are required for controlling these kind of diseases

You study here disease causing organisms, Antigen, Antibody, Immunesystem, Vaccination, Aids, Cancer, Malaria, Filariasis, Typhoid, Pneumonia, Common cold, Ringworm, Adolescence and others. In Adolescene the Drug and alchohol abuse is done by youth and adolescent mostly. Drug and alchohol are intoxicant in nature and their perceived benifits like relief from stress, a person may try taking this in face of peer pressure, examination-related and competition-related stresses by doing so, he/she get addcted, To get protected from this effecteducation about the harmful effects, counselling and seeking immediate professional and medical help would relieve the individual from these completely.

By securing required kind of vaccination to prevent disease, fearless situations may be produced.

The different types questions formed by considering all these point will be very useful to the students for their future.

1.	which person is suffering from disease according to given sentences?							
	(a) Mahesh walks slowly & become tired.							
	(b) There is appearance of scaly lesions on skin of naresh.							
	(c) Paresh is suffering from vomiting.							
	(d) All of them suffer fr	om disease.						
2.	What is the location of	Salmonella typhi during	g diseased condition '	?				
	(a) Stomach	(b) Kidney	(c) Liver	(d) Intestine				
3.	Which test is carried or	ut if disease is occured l	oy salmonella typhi?					
	(a) Widal test	(b) Lisman test	(c) Blood test	(d) Barium test				
4.	Generally streptococcu	is pneumoniae causes p	neumonia but which	bacteria is responsible				
	for this diseare?							
	(a) Pneumococcus		(b) Tuberculosis					

(c) Haemophilus influenzae

(d) Salmonella typhi

Questionbank Biology 5. Chhaganbhai is suffering from fever, then which kind of organism responsible for it? (a) Plasmodium vivex (b) Plasmodium malarie. (c) Plasmodium falciparum (d) All of hte given. 6. Duration of fever occured by plasmodium malarie is _ (a) Every 24 hours. (b) Every 48 hours. (c) Every 36 hours. (d) Every 72 hours. 7. From which kind of host life cycle of plasmodium passes? (a) Male of Human & of Anopheles mosquito. (b) Male of Human & Male of Anopheles mosquito. (c) Human & Female Anopheles mosquito. (d) Human & Male Anopheles mosquito. 8. What is responsible for malaria...? (a) All Anopheles mosquitoes. (b) All Culex mosquitoes. (c) Only male Anopheles mosquitoes (d) Only female Anopheles mosquitoes 9. The spherical from of metacryptomezoites is called _____ (a) Sporozoites (b) Cryptoschizont (c) Trophozoite (d) Gamato cyte 10. What is improper for ringworm disease. (a) It is done by Trichophyton fungi. (b) By constant itching the lesions get expanded (c) It is done by using infected persons comb. (d) It is done by secretion of serotonin chemical. 11. In figure what is indicated by "P"? (a) Hydrogen bond (b) Ionic bond (c) Disuphlide bond (d) Hydrophobic bond 12. Give the name of scientist who are concern with interferon word. (a) Watson & Crick (b) Khorana (c) Luis pasteur & Stemberg (d) Ellic isaks & jan lindenmen 13 At Which time interferon is secreted? (a) When antibody reacts with antigen in our body. (b) When serotonin become active

(d) When our body cell's are infected by virus then that cell's secret this chemical.

(c) When lymphocytes become active

Questionbank Biology 14. Which is the process of biological control, which is for controlling to spread the diseare caused by mosquitoes.? (a) Masquito net (b) Spreading & chemicals (c) Fish like Gambusia (d) Net in doors & windows 15. Give the location of Ig-G? (a) Nucleus (b) Cytoplasm (c) Blood (d) Mitochondria 16. Give the correct sequence from pre erythrocytic cycle? (a) Saliva - Sporozoites-Blood-liver-Cryptoschizont-Cryptomerozoites. (b) Sporozoites-Saliva-Blood-Liver-Cryptoschizont-Cryptomerozoites. (c) Saliva-Cryptoschizont-Blood-Liver-Sporozoites-Cryptomerozoites. (d) Saliva-Sporozaites-Liver-Blood-Cryptoschizont-Cryptomerozoites. 17. Give the correct Sequence for endo erythrocytic cycle? (a) Metacry ptomerozoites-Trophozoite-Schizont-in RBC-Gametocyte-Merozoites. (b) Metacry ptomerozoiter-in RBC-Trophozaite-Schizant-Merozoites-Gametocyte (c) Metacry ptomerozoites-in RBS - Trophozoite-Merozoites-Schizont-Gametocyte (d) Cryptomerozoite-in RBC-Trophozoite-Schizont-Merozoites-Gametocyte 18. Which one is odd? (a) Opium popy - gives pleasant feeling (b) Claviceps Purpurea-Hallucinogenic (c) Erythrolum Coca-Potent stimulating action (d) Cannabis Sativa-give pain 19. Which one is odd? (a) Malaria (d) Typhoid. (b) Pneumenia (c) HIV 20. Which one is odd? (a) Malaria (b) Pneumonia (d) Typhoid. (c) AIDS 21. Which one is odd? (a) Cannabinoids (b) Ganj'a (c) Charas (d) Smack 22. Which one is odd? (a) Cannabinoids (b) Marjuana (c) Ganja (d) Morphin 23. According to their production which one is odd? (a) Cannabinoids (b) Marjuana (c) Ganja (d) Charas 24. Mark odd one? (a) Cancer of breast (b) Cancer of lung (c) Cancer of stomach (d) Cancer of muscle Mark odd one? 25.

(b) Cancer of cartilage(d) Cancer of Muscle

(a) Cancer of Bone

(c) Cancer of Blood

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26.	Mark odd one ?								
	(a) Mucus	(b) Saliva		(c) Tears	(d) Acid				
27.	Mark odd one?								
	(a) Burning sensation in intestine								
	(b) Burning sensation in Alveoli								
	(c) Headache								
	(d) Increase in siz	(d) Increase in size of liver & spleen							
28.	Mark odd one?								
	(a) Lips & nail tur	rns to blue or gr	ey in color						
	(b) Burning is let i	in alveolar wall							
	(c) Headache								
	(d) Increase in siz	e of liver & sple	een						
29.	Mark odd one?								
	(a) Chicken gunia	ı (t	e) Elephantiasis	(c) Diphtheria	(d) Malaria				
30.	Mark odd one?								
	(a) Retro virus								
	(b) Oncogenic vir	rus							
	(c) Rhino virus								
	(d) Haemophilis in	nflrenza							
31.	Give the location	for storage of e	rythrocytes						
	(a) Pancreas	(b) Sple	een ((c) Liver (d)	Stomach				
32.	What is called dis	ease according	to Oxford english	dictionary?					
	(a) The bad perfo	rmance of body	or body parts wit	th some particular syr	nptom.				
	(b) Body or body	's parts that obs	tructs the function	ning of them					
	(c) Any physical o	or actional chang	ge from normal co	ndition					
	(d) Disease sprea	d from one pers	son to another						
33.	From the following	ng sentences wh	ich one is appropi	riate for pneumoia?					
	p-Burning is felt in alveloar wall								
	q- There is obstuction of wind pipe								
	r- Pain in inhalation	on,cough & hea	dache are seen						
	s- Incubation per	iod is of 1 to 3 of	days.						
	(a) P,Q,R,S all are	e improper							
	(b) P,Q,R,S prop	er & S is impro	per						
	(c) P,Q are prope	er & R & S are i	mproper						
	(d) P,Q,R,S all ar								
34.	Which is the here	•							
	(a) DNA	(b) RN.	A ((c) Lipoprotein	(d) Vitamin				

		Questionb	ank Biology						
25	:	olo ou brunue direct of bound	ina 9						
35.		clear byproduct of hero		(d) Counchinoide					
26	(a) Smack	(b) Delta-9-THC	(c) LSD	(d) Cannabinoids					
36.	Which one is matche		(-) \\T	(4) D					
27	(a) Fungi	(b) Bacteria	(c) Virus	(d) Protozon					
37.		What is formed during Innate immunity?							
	• • • •	(a) Body prepare Antibodies against antigen							
	- · ·	resent in body from birth							
	•	es are introduced into be	ody.						
38.	(d) All of the given.	pared antibodies are en	tarad 2						
30.	(a) Chicken pox	(b) T.B	(c) Cold	(d) Rabies					
39.	What is reason for ca	` '	(c) Colu	(u) Rables					
39.	(a) Cereto immunity	ausing AIDS.	(b) Interferon						
	(c) Destroying & He	Jner Tcells	(d) Destroying	of killer T cells					
40.	From what Neoplas	_	(d) Destroying	Of Killer T Cells					
4 0.	(a) X rays	(b) γ rays	(c) U.V rays	(d) DNA					
41.	From what Lysergic	, , ,	(c) 0. v lays	(d) DIVI					
41.	(a) Ergot fungi	(b) Cannabinoids p	lants (a) Haroina	(d) THC					
42.	`	` '	` '						
4 2,	_	Which one is right sequence for lifecycle of Anopheles mosquito?							
	(a) Oocyst → ookinese → sporozoites → gamatooyte								
	` ′	(b) Ookinete → oocyst → gamatocyte → sporozoites							
	(c) Gamatoeyte \rightarrow oocyst \rightarrow sporozoites \rightarrow ookinete								
10	· ·	okinete →oocyst → spo		1:1					
43.		virus in macrophege is re	_	·					
	(a) Transcriptase(c) RNA polymerase	<u>.</u>	(b) Reverse Tra (d) DNA polyr	1					
44.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	nsible for doing hallucing		neane					
77.	(a) Atropa Baladona	· ·		a (d) All of the given					
45.	. ,	` '		u (d) I in of the given					
	Because of smoking which kind of changes occurs in blood? (a) Proportion of CO ₂ decreases & in Hb also CO ₂ decreases								
	(b) Proportion of O ₂ decreases & in Hb propertion of O2 increases								
	(c) Proportion of O ₂ increases & in Hb proportion of O ₂ decreses.								
	•	(d) Proportion of CO ₂ increases & in Hb proportion of O ₂ decreses.							
46.		-	-	of deficincy accurs in that person?					
	(a) Visual Syndrome		(b) Drowns syndrom						
	(c) Turner syndnome		(d) Cry-du-chat synd						
	• /		` , ,						

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47.	From which plant and t	from which p	oart of that plant C	ocain drug is obtained?				
	(a) Ergot-fruit							
	(b) Erythroxylum coca-	leaf						
	(c) Papaver somniferur	n-leaf						
	(d) Erythroxylum coca-	-Flower						
48.	Contegious disease-Ty	phoid.						
	Non contogious diseace							
	(a) AIDS (b) I	Hepatitis	(c) Malaria	(d) Cancer				
49.	Cold-Rhino virus							
	AIDS							
	(a) Retrovirus		(b) Retro bacte	ria				
	(c) HMV		(d) Oncogenic	virus				
50.	Cancer of Muscle: Sar	coma.						
	Cancer of Skin:							
	(a) Sarcoma (b) I	Lerkemia	(c) Melenoma	(d) Glucoma				
51.	Anti-allergens: Ig E							
	Colastrum:							
	(a) Ig-G (b) I	g M	(c) Ig-A	(d) Ig-D				
52.	Malaria- Anopheles fer	nale mosquit	0					
	Dengue							
	(a) Culex	(b) Ades						
	(c) falsciparum	(d) Anoph	eles male mosquit	0				
53.	Interferon: cytokine ba	rrier						
	Acid in stomach:							
	(a) Physical Barrieer	(b) l	Physiological Barr	ier				
	(c) Cellular Barrier	(d)	Cytokine Barrier					
54.	Tears in eye: Physiological Barrier							
	Skin :							
	(a) Physical Barrieer (b) F		Physiological Barrier					
	(c) Cellular Barrier	(d)	Cytokine Barrier					
55.	Opium: Morphine - Pain reliever medicine							
	Cannabinoid :							
	(a) Tobacco, Nicotine							
	(b) Cocain, Erthroxylum							
	(c) Marijuana, Produce more quantity of urine							
	(d) Ergot, change mood							

56. W.B test: AIDS - Immuno deficiency syndrome

WIDAL test:

- (a) Typhoid, increase in size of spleen & liver
- (b) Typhoid, pain in stomach
- (c) Typhoid, Burning in felt in intestine
- (d) All of the given
- Match the column-I, column-II & column-II. 57.

Column-I

Column-II

Column-III

- (P) Ergot fungi
- (i) Latex of unripened fruit (ii) Dry leaves & Inflorescene of plant
- (I) Morphine

- (Q) Erthroxylum
- (iii) Top of dry flower

(II) Crack (III) LSD

(S) Opium Poppy

(R) Cannabis Sativa

(iv) Fruit

(IV) Marijuana

- (a) P-(iv)-(III), Q-(ii)-(II),
 - Q-(ii)-(I),
- R-(iii)-(IV),

R-(i)-(IV),

S-(i)-(I)

- (b) P-(iii)-(II), (c) P-(ii)-(I),
- R-(iv)-(III), S-(i)-(IV)
 - S-(iv)-(II)

S-(ii)-(I)

(d) P-(i)-(IV),

58.

- Q-(iii)-(III), Q-(iv)-(III),
- R-(iii)-(II),
- Match the column-I & column-II

Column-I

- (P) Cold
- (Q) Pneumonia
- (R) AIDS
- (S) Typhoid

- Column-II
- (i) Rhino Virus
- (ii) HIV
- (iii) Salmonella typhi
- (iv) Halmophilus Influenza
- (v) Plasmodium Vivex
- (a) P i, Q iv, R v, S ii
- (b) P i, Q iv, R ii, S v
- (c) P i, Q iv, R ii, S iii
- (d) P i, Q iii, R ii, S iv
- 59. Match the following

Column-I

- (P) CMI
- (Q) PMNL
- (R) MALT
- (S) HIV
- (a) P iii, Q iv, R ii, S i
- (b) P ii, Q iii, R iv, S i
- (b) P iii, Q ii, R iv, S i
- (d) P ii, Q iv, R i, S iii

Column-II

- (i) Virus of AIDS
- (ii) Mucosal Associated Lymphoid Tissue
- (iii) Cell Mediated Immunity
- (iv) Leucocytes

60. Match the column I & II

Column-I

- (P) Primary lymphoid organ
- (Q) MALT
- (R) Lobe like organ near the heart
- (S) Organ like bean shape
- (a) P iii, Q v, R i, S ii
- (b) P iii, Q iv, R v, S i
- (c) P ii, Q i, R v, S iv
- (d) P v, Q iv, R i, S ii
- 61. Match the column I & II

Column-I

- (P) AIDS reported first
- (Q) Diagnosis test of AIDS
- (R) Group of Retrovirus
- (S) Cancer of lymph gland
- (a) P v, Q iv, R i, S iii
- (b) P ii, Q iv, R v, S iii
- (c) P ii, Q iv, R v, S iii
- (d) P ii, Q iv, R i, S iii
- 62. Match the column I & II

Column-I

- (P) Cellular Barrier
- (Q) Physiological Barrier
- (R) Physical Barrier
- (S) Cytokine Barrier
- (a) P ii, Q iii, R i, S iv
- (b) P iii, Q i, R ii, S iv
- (c) P i, Q ii, R iii, S iv
- (d) P iv, Q i, R iii, S ii
- 63. Which one is correct for X & Y.
 - ,, men ene is contest to 11 to 1.
 - X $Ring\ worm\ spreads\ due\ to\ use\ of\ towel,\ cloth\ \&\ combs\ of\ the\ infectious\ person.$
 - Y By constant itching the lesion get expanded.
 - (a) X & Y both are right & Y is the correct explanation of X.
 - (b) X & Y both are right & Y is not correct explanation of X.
 - (c) X is wrong & Y is right.
 - (d) Y is wrong & X is right.

Column-II

- (i) Thymus
- (ii) Spleen
- (iii) Bone Marrow
- (iv) Digestive tract
- (v) It constitutes 50% of lymphoid tissue

Column-II

- (i) HIV
- (ii) USA
- (ii) Sarcoma
- (iv) ELISA
- (v) Tamilnadu

- Column-II
- (i) Tears from eye
- (ii) Epithelial lining in urinogenital tract
- (iii) Certain types of Leucocytes
- (iv) Virus infected cell

Column-II

Match the column I & II 64.

Column-I

- (P) Malaria
- (i) Plasmodium
- (Q) Ringworm (ii) Rhino Virus
- (R) Cold (iii) Retro Virus (S) AIDS (iv) Filarial worm
- (v) Microspore (T) Elephantasis
- (a) P i, Q iii, R ii, S iv, T v
- (b) P i, Q iv, R ii, S iii, T v
- (c) P i, Q v, R ii, S iii, T iv
- (d) P ii, Q v, R iii, S iv, T i
- Match the column I & II 65.

- (P) Marijuana (i) It's stimulatory (Q) LSD (ii) Hallucinogenation
- (R) Barbiturate (iii) Fever with shivering
- (S) Amphitamine (iv) Give pleasure
- (T) Cocain (v) It dilates pupil
- (a) P v, Q ii, R iv, S i, T iii
- (b) P v, Q ii, R iv, S i, T vi
- (c) P v, Q iv, R i, S iv, T vi
- (d) P v, Q iv, R i, S iii, T vi
- 66. A - Uncontrolled cell division means cancer
 - R Cancer is caused by rays of U.V.
 - (a) A & R are Right & R is not correct explanation of A
 - (b) A & R both are Right & R is the reason of A
 - (c) A is Right & R is Wrong
 - (d) A & R both are Wrong
- 67. A The number of WBC decreases in leukemia
 - R Leukemia means blood cancer
 - (a) A & R both are Wrong
 - (b) A & R both are Right
 - (c) A is Wrong & R is Right
 - (d) A is Right & R is Wrong
- A Barbiturates is a synthetic drug which gives pleasure.
 - R By taking barbiturates the adrenalin increase in blood.
 - (a) A & R both are right & R is not the reason of A.
 - (b) A & R both are right & R is not the reason of A.

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- (c) A is Right & R is Wrong.
- (d) A & R both are Wrong.
- 69. A Macrophage act as a factory of HIV
 - R Macrophage continuosly produces molecules of HIV
 - (a) A & R both are right but R is not explanation of A.
 - (b) A & R both are right & R is explanation of A.
 - (c) A is Right & R is Wrong.
 - (d) A & R both are Wrong.
- 70. A Human is first host of filarial worm
 - R Filarial worm is viviparous
 - (a) A & R both are right & R is not reason of A.
 - (b) A & R both are right & R is reason of A.
 - (c) A is Right & R is Wrong.
 - (d) A & R are Wrong.
- 71. Which one is Right for X & Y?
 - X Marijuana is obtained from cannabis sativa.
 - Y By using of this kind of drug pupil gets dilated & level of suger rises in blood.
 - (a) X & Y both are Right & Y is the reason of X.
 - (b) X & Y both are Right & Y is not correct reason of X.
 - (c) X is Right & Y is Wrong.
 - (d) Y is Right & X is Wrong.
- 72. Which one is Right for X & Y?
 - X In tobaco only Nicotine is present.
 - Y Nicotine stimulates adrenal gland.
 - (a) X & Y both are Right & Y is correct reason of X.
 - (b) X & Y are Right & Y is not correct reason of X.
 - (c) X is Wrong & Y is Right.
 - (d) X is Right & Y is Wrong
- 73. Which one is correct for X & Y?
 - X Rhino Virus cause common cold.
 - Y It infects nose, respiratory passage & lungs.
 - (a) X & Y both are correct & Y is correct explanation of X.
 - (b) X & Y both are Right & Y is not correct explanation of X.
 - (c) X is Right but Y is Wrong.
 - (d) X is Wrong but Y is Right.
- 74. Which one is correct for X, Y & Z?
 - X Trophozoite is formed in RBC.=
 - Y Haemoglobin is broken down by haemozoine.

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- Z In RBC merozoite converted into gamatocyte.
- (a) X & Y are Right & Z is Wrong.
- (b) X & Z are Right & Y is Wrong.
- (c) Y & Z are Right & X is Wrong.
- (d) X & Z are Wrong & Y is Right.
- 75. Which one is correct sentence for X, Y & Z?
 - X The period between 12-18 years of a child is known as adolescene.
 - Y In Adolescene period they become addict & escape from facing problems.
 - Z To remove this bad habit of taking drugs & alcohol, there should be propogation through newspaper, films, internet, television.
 - (a) X, Y & Z are right.
 - (b) X & Z are right & Y is wrong.
 - (c) X & Y right & Z is is wrong.
 - (d) X, Y & Z are wrong.
- 76. Which one is correct for X, Y & Z?
 - X The excess response of the immune system to certain antigens present in the environment is called allergy.
 - Y Allergies take place due to the release of chemicals like serotonin & histamine from mast cells.
 - Z Adlrenalin like medicine quickly reduce the symptoms of allergy.
 - (a) X, Y & Z all are right.
 - (b) X & Y both are right & Z is wrong.
 - (c) X, Y, & Z all are wrong.
 - (d) X & Z are right & Y is wrong.
- 77. Select correct opption for the given statements.

Statement X - Carrier of HIV virus person appeares Healthy.

Statement Y - Bodyache lasting over four weeks in ARC.

Statement Z - Loss of body weight by 10% without any reason occurs in the AIDS at the final stage.

- (a) Statement X, Y & Z all are wrong.
- (b) Statement X & Y are wrong but Z is Right.
- (c) Statement X & Z are wrong but Y is Right.
- (d) Statement X, Y & Z are Right.
- 78. Statement X: If antibodies fight against antigen in immunity it's called Humoral immune response.

Statement Y:- Antibodies found in blood.

- (a) Statement X & Y both are Right & Y is the reason of X.
- (b) Statement X & Y both are Right & Y is not correct explanation of X.
- (c) X is Right & Y is Wrong.
- (d) X & Y both are Wrong.

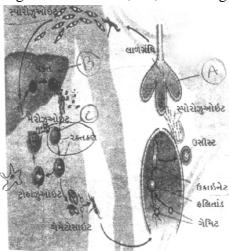
- 79. In which country plant given in diagram appear?
 - (a) South America
 - (b) Uganda
 - (c) Africa
 - (d) India
- 80. Which Kind of Sedative chemical is obtained from given plant?





- (a) Hashish
- (b) Cannabinoids
- (c) Cocaine
- (d) Opium

- 81. Which one is right for given sentence X, Y & Z?
 - X Amphetamites is a stimulating pill.
 - Y Barbiturates gives pleasure to the person which is natural medicine.
 - Z Hashish & Cannabis are obtained from female flowers of plant.
 - (a) X is wrong & Y & Z are right.
 - (b) X, Y & Z all are Right.
 - (c) X & Z are Right & Y is Wrong.
 - (d) X & Y are Right & Z is Wrong.
- 82. Which Host is indicated by region labbled as "a", "b", "c" in the given diagram?



- (a) A & B Human, C Mosquito
- (c) A Mosquito, B & C Human
- (b) B Human, A & C Mosquito
- (d) A Human, B & C Mosquito

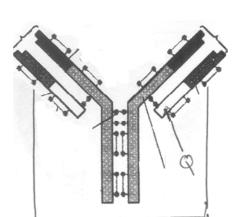


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- 83. Which one is responsible of the disease from the given figure
 - (a) Culex Mosquito
 - (b) Filarial Worm
 - (c) Anopheles Mosquito
 - (d) Plasmodium



- 84. The life cycle of Anopheles mosquito is given in figure. So what indicates "P" from it?
 - (a) Gamates
 - (b) Zygote
 - (c) Oocyst
 - (d) Sporozoiter
- 85. Give the name P, Q, R from given figure
 - (a) P antigen binding site
 - Q Light constant region
 - R Non-variable rigon of Heavy Chain
 - (b) P antigen binding site
 - Q Light constant region
 - R Variable region of Heavy Chain
 - (c) P disulphide bond
 - Q antigen binding site
 - R variable region of heavy chain
 - (d) P antigen binding site
 - Q antibody binding site
 - R sulphide bond
- 86. Give the correct sentences.
 - (i) Passive immunity Antibody are directly introduces in body
 - (ii) Lactation Secretion of yellowish fluid colostrums
 - (iii) Hepatitis B Made from fungi
 - (iv) Histamine Produce from Heparin
 - (a) ii & iii
- (b) i & iii
- (c) i, ii & iii
- (d) i, ii, iii & iv
- 87. Which one is responsible for doing disease shown in figure?
 - (a) Microsporum
 - (b) Trichophyton
 - (c) Epidermophyton
 - (d) All of the given

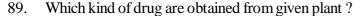




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88.	From given c	liagram ide	ntify virus tl	hen give t	he name of si	ugar in structure of	nucleic acid
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- (a) Ribose
- (b) Deoxyribose
- (c) both a & b
- (d) none of these



- (a) Cannabinoids
- (b) Charas
- (c) Ganja
- (d) All of these



What is there as a genetic material in HIV in addition to protein layer? (CBSE 1998)

- (a) The chains containing DNA
- (b) One chains containing DNA
- (c) Two chains containing RNA
- (d) One chains containing RNA

91. Who is Responsible for typhoid? (CBSE 1998)

(a) Vibreo Choleri (b) Salmonella (c) Shingella (d) Eschericia Coli

92. AIDS spread by.... (MP PMT 1998)

(a) Blood Transfusion (b) Shaking Hands

(c) HIV infected blood transfusion (d) All of above

93. Which is blood cancer? (MP PMT 1998)

(a) Chloremia (b) Leukemia (c) Uremia (d) Protemia

94. Which disease is spread by mosquito but does not occurs by virus? (CPMT 1998)

(a) Meningities (b) Dengue fever

(c) Yellow fever (d) Filarisis

95. HIV decrease... (MP PMT 1997)

(a) Helper T-Cells (b) All T-Cells

(c) Only B-Cells (d) B-Cell & T-Cell

96. The molecule, which stimulates the immune response is... (PMT 1997)

(a) Antibody (b) Antigen

(d) Carcinogen (c) Mutant

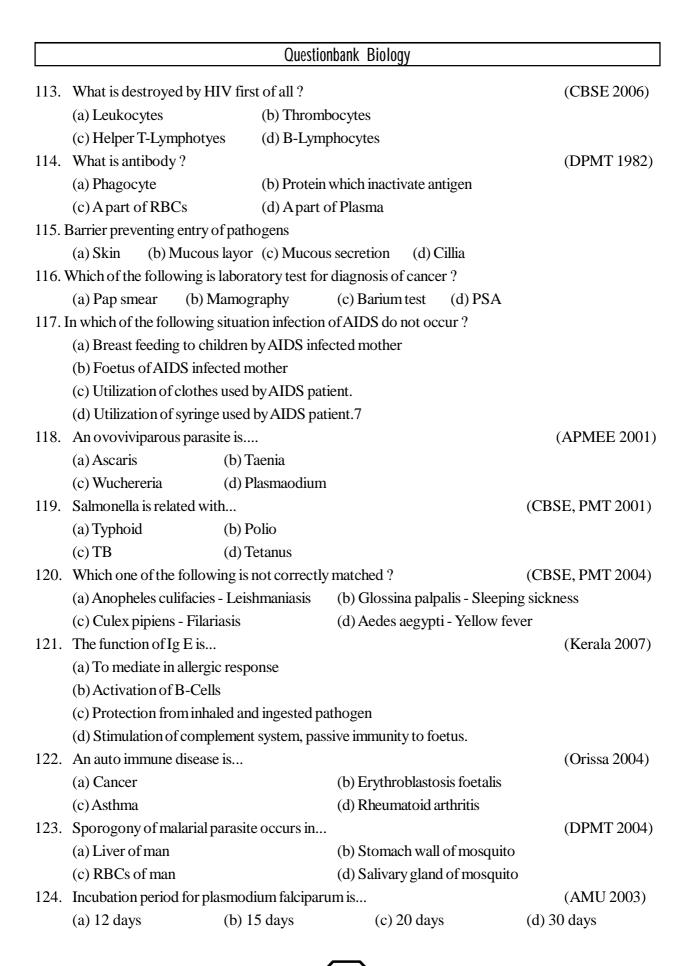
97. Response against allergic inflammation, is given by which substance produced by mast cells?

(MP PMT 1997)

(a) Histamine (b) Antibody

(d) None (c) Antigen

		Questionbank Biology	
98.	By which AIDS spread?		
	(a) Blood Cancer	(b) T-Cell leukemia vir	us of Human
	(c) Bacterium	(d) TMV	
99.	What are interferons?		(CBSE 2001)
	(a) Antiviral Protien	(b) Antibacterial Protie	en
	(c) Anticancer Protien	(d) Conjugated Protier	1
100.	The growing immunity, after getti	ng the disease free body	(PMT 1996)
	(a) Active acquired immunity	(b) Passiue acquired in	nmunity
	(c) a & b both	(d) None	
101.	Cancer is associated with		(MP CPMT 1996)
	(a) Uncontrollable growth of tissu	e (b) Ageing procers	
	(c) Controlled division of tissue	(d) None	
102.	Vaccination protects from disease	, Because	(BHU 1999)
	(a) It helps in digestion	(b) It increases the no. of RE	3Cs
	(c) It produces antibodies	(d) It maintains heat system of	of the body
103.	Whose number increase during al	ergy?	(Manipal 1999)
	(a) Ig A (b) Ig E	$(c) Ig G \qquad \qquad (d) Ig M$	
104.	Where salmonella is associated?		(CBSE 2001)
	(a) Typhoid (b) Polio	(c) TB (d) Tetanu	IS
105.	Which is most infectious disease '	•	(CBSE 2001)
	(a) Hepatitis - B (b) AIDS	(c) Cough & Comman Cold	(d) Malaria
106.	By whom inlfuenza occurs?		(BHU 2002)
	(a) Virus (b) Bacteria	(c) Fungi (d)	Protista
107.	By What antibodies are made?		(CBSE 2003)
	(a) RBCs (b) Thrombocy	rtes (c) Monocytes (d)	Lymphocytes
108.	Carcinoma refer to		(CBSE, PMT 2003)
	(a) Malignant tumours of the conr	ective tissue	
	(b) Malignant tumours of the skin	or mucous membrane	
	(c) Malignant tumours of the color	1	
	(d) Begign tumours of the connect	ive tissue	
109.	Which cancer affects lymph gland	and spleen?	(PMT 2004)
	(a) Carcinoma (b) Surc	oma (c) Leukemia	(d) Lymphoma
110.	Where memory cells are formed	?	(DPMT 2005)
	(a) Monocytes (b)Eosin	ophills (c) Neutrophills	(d)Lymphocytes
111.	By what we get passive immunity	?	
	(a) Antibody (b) Antig	en (c) Antibiotic	(d) Vaccination
112.	Antibodies in our body are comp	ex?	(CBSE, PMT 2006)
	(a) Steroid (b) Pros	aglandins (c) Glycoproteins	(d) Lipoprotein



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125. ELISA is... (Karnataka 2007)

- (a) Enzyme linked immunoabsorbant assay
- (b) Enzyme linked ions assay
- (c) Enzyme linked inductive assay
- (d) None of the above
- 126. Confirmatory test for AIDS is...

(Kerala 2004)

- (a) Western blot
- (b) ESR
- (c) ELISA
- (d) PCR
- 127. Carcinoma refers to...
 - (a) Malignant tumours of the connective tissue
 - (b) Malignant tumours of the skin or mucous membrane
 - (c) Malignant tumours of the colon
 - (d) benign tumours of the connective tissue
- 128. Post erythrocytic part of life cycle of plasmodium is called....
 - (a) golgi cycle
- (b) short cycle
- (c) krebs cycle
- (d) Ross cycle

(Hint: In Hydrabad Ronald Ross had done his research related to malarial parasite)

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ANSWER KEY

1	d	33	d	65	b	97	a	
2	d	34	b	66	a	98	b	
3	a	35	a	67	c	99	a	
4	c	36	a	68	c	100	a	
5	c	37	b	69	b	101	a	
6	d	38	d	70	a	102	c	
7	d	39	c	71	a	103	b	
8	d	40	d	72	c	104	a	
9	c	41	a	73	c	105	c	
10	d	42	d	74	b	106	a	
11	c	43	b	75	b	107	d	
12	d	44	d	76	a	108	a	
13	d	45	d	77	d	109	b	
14	c	46	d	78	a	110	d	
15	c	47	b	79	a	111	a	
16	a	48	d	80	c	112	c	
17	b	49	a	81	c	113	c	
18	d	50	c	82	c	114	b	
19	c	51	c	83	b	115	b	
20	c	52	b	84	b	116	d	
21	d	53	b	85	b	117	c	
22	d	54	a	86	c	118	c	
23	b	55	c	87	d	119	a	
24	d	56	d	88	a	120	a	
25	c	57	a	89	d	121	a	
26	a	58	c	90	d	122	d	
27	b	59	a	91	b	123	b	
28	d	60	a	92	c	124	a	
29	c	61	d	93	b	125	a	
30	d	62	b	94	a	126	a	
31	b	63	c	95	a	127	b	
32	b	64	c	96	b	128	d	

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