ગુજરાત શૈક્ષણિક સંશોધન અને તાલીમ પરિષદ, ગાંધીનગરના પત્ર-ક્રમાંક જીસીઇઆરટી/અભ્યાસક્રમ/માધ્યમ/૨૦૧૫/૬૪૧, તા. ૯-૧-૨૦૧૫–થી મંજૂર

English

First Language **Standard 2**(First Semester)



PLEDGE

India is my country.

All Indians are my brothers and sisters.

I love my country and I am proud of its rich and varied heritage.

I shall always strive to be worthy of it.

I shall respect my parents, teachers and all my elders and treat everyone with courtesy.

I pledge my devotion to my country and its people.

My happiness lies in their well-being and prosperity.

Price: ₹ 33.00

Name of Student :	
Name of School:	
Class :	Roll No.



Producer : Gujarat Council of Educational Research and Training, Gandhinagar **Publisher :** Gujarat State Board of School Textbooks, Gandhinagar



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Preface

In view of NCF 2005 and RTE – 2009, many far reaching changes have been carried out in the curriculum as well as the whole education system in Gujarat. While the focus of these changes has been on the fundamental concepts regarding the very process of education, the perceptible difference can be noticed in the new orientation given to the classroom interaction between the teacher and the learner as also among the learners themselves. This new orientation aims at promoting creativity, critical thinking and analytical abilities. In language education, particularly, this change of orientation can be noticed in the shift from predictable, content based comprehension and expression to constructive, meaningful interaction. This shift of focus requires the teacher to discourage memorisation of text based answers and encourage variation in response generated by authentic experiences in real life situations. This has been done by providing learning tasks in the form of activities rather than text based exercises.

We have also received valuable cooperation of H. M. Patel Institute of English Training and Research in this process. The textbook has been prepared in the light of constructive suggestions given by subject experts as well as practicing teachers. Care has been taken to retain the good elements that were tried and tested in the earlier textbooks, and new elements have been added in the light of the new orientation. Thus, efforts are made to prepare an error free and pedagogically effective textbook. However, we shall welcome constructive suggestions to improve the quality of the work.

Withallgoodwishes.

Dr. Bharat Pandit

Director

Date: 3-3-2015

Dr. Nitin Pethani

Executive President
Gandhinagar

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FUNDAMENTAL DUTIES

It shall be the duty of every citizen of India: *

- (a) to abide by the Constitution and respect its ideals and institutions, the National Flag and the National Anthem;
- (b) to cherish and follow the noble ideals which inspired our national struggle for freedom;
- (c) to uphold and protect the sovereignty, unity and integrity of India;
- (d) to defend the country and render national service when called upon to do so;
- (e) to promote harmony and the spirit of common brotherhood amongst all the people of India transcending religious, linguistic and regional or sectional diversities; to renounce practices derogatory to the dignity of women;
- (f) to value and preserve the rich heritage or our composite culture;
- (g) to protect and improve the natural environment including forests, lakes, rivers and wild-life, and to have compassion for living creatures;
- (h) to develop the scientific temper, humanism and the spirit of inquiry and reform;
- (i) to safeguard public property and to abjure violence;
- (j) to strive towards excellence in all spheres of individual and collective activity so that the nation constantly rises to higher levels of endeavour and achievement;
- (k) to provide opportunities for education to his /her child or ward by parent or guardian as case may be, between the age of six and fourteen years.

*Constitution of India: Section 51-A.

INTRODUCTION

We are happy to present this textbook for joyfully learning English. This book reduces the burden of the children by combining mathematics, environmental science and English in a unique fun loving way.

With the emphasis on learning by doing, this book focuses on oral work in the first few units and gradually introduces reading and writing thereafter. Hence the beginning units have only illustrations that go with the stories, rhymes and activities. For suggestions about the classroom procedures, the stories to be narrated and for the rhymes, games and other activities, you may refer to the Helpline. Parents who are interested in participating in the children's learning process could also use the Helpline. They could also enhance the children's language competence by providing exposure to the language and by encouraging the children to use English for a variety of purposes.

Each unit in the book begins with a whole class activity such as the teacher narrating a story based on the pictures given in the children's book. After this children work in groups of four or six and then with a single pair partner. This leads to individual work where the children develop the ability to do some productive work on their own. At the end, once again call the whole class together. Thus, each unit begins with the whole class working together and ends with the whole class sharing their learning experience. In between the children work in groups, pairs and as individuals.

There are colourful pictures in the book. Further, space is provided for children to draw and colour specific sketches according to teacher's instruction. The illustrations and the activities based on them help the learners. Explore the world by using all their senses. They talk about what they see, hear, smell, taste and feel. This helps in their overall development and provides a strong foundation for their ability to think and use language meaningfully.

Learning of a language is not limited to learning the alphabets, words and sentences alone. Once a language is learnt, it becomes a tool for various purposes. For this to happen, the children should be engaged in meaningful interaction with their classmates and the teacher. The emphasis has to shift from mechanical copying of letters, words and sentences to real communication. Hence, the first few units do not expect them to read or write anything. They just listen to the teacher, look at the pictures and learn to interact. Whatever they draw or say will convey their own ideas and feelings. The later units gradually introduce reading and writing. Towards the end of the year, they will learn to write a few words and sentences. This is in keeping with the latest developments in the teaching and learning of languages.

The focus of both teaching and testing at this level is certainly not on making the children memorize the spellings of words. Children should be able to

- Listen to English and understand what is said
- Use a few words in English expressing their own thoughts, ideas and feelings
- Look at pictures and understand what they stand for
- Read a few words and sentences with understanding
- Write a few words and sentences which they have already used orally.

The main purpose of the book is to make the children experience the pleasure of learning a new language. At this age, children can learn any number of languages as easily as they learn their mother tongue. When they learn their mother tongue they just listen to others and then respond in their own way. They begin to repeat some words and then begin to use the language creatively and meaningfully. Similarly, while teaching any other language the emphasis should be on listening. That is, children may respond with hand gestures, head nods, facial expressions, sketches etc. Later they may respond by repeating some part of what they hear. Then, gradually, they learn to express their own ideas and receive others' responses. When they learn their mother tongue, they do not learn to read and write till they have learnt to use the language orally. Similarly, when we teach a new language, it is necessary to introduce it orally before we ask the children to read and write words and sentences in that language. The teaching of a new language should never begin with the copying of the alphabets. That is why this book has no written words in the first few units.

At the end of the year, the children are expected to do the following:

- Participate in a simple conversation including greetings and simple responses
- Listen and understand stories and conversation based on pictures
- Listen and recite simple rhymes
- Talk about one's own likes, dislikes, feelings, etc. and share information and experiences
- Read and write simple words and sentences which express personal information and ideas felt and experienced.

Parents can help their children by using the language in meaningful contexts as part of day-to-day life and thereby provide natural exposure. They can help the children participate in real interaction wherein their response may be a simple gesture, one word or part of a sentence. They can describe the pictures in the textbook to the children and tell them stories in English.

We enjoyed preparing this book and we hope that you and the children will enjoy using it.

- Authors

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Unit	Name	Page No.
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Family and Friends

ACTIVITY - 1

Look at the pictures and listen to the conversation.

Parth enters the class. He is a new student in the school. Janvi welcomes him.



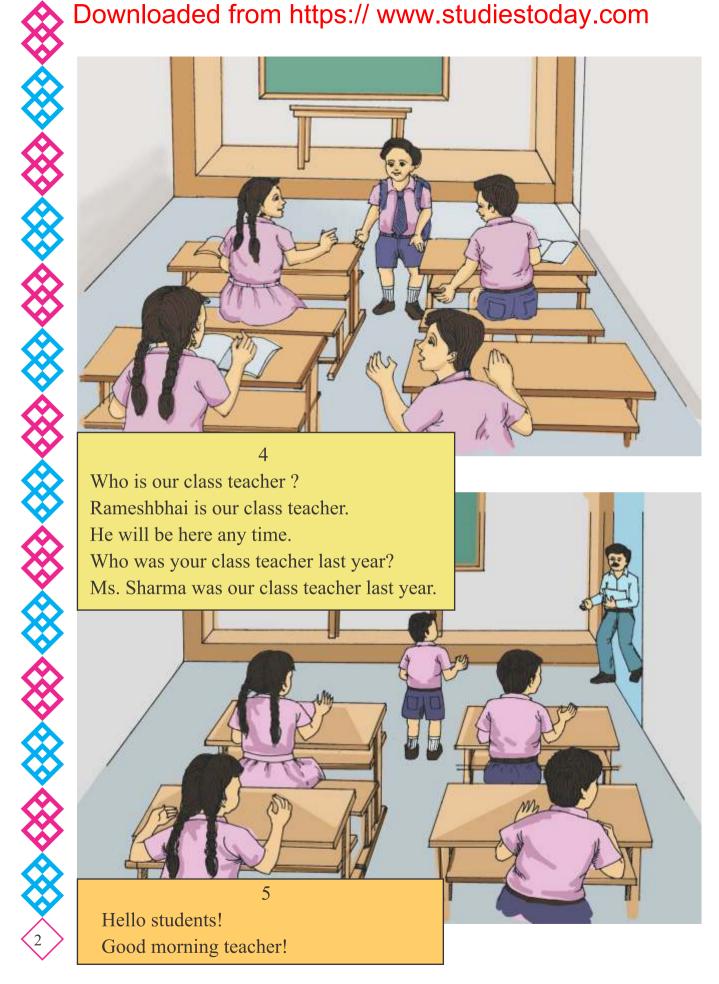
Hello, I'm Janvi. Hello, I'm Parth. Come and sit here.
Thank you.

This is Raju.
Hello Raju, nice to meet you.
Nice to meet you, Parth.

Helpline

Form pairs and get them to greet each other.

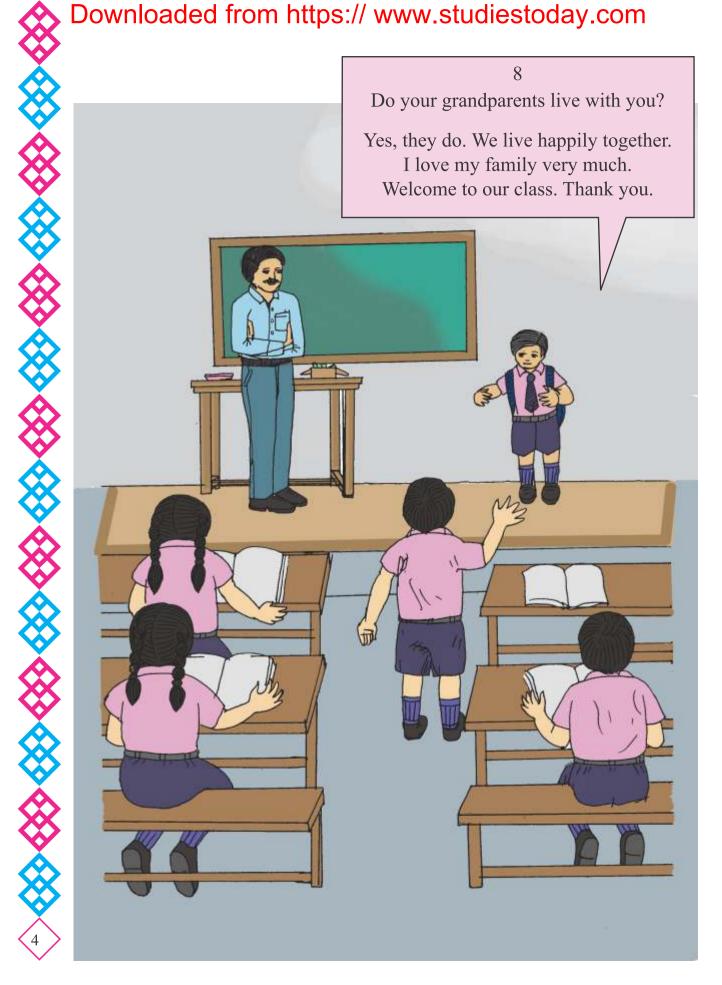




Downloaded from https:// www.studiestoday.com Hello, I am 6 Parth. I studied Oh, we have in Vadodara last a new friend year. Now I am in our class. here. I live here Parth, come with my family. here and My father is a introduce teacher. My yourself. mother is a housewife.

Helpline

Teach greetings in the Indian context like 'namaskar' / 'namaste' that means 'Hello'.



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ACTIVITY - 2

Divide the students in different groups and tell them to present this conversation in the class.

Janvi : Hello, I'm Janvi.

Parth: Hello, I'm Parth.

Janvi: Come and sit here.

Parth: Thank you.

Janvi : This is Raju.

Parth: Hello Raju, nice to meet you.

Raju : Nice to meet you, too, Parth.

Parth: Who is our class teacher?

Janvi: Rameshbhai is our class teacher.

Jay : He will be here any time.

Parth: Who was your class teacher last year?

Vijay : Ms. Sharma was our class teacher last year.

Teacher: Hello, students.

Students: Good morning, teacher.

Teacher: Oh, we have a new friend in our class. Parth, come here and

introduce yourself.

Parth: Hello, I am Parth. I studied in Vadodara last year. Now I am

here. I live here with my family. My father is a teacher. My

mother is a housewife.

Nidhi: Do your grandparents live with you?

Parth: Yes, they do. We live happily together. I love my family very

much.

Nidhi: Welcome to our class.

Parth: Thank you.



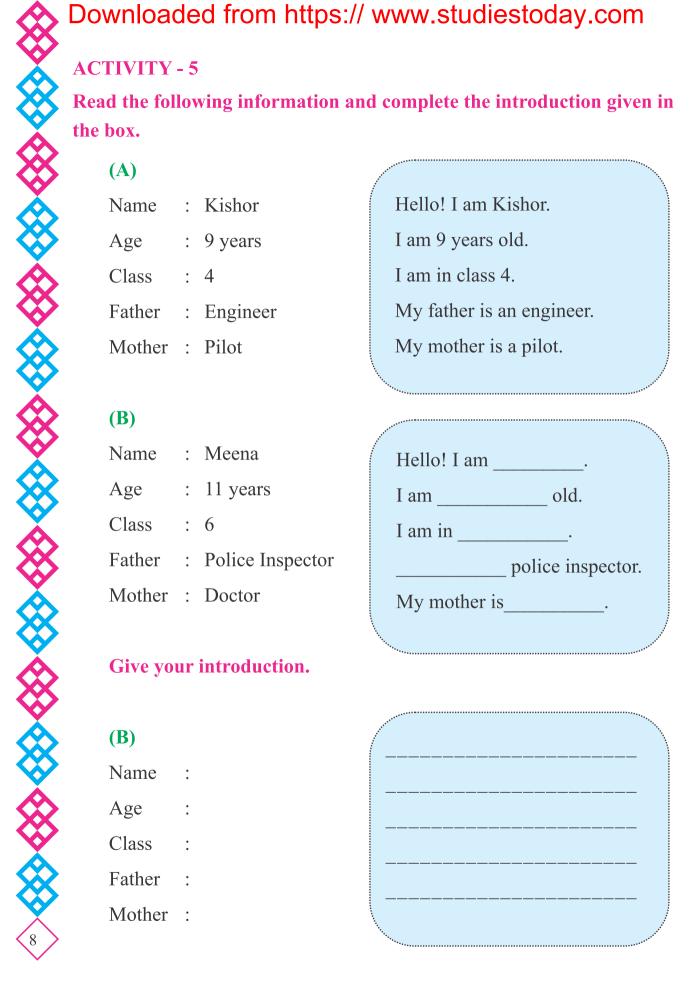
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AC'	TIVITY - 2
Ans	swer the following questions:
1.	Who is the new student in the class?
2.	What is Rameshbhai?
3.	Where did Parth study, last year?
4.	Do Parth's grandparents live with him?
5.	How many members are there in Parth's family?
6.	Do you think Parth likes his grandparents?

Downloaded from https://www.studiestoday.com **ACTIVITY - 3** Complete these sentences about yourself. Then read the paragraph in front of the class. I am _____. My father's name is _____. Last year, I in class one. This year, I ____ in class two and next year I _____ in class three. Last year, I _____ years old and this year, I _____ years old. Last year my best friend ______. This year, my best friend ______. Last year, my class teacher ______ **ACTIVITY - 4** Work with your partner and introduce yourself and your partner to the whole class. Example: Amar : Hello, Good morning. Bela : Good morning. Amar : I am Amar.

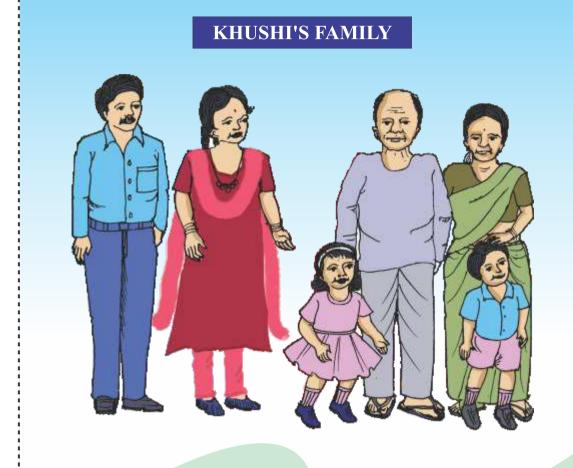
Bela : I am Bela. Meet my friend Deepa.

Amar : Hello Deepa, nice to meet you.

Deepa: Nice to meet you, too.



ACTIVITY - 6



This is Khushi's family.

It is a happy family.

Khushi lives with her family in Mehsana.

There are six people in Khushi's family.

There are grandfather and grandmother.

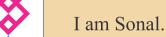
There are father and mother.

And there is Khushi and her brother Pankaj.





Here are Sonal, Johny and Mona with their families. Let's meet them.



This is my family.

I live with my father and mother.

They care for me.





I am Johny.

I live with my father and mother and younger sister.

Ours is a small family.



I live with my father, mother and brother.

My grandfather, grandmother, uncle and aunt also live with us.

Ours is a large family.

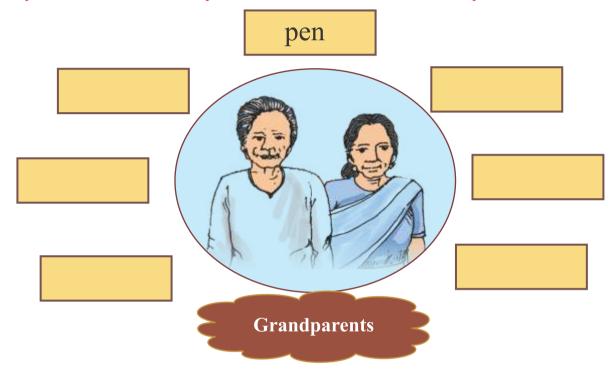




ACTIVITY - 8 (A)

Word building

Make new words using letters from the word 'GRANDPARENTS'. You may use the letters in any order. One has been done for you.



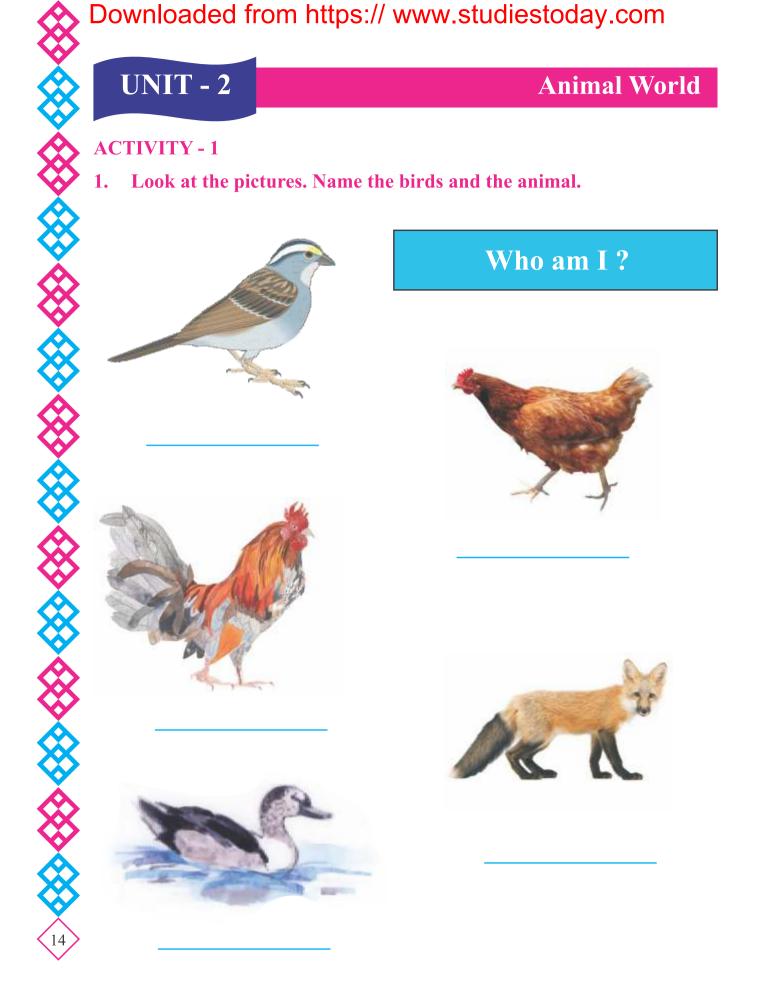
ACTIVITY - 8 (B)

Find six words from the following beginning with the given letter.

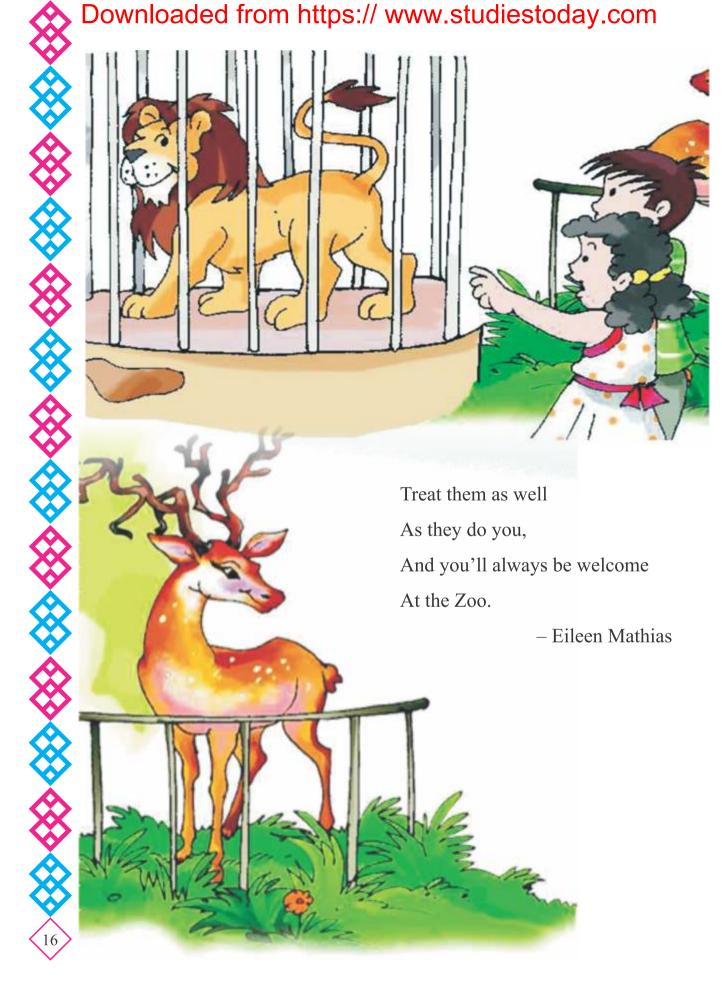
	F	A	Т	M	Н	Е	M	О	S S
M	G	A	U	O	Т	Е	R	S	$ brace_{\mathbf{F}}$
	A	U	N	T	S	В	S	I	8
S	В	R	С	Н	Е	R	F	S	B
5	T	A	L	E	Е	M	О	Т	
*I	Н	S	Е	R	S	R	U	Е	, A
U	Е	В	R	О	Т	Н	Е	R	A
	R	F	A	Т	Н	Е	R	F	11

ACTIVITY - 9					
Write in complete	sente	nces. For	example, M	Iy name is .	•••••
		ALL A	BOUT M	E	
>					
Name	: _				
AA 11 / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /					
Mother's name	: —				
Father's name					
Turner 3 nume	• —				
Brother's name	:				
Sister's name	:				
My school	: _				
My town	· _				
My district	•				
My district	. —				
My favourite gam	ie:				
> ,	·				
My favourite sto	~y :				

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ACTIVITY - 10	
Write a paragraph about your family.	
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	$ \stackrel{\bullet}{igordown}$
	_
	$ \Diamond$
	$ \otimes$
	_ X
	-
	— ※
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	— Ş
	$ \stackrel{\diamondsuit}{\bowtie}$
	_ 💸
	$-\overset{\triangledown}{\triangleright}$
	$ \otimes$
Helpline Helpline	
Creating awareness	
Invite the grandparents of any one child to the school. Ask them to talk about their school days to the children.	13



Downloaded from https://www.studiestoday.com **ACTIVITY - 2** Read and enjoy the poem. **ZOO MANNERS** Be careful what You say or do When you visit the animals At the Zoo. Don't make fun Of the Camel's hump – He's very proud Of his noble bump. Don't laugh too much At the Chimpanzee – He thinks he's as wise As you or me. And the Penguins Strutting around the lake Can understand Remarks you make.

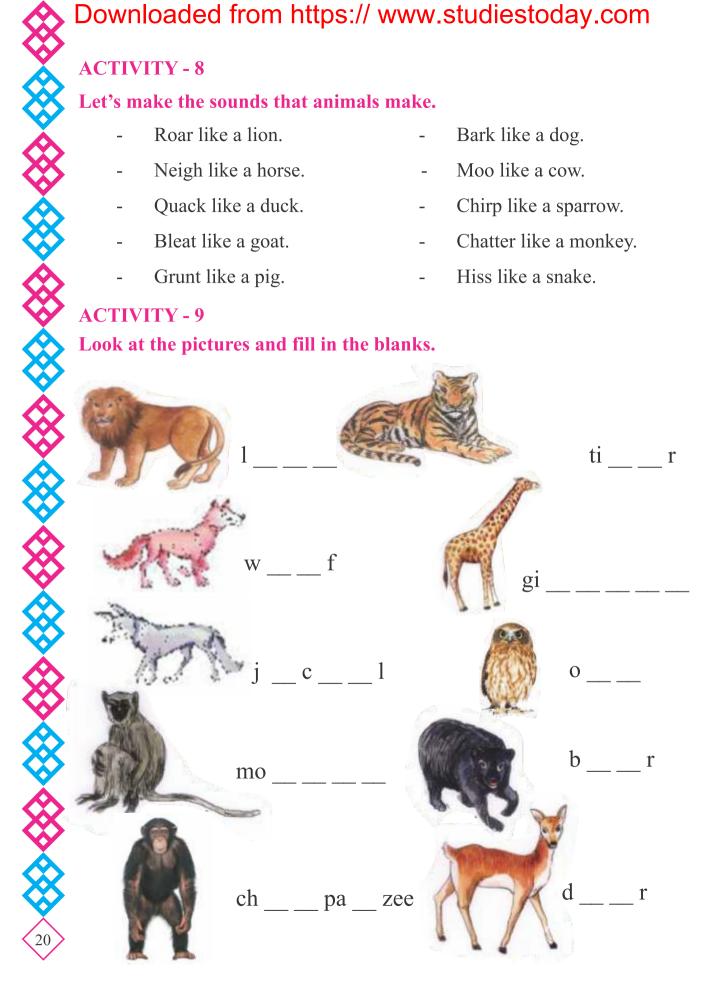


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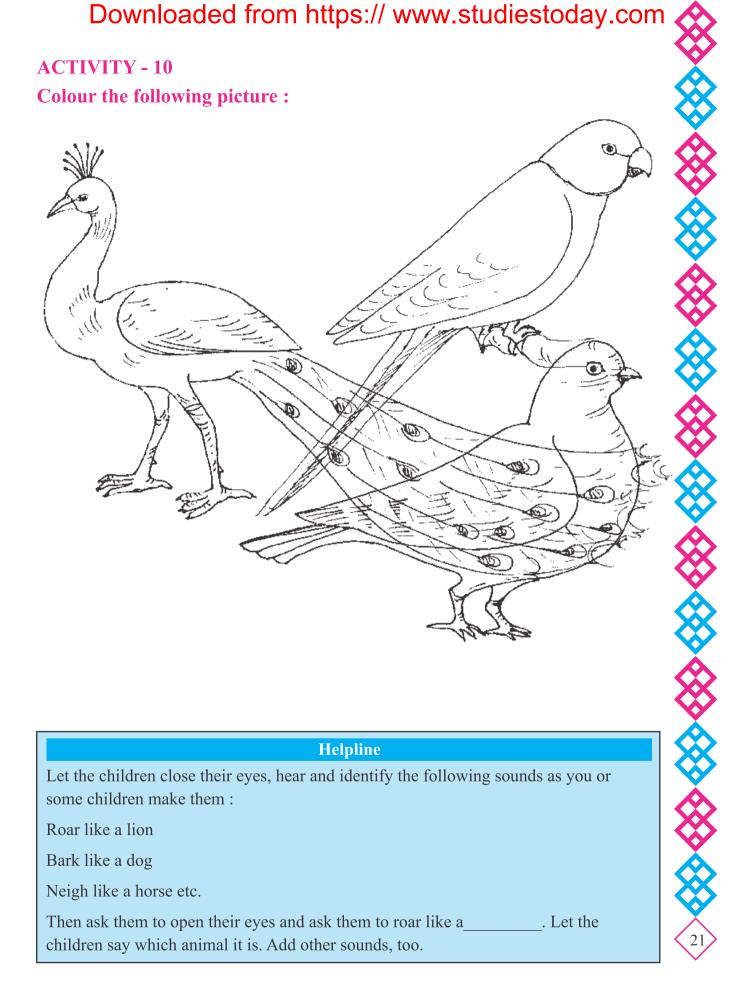
Downloaded from https:// www.studiestoday.com **ACTIVITY - 3** Have you been to a Zoo? Name the animals you saw there. Name of the Zoo: Name the animals you saw: _____ **ACTIVITY - 4** Name any three animals you like the most. Say what you like about them. I like because ____ I like because I like because

Downloaded from https://www.studiestoday.com **ACTIVITY - 5** Read the riddle and write the answer next to it. I am green as can be 1. My beak is red as a chilly People put me in a cage But I love to be free. 2. I am big and black Black is my face and black is my beak But I am clever, ask me how I steal your food and say, "caw, caw." 3. I am a bird There is a festival in my name Celebrated in the month of January. I am small and white. I have a short tail and long ears. I have whiskers, too. Who am I? **ACTIVITY-6** Ask all your classmates about their favourite animals. What animals do your classmates like? Prepare a chart showing all the animals that the classmates like. Count how many classmates like each animal. Number of classmates who like the Favourite animals of the classmates animal

TIVITY - 7 (A	A)						
ales of diffe	rent ani	mals ha	ve di	fferent na	mes. Cl		
Male			_	-			
Cock						 	
Dog						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Lion						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Bull						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Horse							
	cow	mare	hen	lioness	bitch		
TIVITY - 7 (B)						
	nces abo	out the co	ow. U	se the clue	es in the	box to h	elp you.
	arge and	has			•		
			•				
				a farm.			
	ales of difference from the Male Cock Dog Lion Bull Horse TIVITY - 7 (dite four sente in like this: The cow is later than the cow i	ales of different aniwer from the box belomale Cock Dog Lion Bull Horse cow TIVITY - 7 (B) ite four sentences about in like this: The cow is large and It eats It gives	uck is a female. A male duck is ales of different animals has wer from the box below and co Male Cock Dog Lion Bull Horse cow mare TIVITY - 7 (B) ite four sentences about the coin like this: The cow is large and has It gives	ales of different animals have diswer from the box below and complement Male Fem Cock Dog Lion Bull Horse cow mare hen TIVITY - 7 (B) ite four sentences about the cow. Usin like this: The cow is large and has It gives	uck is a female. A male duck is called a drake ales of different animals have different na wer from the box below and complete the pairs. Male Female Cock Dog Lion Bull Horse cow mare hen lioness TIVITY - 7 (B) ite four sentences about the cow. Use the clue in like this: The cow is large and has	uck is a female. A male duck is called a drake. Simila ales of different animals have different names. Clawer from the box below and complete the pairs. Male Female Cock Dog Lion Bull Horse cow mare hen lioness bitch TIVITY - 7 (B) ite four sentences about the cow. Use the clues in the in like this: The cow is large and has It gives	ales of different animals have different names. Choose the wer from the box below and complete the pairs. Male Female Cock Dog Lion Bull Horse cow mare hen lioness bitch TIVITY - 7 (B) ite four sentences about the cow. Use the clues in the box to he in like this: The cow is large and has It gives



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UNIT - 3

My India



Sing and enjoy the song

We shall overcome,
We shall overcome,
We shall overcome someday;
Oh, deep in my heart, I do believe,
We shall overcome someday.

We'll walk hand in hand,
We'll walk hand in hand,
We'll walk hand in hand someday;
Oh, deep in my heart, I do believe,
We'll walk hand in hand someday.

We shall live in peace,
We shall live in peace,
We shall live in peace someday;
Oh, deep in my. heart, I do believe,
We shall live in peace someday.

- Mahalia Jackson

ACTIVITY - 2

India is a great country. People of different religions live in India. We all live together in peace and harmony.

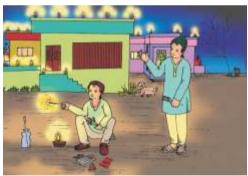
We celebrate different festivals.

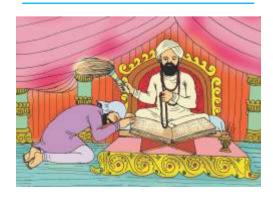
Can you name these festivals? Take help from the clue box.

Id, Diwali, Gurupurab, Christmas, Uttarayan

















National Festivals

Here are some of the names of the festivals given in the box. Write the names of the festivals in the column given below.

Diwali, Gandhi Jayanti, Republic Day, Christmas, Independence Day, Id-Ul-fitr

National Festivals	Religious Festivals

ACTIVITY - 4 We have three National Festivals. They are:



Republic Day:

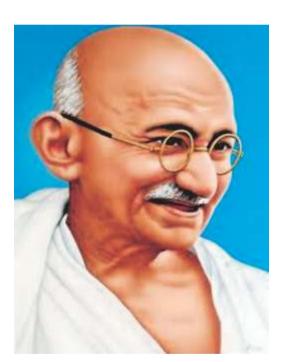
Republic Day is celebrated on 26th January every year. On this day, India became a Republic. A grand parade is held in Delhi. The President of India hoists the National flag while the National Anthem is played in the background.





Independence Day:

Independence Day is celebrated on 15th August every year. On this day, India won freedom. The Prime Minister of India hoists the National Flag at the Red Fort.



Gandhi Jayanti:

Gandhi Jayanti is celebrated on 2nd October every year. It is the birthday of Mahatma Gandhi the Father of Our Nation.



A

- 1. Gandhi Jayanti
- 2. Independence Day
- 3. Republic Day

B

- a) 26th January
- b) 15th August
- c) 2nd October



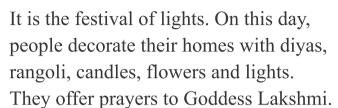


Religious Festivals



They are celebrated by people of different religions. During these festivals, people greet one another and exchange gifts and sweets. They clean and decorate their houses.







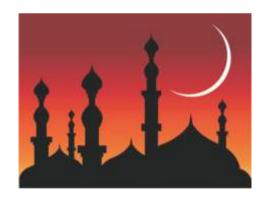
CHRISTMAS

It is celebrated on the 25th of December, as the birthday of Jesus Christ. People decorate Christmas trees on this day and go to church to pray.



EID-UL-FITR

Eid is celebrated after a whole month of fasting. People meet each other and go to the mosque to offer prayers or namaz.



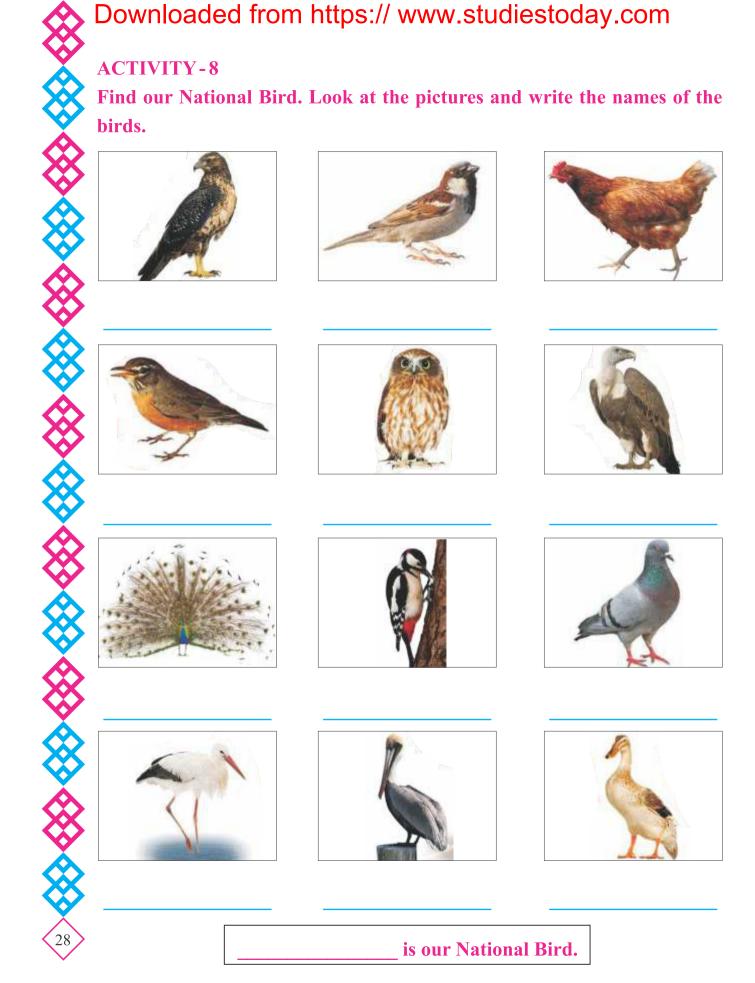
GURU PURAB

It marks the birthday of Guru Nanak Dev. People go to gurudwara to pray. Colourful processions are taken out at various places.

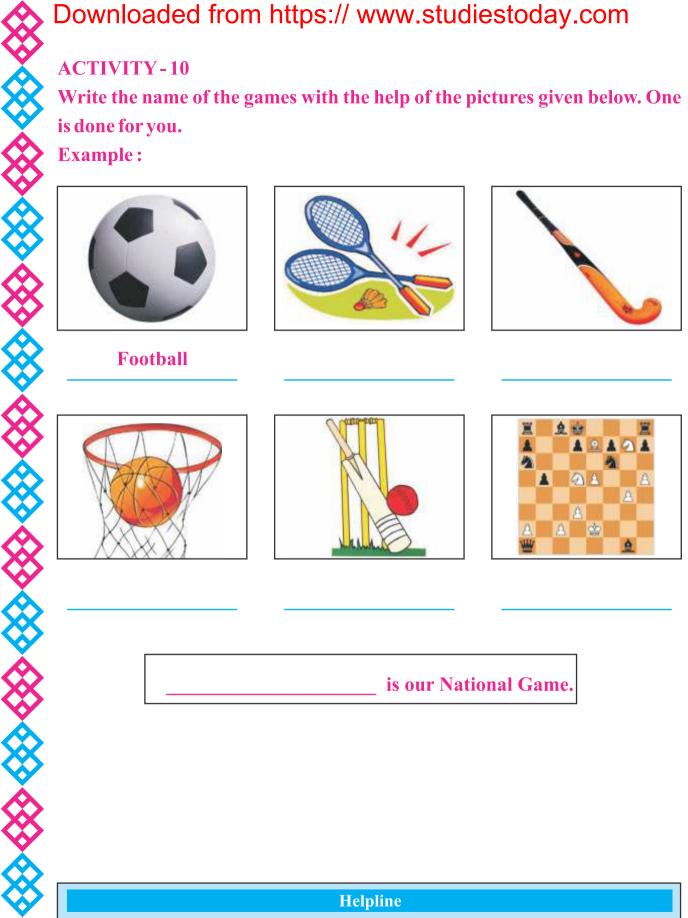




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ACTIVITY	Y - 5
What do pe	eople do in a festival?
They wear	new
They decor	rate their
They make	·
They visit_	·
They give _	to their friends and relatives.
ACTIVIT'	Y - 6
Fill in the	blanks with the correct word given in the box.
	emblem everyone national
	15 th August 26 th January
1. Some	festivals are celebrated by
2. Indepe	endence Day is celebrated on
3. We cel	lebrate Republic Day on
	fana Mana is our anthem.
	a Chakra is our national
ACTIVIT'	
	cture of our National Flag in the space given below.
	Write two or three sentences about the flag.
	-



Downloaded from https:// www.studiestoday.com **ACTIVITY - 9 (A)** Match the name of the animals with their pictures and with their sound. **Picture of Animal** Name Sound Tiger Chatters Deer Trumpets Roars Elephant Monkey Neighs Horse Bells **ACTIVITY - 9 (B)** Draw the picture of the National Animal of India and write its name:



Helpline

Extend the activities no. 5 and 6 by asking students to think of festivals which they celebrate at home and ask them to collect information and pictures related to them.

UNIT - 4

Enjoy the Seasons

ACTIVITY - 1

- 1. Name two fruits you like . .
- 2. Name two vegetables you like .
- 3. Name two things you like to bring in your lunch box _____

_____•

ACTIVITY - 2

Read and enjoy the poem

Little seeds we sow in spring,
Growing while robins sing.
Give us carrots, peas and beans,
Tomatoes, pumpkins, corn and greens.
Chikoos, apples, custard apples,
Sweet lime, bananas and pineapples.

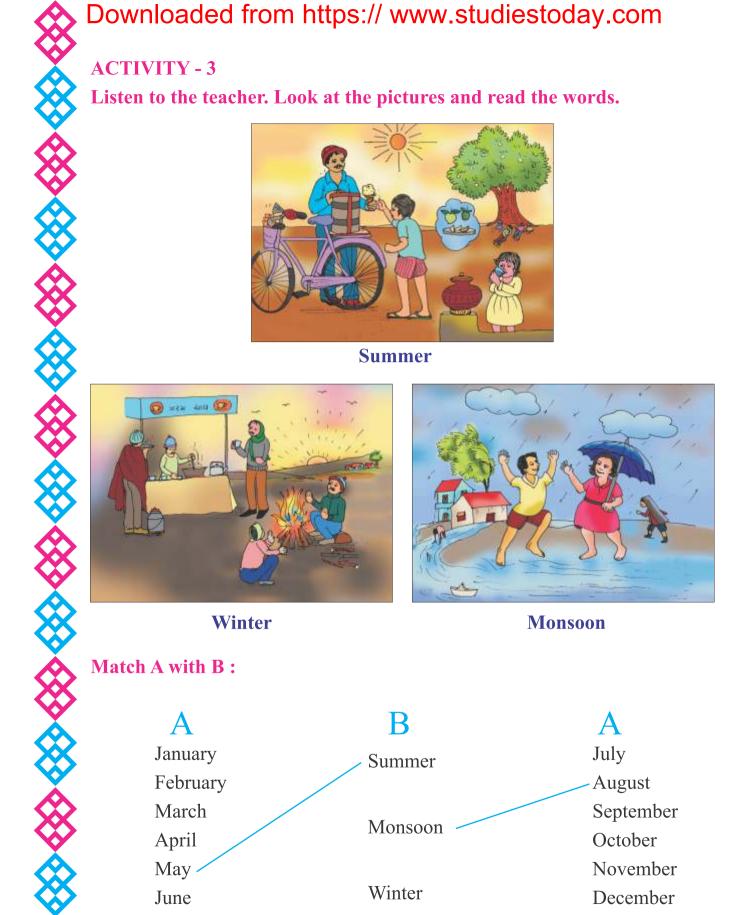
And farmers pick them, Through the summer, Through the autumn, Through the winter. for one and all.

Winter comes then spring, And then little seeds we sow again.

Helpline

- Read the poem aloud. Ask the students to repeat the poem after you.
- Explain the new words to the students. Ask them to write the words and their meanings in their notebooks.
- Read the poem and circle names of the seasons.
- Read the poem and circle names of the vegetables.
- Read the poem and circle names of the fruits.





Winter

November

December

May

June

ACTIVITY - 4
This is what I eat / drink in each season. Draw lines.



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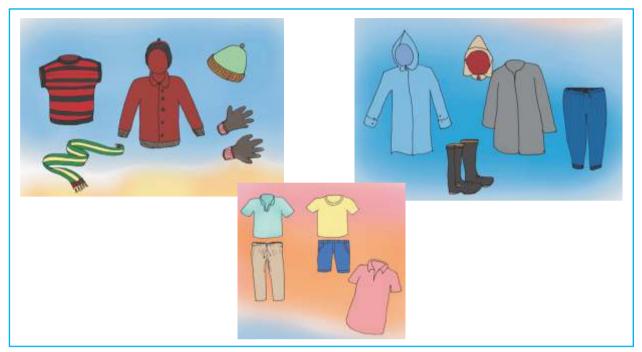
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ACTIVITY - 5

Write the name of the season that we have now.

• Look at the pictures. Circle the type of clothes you wear now, in this season.



• Look at the pictures. Circle the food items you eat in this season.



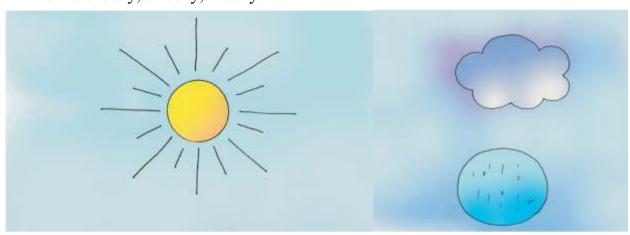
ACTIVITY - 6 (A)

Read and enjoy the song.

Four seasons in a year:

Spring, Summer, Autumn and Winter Spring is showery, bowery, flowery Summer is happy, goppy, floppy. Autumn is slippery, drippy, nippy. Winter is breezy, sneezy, freezy.





ACTIVITY - 6 (B)

Complete the sentences with the help of words given in	n the box below.
Spring is fresh.	
Spring is	
Spring has	hot
Spring has bees.	flowers
Summer is	swim
Summer is sunny.	SWIIII
Summer is time to	snowman
Summer is fun.	white
Winter is cold	green
Winter is	
Winter has snow.	
Winter has	

	Downloaded for	rom https:// www.studiestoday.com
	ACTIVITY - 7 (A)	
	Read the following	. Learn the type of weather we have in each month.
	December and Janua	ry: Cold
\Diamond	February and March	: Cool and dry
	April, May and June:	: Hot and sunny.
×	July, August and Sep	tember: Hot and wet
	October and Novemb	ber: Cloudy and cool.
	ACTIVITY - 7 (B)	
		the months. Ask your partner about the weather in that
		t the weather in each month.
X	June	During June the weather is
		·
\Diamond	August	During August
\bigotimes	Mayanahan	Dunin a
	November	During
×	January	•
⊗	·	
	ACTIVITY - 8 (A)	
	Record the informa	ation.
	Date:	Day:
X	Month :	Year:
	Season:	Weather:
36		

ACTIVITY - 8 (B)

Write the date, month and season of your birthday.

MY BIRTHDAY

Date	Month	Season

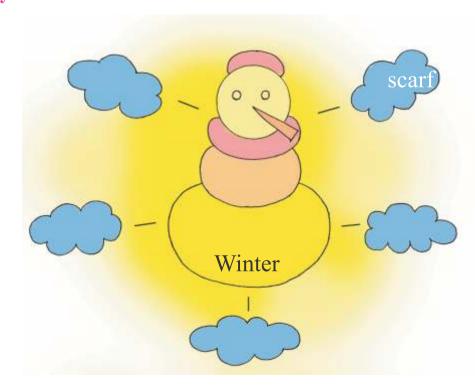
ACTIVITY - 8 (C)

Answer the questions.

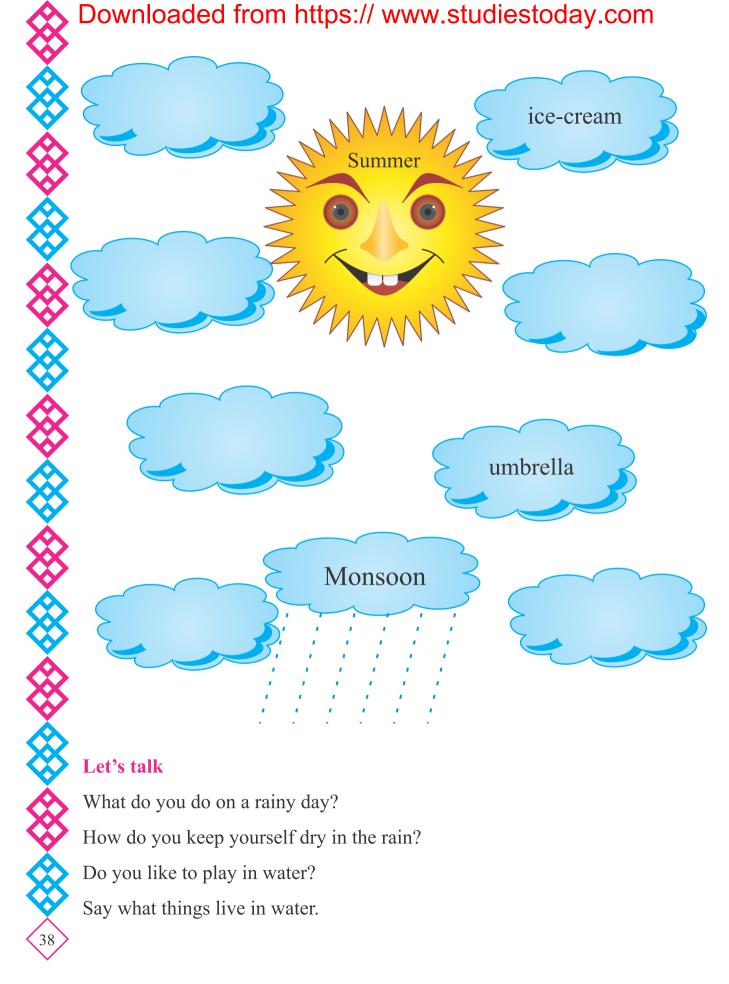
- Which season do you like the most?
- Write two good points about the season you like.

ACTIVITY-9

When you hear winter, summer and monsoon, what are the words that come to your mind.







ACTIVITY - 10

Read and enjoy the poem.

WEATHER

I like the rain,

I like the rain,

R-A-I-N

I like the rain!

I like the sun,

I like the sun,

S-U-N

I like the sun!

I like the wind,

I like the wind,

W-I-N-D

I like the wind!

I like the clouds,

I like the clouds,

C-L-O-U-D-S

I like the clouds!

Helpline

Read aloud the poem and help students to learn pronunciation.



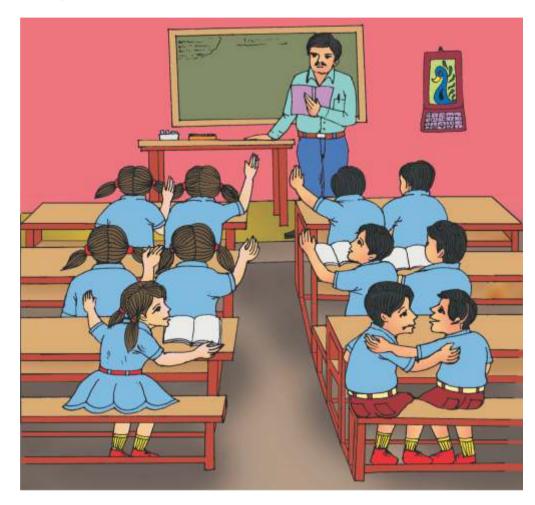


UNIT - 5

Our Neighbourhood



Look at the picture and listen to your teacher.



Mr. Raj is the teacher of Class II.

Teacher: Let's go outside.

Students : Yes, we want to go somewhere.

Teacher : Okay. But tell me, where would you like to go?

Students : Can we visit our neighbourhood?

Teacher: All right, let's go.

So, the children of Class II decided to visit the neighbourhood.

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They took a school bus and went to visit the neighbourhood. In the bus, Pruthvi asked the teacher, "Sir, who are our neighbours?"

Mr. Raj, the teacher, replied, "We live with our family in a house. Many other families also live near our house. These families are our neighbours."

Neighbours are the people who live next to our houses or near our houses. It is very important to have good neighbours.

Then Divya sitting on the first seat, asked, "Sir, what is the meaning of neighbourhood?"

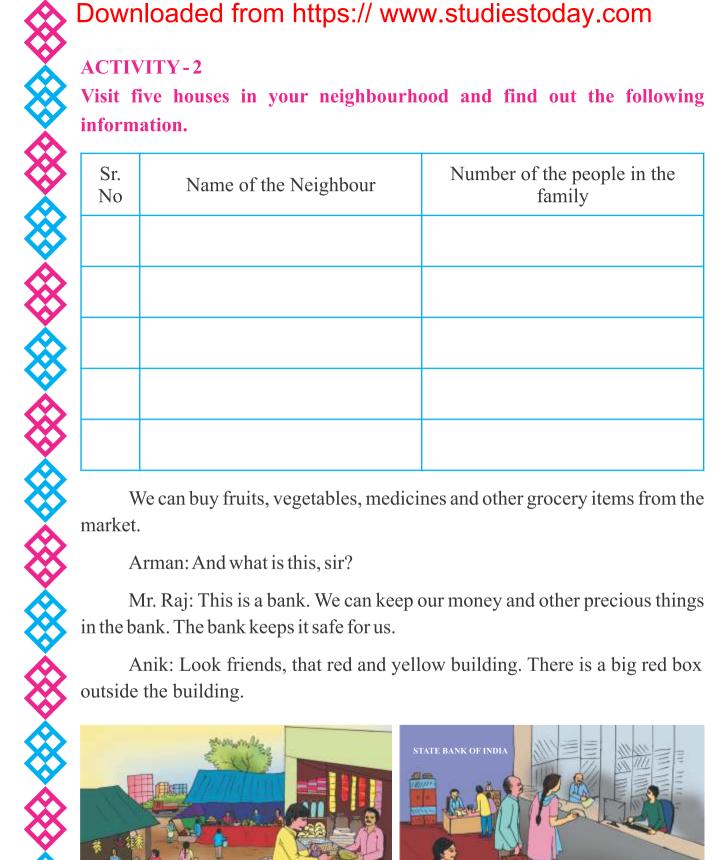
Mr. Raj replied, "Neighbourhood means an area near or around our house. There are many shops, houses, buildings and factories around our house. All these places form our neighbourhood."

There are many services available in our neighbourhood which are very useful to us. These services make our neighbourhood a better place to live in.

Pinku said, "Hey! Friends, look there, so many people, shops, fruits, vegetables."

Teacher: Well! See children. This is a market. There are many shops in the market. Many things are sold in the market.

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Mr. Raj: This is a bank. We can keep our money and other precious things in the bank. The bank keeps it safe for us.

Anik: Look friends, that red and yellow building. There is a big red box outside the building.





ACTIVITY - 3

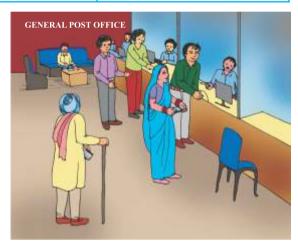
Go to the nearby market. Collect the information and fill in the table.

Sr. No	Name of the Shop	Name of the Shopkeeper	Items sold in the shop

"Children, this is a post office," Mr. Raj said. "We can buy stamps, envelopes and postcards from the post office. We can also send letters, parcels, money orders, etc., to our friends and relatives. We can also keep our money in the savings account of the post office."

Hitu shouted, "Look to your left, friends. There is a police station."

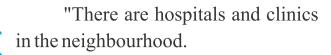
Mr. Raj said, "Yes children, every neighbourhood has a police station. There are policemen in the police station. They help to maintain law and order. They protect us from thieves. They keep our lives safe."





Then Mr. Raj said, "Children, look to your left. There is a fire station. When there is a fire, we call the fire station. A fire station has fire engines, long water pipes and ladders. The firemen are brave. They put their lives at risk to save us from fire."





People who are ill go to hospital for treatment.

There are doctors and nurses in the hospital.

Doctors examine patients and give them medicines.

Nurses take care of the patients.

In some of the clinics, medicines are given free of cost to the patients. They are public health centres.

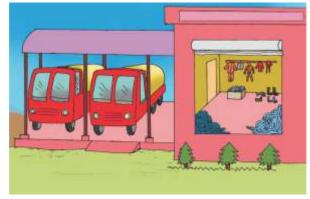
Look, there is a chemist shop too.

We can buy medicines from the chemist shop.

All these neighbourhood services are very useful to us.

We should respect these people who offer such services in our neighbourhood to make it a better place to live in."

Mr. Raj: "This is a public library. The library has many books. We can become a member of the library and can borrow many books to read. The librarian helps us choose a book."



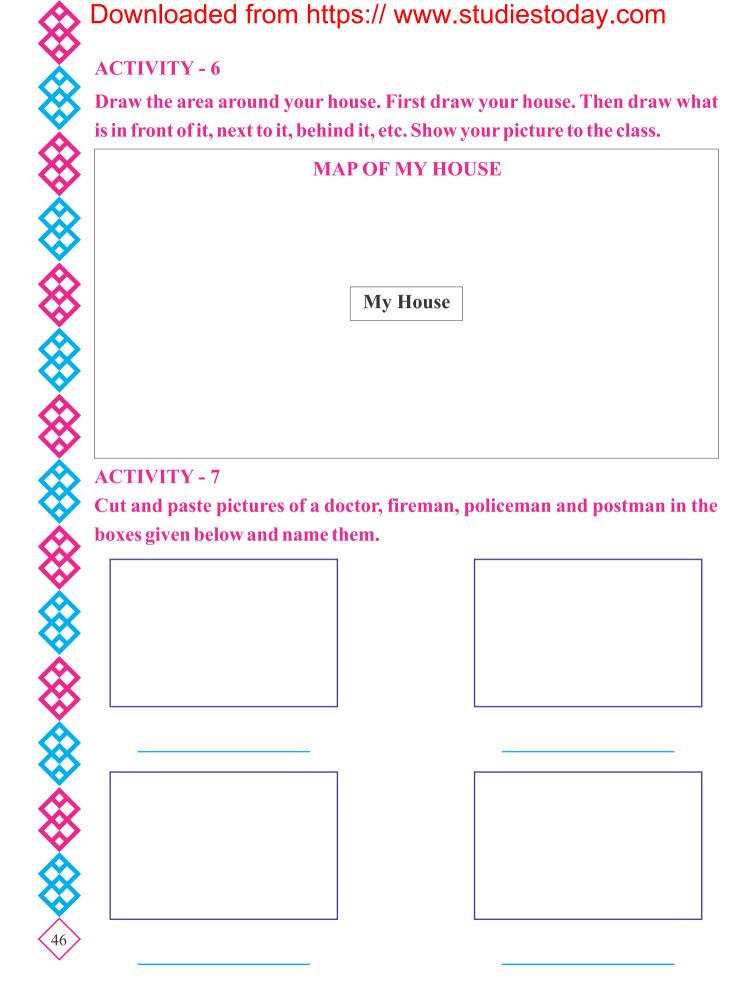








Downloaded from https:// www.studiestoday.com **ACTIVITY - 4** Match 'A' with 'B'. B A 1. Policeman post office 2. Fireman hospital fire station 3. Doctor medical store 4. Postman 5. Chemist police station **ACTIVITY-5** Take a walk around your school with your teacher. Observe the places carefully and draw whatever you see around your school. MAP OF THE SCHOOL AREA My School



ACTIVITY - 8

COMMUNITY HELPERS

Community helpers,

All around,

They are people we rely on,

To help make a great town.

There are doctors,

And nurses,

Firefighters and police,

Emergencies are why we need them.

There are electricians,

Carpenters and plumbers,

On worksites.

They make houses and our buildings,

Safe and sound and build right.

Do you know of any more people,

Who are in your neighbourhood,

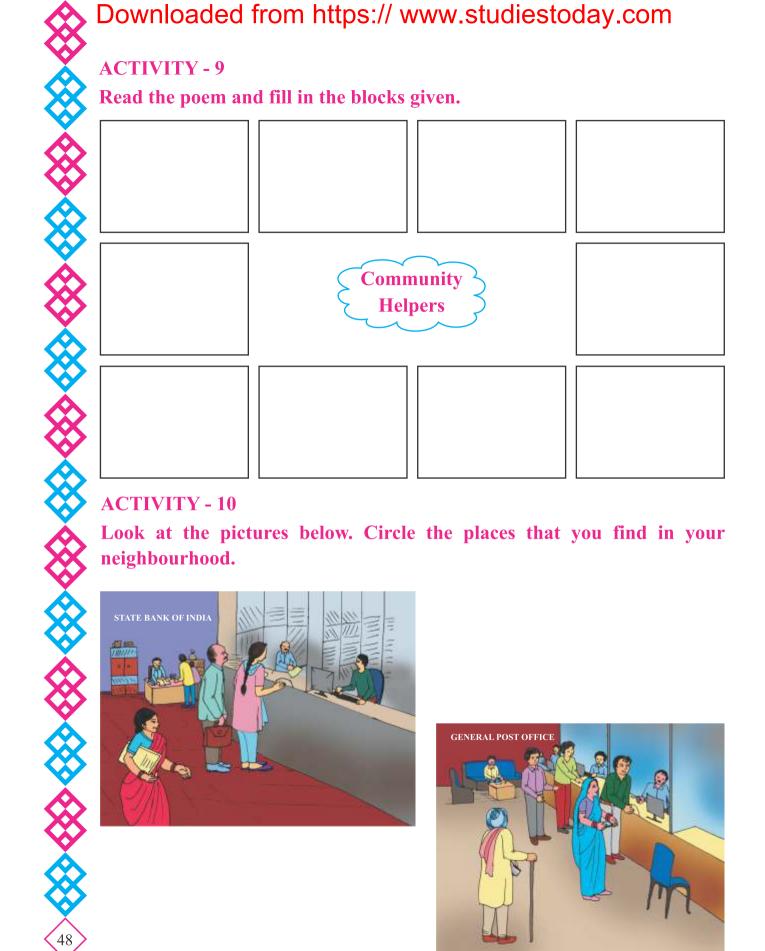
Who work together to build a community,

That we live in happily?

Questions:

- 1. Mention the community helpers which are in this poem.
- 2. Who helps us when we become sick?
- 3. Who helps us to build a house?
- 4. Mention the other names of the community helpers whom you know.

















Helpline

Help the students identify the public places. Let them work in pairs and groups.







Helpers Around Us



ACTIVITY - 1

Write the names of three people who help you every day at school and at home.

At School	At Home
1.	
2.	
3.	



ACTIVITY - 2

Look at the pictures and sing the rhyme.

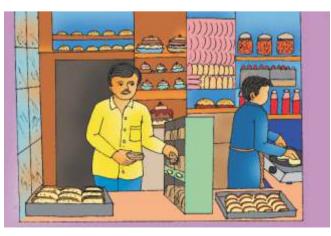




Tailor, tailor, stitch my clothes, Do it with your needle now.







Baker, baker, bake me a cake, Bake it in the oven now.

Postman, postman, bring my letters, Bring them in your bag now.





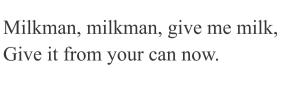
Driver, driver, drive the bus, Steer the wheel faster now.



Gardener, gardener, water my plants, Do it with your hosepipe now.



Barber, barber, set my hair, Do it with your comb now.









Work in Groups as A and B. First Group A will sing a rhyme and Group B will do the actions. Then group B will sing a rhyme and group A will do the actions.

ACTIVITY-4

Work with a partner. You sing one line from the song and your friend does the action. Then your friend sings and you do the action as given below.

Stitch	Bake
Steer	Hosepipe

ACTIVITY - 5

Look at the pictures and read the sentences.

If I become a doctor, I'll use a stethoscope, And I'll help the patients.



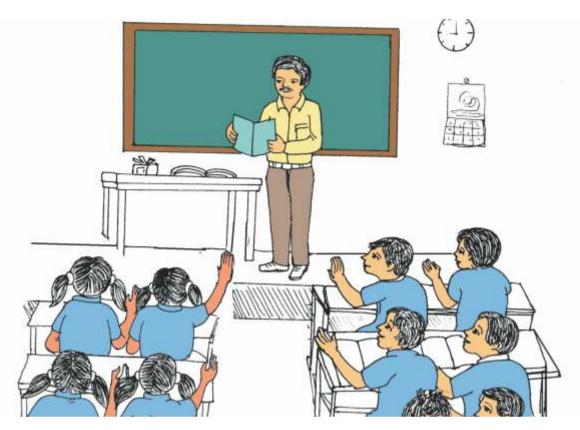
If I become a pilot, I'll fly a big plane, And I'll take the people away.



If I become a tailor, I'll use a sewing machine, And I'll stitch some clothes.







If I become a teacher, I'll read some good books, And I'll teach everyone.

Add some more professions.

If I become a _	;
I'll use a	
And I'll	

ACTIVITY - 6

Complete the sentences.

1)	I sell medicines.
	I am a
2)	I cut hair with a pair of scissors.
	I am a

3)	I have a stethoscope.	7)	I drive the bus.
	I am a	•	I am a
4)5)6)	I mend the broken shoes. I am a I sell grains. I am a I repair cars and scooters.	9)	I fix the leaking taps. I am a I make walls with bricks. I am a
	I am a	·	
	postman gardener		cake shoes
	barber		gun
	baker		hosepipe
	singer		scissors
	driver		stethoscope
	cobbler		books
	teacher		bus
	doctor		sewing machine
	soldier		song
	tailor		letters

ACTIVITY-8

Let's Play

Play a guessing game. Choose any one profession and act it out. Ask the others to guess. They guess by asking you questions.

Example: Are you a painter?

You say, "Yes, you are right" or

"No, guess again"

ACTIVITY - 9

Tick the things they may use.

	Pair of Scissors	Hammer	Saw	Wheel	Water	Pencil	Pipe
Tailor							
Carpenter							
Potter							
Teacher							
Gardener							

ACTIVITY - 10

Project Work

Make a scrap book on different professions.

- a. Collect some pictures of different professions.
- b. Stick the pictures carefully in the scrapbook.
- c. Write two or three sentences about each profession.

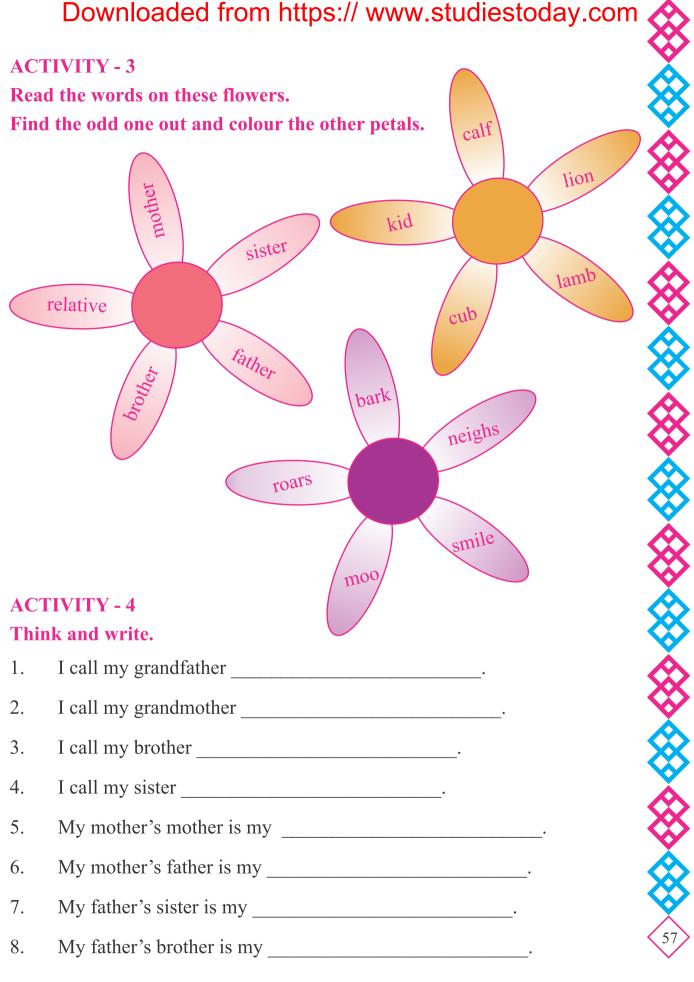
Helpline

Ask students to present a role play of different helpers like tailor, potter, teacher, carpenter etc.



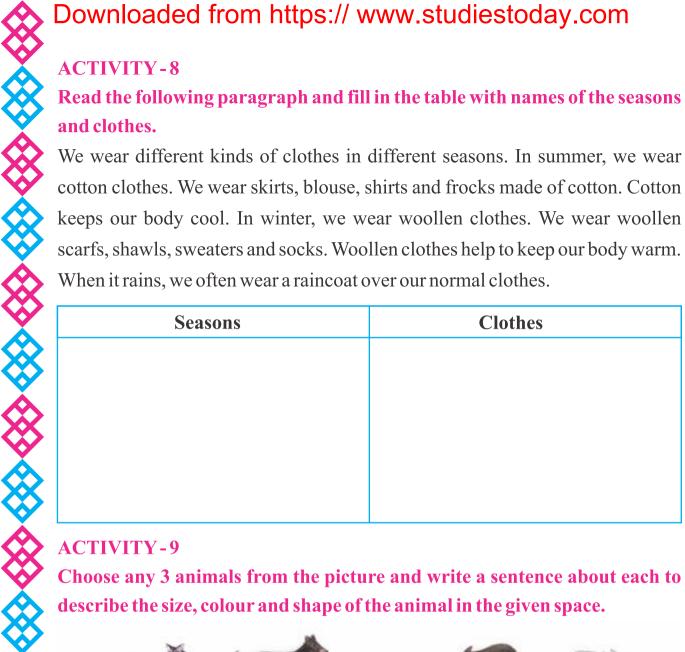
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	bank, hospital,	market, neighbours
l .	People who live near our	homes are our
2.	We buy fruit, vegetables	and other things from the
3.	We keep our money safe	in the
1.	When we are ill we go to	o a
AC T	TIVITY - 6	
[00]	k at this weather chart.	
	Day	Weather
	Monday	rain
	Tuesday	cloudy
	Wednesday	sunny
	Thursday	rain
	Friday	sunny
	Saturday	heavy rain
	Sunday	heavy rains
Ans	wer the questions.	
l.	On which days will it rai	n?

Downloaded from https://www.studiestoday.com Which days will be cloudy? 3. When will it rain heavily? 4. Name the days on which there will be no rain 5. **ACTIVITY - 7** Read the poem and fill in the blanks. Three colours in the Indian flag, Saffron, white and green, I would like to tell you, To me what they mean. Saffron is for courage, For people strong and brave, White is for purity, For peace which we crave. Green is for prosperity, For my country to grow, To be ahead of others, And never be slow. 1. colour is in the second row of our National flag. Green colour is for _____ 2. colour is for purity. 3. Saffron colour is for ______. 4.

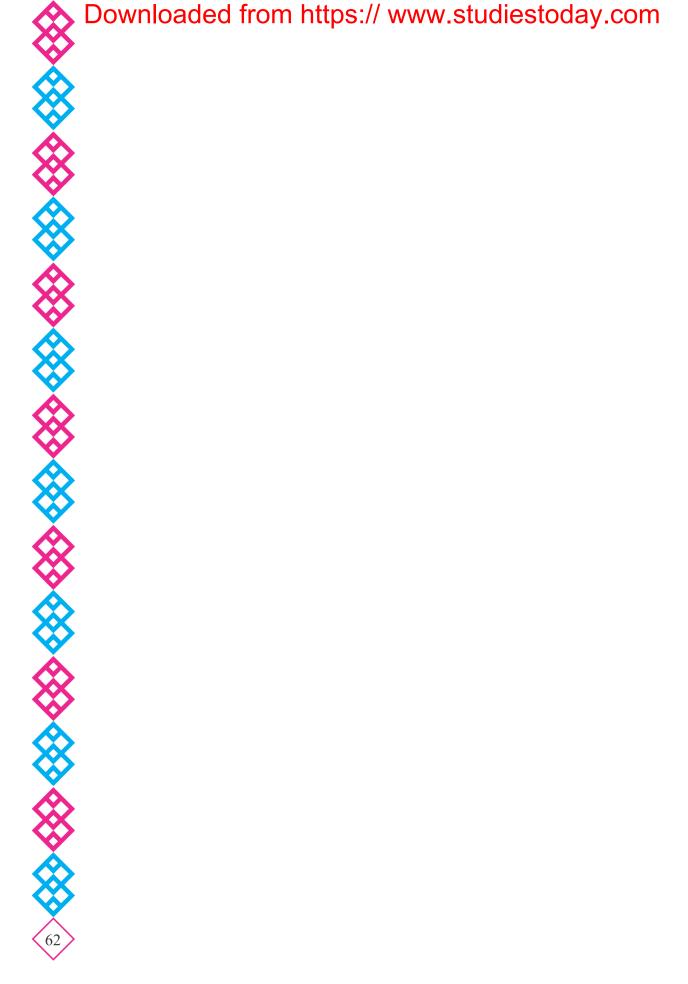


Choose any 3 animals from the picture and write a sentence about each to



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VITY - 10		
sentences using wor	ds from the table.	
xample : A farmer w		
A farmer	bakes	lights
A pilot	teaches	in films
A teacher	waters	in the field
A gardener	repairs	a plane
An actor	works	a cake
An electrician	flies	the plants
	acts	children
		children
A baker vrite the sentences h		children
		children
A baker write the sentences h		children



ગુજરાત શૈક્ષણિક સંશોધન અને તાલીમ પરિષદ, ગાંધીનગરના પત્ર-ક્રમાંક જીસીઇઆરટી/અભ્યાસક્રમ/માધ્યમ/૨૦૧૫/૬૪૧, તા. ૯-૧-૨૦૧૫–થી મંજૂર

English

First Language

Standard 2

(Second Semester)



PLEDGE

India is my country.

All Indians are my brothers and sisters.

I love my country and I am proud of its rich and varied heritage.

I shall always strive to be worthy of it.

I shall respect my parents, teachers and all my elders and treat everyone with courtesy.

I pledge my devotion to my country and its people.

My happiness lies in their well-being and prosperity.

Price: ₹ 29.00

Name of Student : _	
Name of School:	
Class :	Roll No.



Producer : Gujarat Council of Educational Research and Training, Gandhinagar **Publisher :** Gujarat State Board of School Textbooks, Gandhinagar

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Preface

In view of NCF 2005 and RTE – 2009, many far reaching changes have been carried out in the curriculum as well as the whole education system in Gujarat. While the focus of these changes has been on the fundamental concepts regarding the very process of education, the perceptible difference can be noticed in the new orientation given to the classroom interaction between the teacher and the learner as also among the learners themselves. This new orientation aims at promoting creativity, critical thinking and analytical abilities. In language education, particularly, this change of orientation can be noticed in the shift from predictable, content based comprehension and expression to constructive, meaningful interaction. This shift of focus requires the teacher to discourage memorisation of text based answers and encourage variation in response generated by authentic experiences in real life situations. This has been done by providing learning tasks in the form of activities rather than text based exercises.

We have also received valuable cooperation of H. M. Patel Institute of English Training and Research in this process. The textbook has been prepared in the light of constructive suggestions given by subject experts as well as practicing teachers. Care has been taken to retain the good elements that were tried and tested in the earlier textbooks, and new elements have been added in the light of the new orientation. Thus, efforts are made to prepare an error free and pedagogically effective textbook. However, we shall welcome constructive suggestions to improve the quality of the work.

Withallgoodwishes.

Dr. Bharat Pandit

Director
Date:3-3-2015

Dr. Nitin PethaniExecutive President
Gandhinagar

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FUNDAMENTAL DUTIES

It shall be the duty of every citizen of India: *

- (a) to abide by the Constitution and respect its ideals and institutions, the National Flag and the National Anthem;
- (b) to cherish and follow the noble ideals which inspired our national struggle for freedom;
- (c) to uphold and protect the sovereignty, unity and integrity of India;
- (d) to defend the country and render national service when called upon to do so;
- (e) to promote harmony and the spirit of common brotherhood amongst all the people of India transcending religious, linguistic and regional or sectional diversities; to renounce practices derogatory to the dignity of women;
- (f) to value and preserve the rich heritage or our composite culture;
- (g) to protect and improve the natural environment including forests, lakes, rivers and wild-life, and to have compassion for living creatures;
- (h) to develop the scientific temper, humanism and the spirit of inquiry and reform;
- (i) to safeguard public property and to abjure violence;
- (j) to strive towards excellence in all spheres of individual and collective activity so that the nation constantly rises to higher levels of endeavour and achievement;
- (k) to provide opportunities for education to his /her child or ward by parent or guardian as case may be, between the age of six and fourteen years.

*Constitution of India: Section 51-A.

INTRODUCTION

We are happy to present this textbook for joyfully learning English. This book reduces the burden of the children by combining mathematics, environmental science and English in a unique fun loving way.

With the emphasis on learning by doing, this book focuses on oral work in the first few units and gradually introduces reading and writing thereafter. Hence the beginning units have only illustrations that go with the stories, rhymes and activities. For suggestions about the classroom procedures, the stories to be narrated and for the rhymes, games and other activities, you may refer to the Helpline. Parents who are interested in participating in the children's learning process could also use the Helpline. They could also enhance the children's language competence by providing exposure to the language and by encouraging the children to use English for a variety of purposes.

Each unit in the book begins with a whole class activity such as the teacher narrating a story based on the pictures given in the children's book. After this children work in groups of four or six and then with a single pair partner. This leads to individual work where the children develop the ability to do some productive work on their own. At the end, once again call the whole class together. Thus, each unit begins with the whole class working together and ends with the whole class sharing their learning experience. In between the children work in groups, pairs and as individuals.

There are colourful pictures in the book. Further, space is provided for children to draw and colour specific sketches according to teacher's instruction. The illustrations and the activities based on them help the learners. Explore the world by using all their senses. They talk about what they see, hear, smell, taste and feel. This helps in their overall development and provides a strong foundation for their ability to think and use language meaningfully.

Learning of a language is not limited to learning the alphabets, words and sentences alone. Once a language is learnt, it becomes a tool for various purposes. For this to happen, the children should be engaged in meaningful interaction with their classmates and the teacher. The emphasis has to shift from mechanical copying of letters, words and sentences to real communication. Hence, the first few units do not expect them to read or write anything. They just listen to the teacher, look at the pictures and learn to interact. Whatever they draw or say will convey their own ideas and feelings. The later units gradually introduce reading and writing. Towards the end of the year, they will learn to write a few words and sentences. This is in keeping with the latest developments in the teaching and learning of languages.

The focus of both teaching and testing at this level is certainly not on making the children memorize the spellings of words. Children should be able to

- Listen to English and understand what is said
- Use a few words in English expressing their own thoughts, ideas and feelings
- Look at pictures and understand what they stand for
- Read a few words and sentences with understanding
- Write a few words and sentences which they have already used orally.

The main purpose of the book is to make the children experience the pleasure of learning a new language. At this age, children can learn any number of languages as easily as they learn their mother tongue. When they learn their mother tongue they just listen to others and then respond in their own way. They begin to repeat some words and then begin to use the language creatively and meaningfully. Similarly, while teaching any other language the emphasis should be on listening. That is, children may respond with hand gestures, head nods, facial expressions, sketches etc. Later they may respond by repeating some part of what they hear. Then, gradually, they learn to express their own ideas and receive others' responses. When they learn their mother tongue, they do not learn to read and write till they have learnt to use the language orally. Similarly, when we teach a new language, it is necessary to introduce it orally before we ask the children to read and write words and sentences in that language. The teaching of a new language should never begin with the copying of the alphabets. That is why this book has no written words in the first few units.

At the end of the year, the children are expected to do the following:

- Participate in a simple conversation including greetings and simple responses
- Listen and understand stories and conversation based on pictures
- Listen and recite simple rhymes
- Talk about one's own likes, dislikes, feelings, etc. and share information and experiences
- Read and write simple words and sentences which express personal information and ideas felt and experienced.

Parents can help their children by using the language in meaningful contexts as part of day-to-day life and thereby provide natural exposure. They can help the children participate in real interaction wherein their response may be a simple gesture, one word or part of a sentence. They can describe the pictures in the textbook to the children and tell them stories in English.

We enjoyed preparing this book and we hope that you and the children will enjoy using it.

- Authors

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Unit	Name	Page No.
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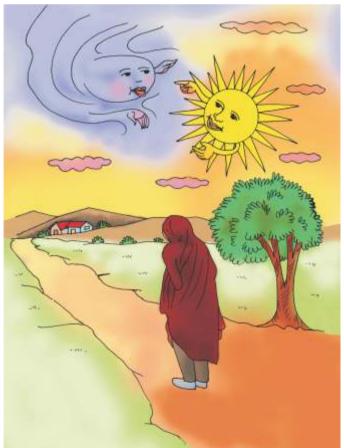
Who is Stronger?

ACTIVITY - 1

Look at the following pictures and describe what you see.

Prepare a list of things you see.





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Downloaded from https:// www.studiestoday.com **ACTIVITY - 2** Listen to the following story. 1. North Wind 2. The Sun 3. A Traveller Characters Once the North Wind and the Sun had fight over a silly matter. North wind : I am the strongest in the world. Watch me blow huff! puff! Sun : Yes, you are strong. But you are not stronger than I am. North Wind: Of course I am stronger than you! Sun : Come, let's find out. Can you see the traveller tending on the road in the picture given below? North Wind: Of course, I do. Do you want me to blow him down? I can do it easily. Sun : No, no, you don't have to do that. Just try and take off the man's shawl. North Wind: That is easy! I can do it in a single blow. And the North Wind began to blow hard. : Hmm... it's getting a little cold. Traveller Let me wrap my shawl tightly around me. North Wind: Watch me I'll soon have it off! The North Wind blew even harder. Traveller : Oh! It's getting very cold. I must wrap my shawl around my head or I'll freeze North Wind: Oh! I can't make him take off his





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shawl.

do it.

The sun began to shine brightly.

Sun

: Shall I try now?

North Wind: Oh yes, But I am sure you can't

Traveller : Ah! It's getting warmer.

: I'll shine a little brighter and then Sun

watch him.

Traveller : Oh! It's getting warmer. I must take

off my shawl.

The traveller took the shawl off, folded it neatly and put it in his bag.

Sun : It is always better to be warm and

smiling than cold and angry.



Helpline

Discuss with the class how the sun brings light, warmth and joy to the world. Talk also about a world without sunshine and about what would happen to all the birds, animals, plants. etc

ACTIVITY - 3

Read the following sentences and write - who said to whom?

- 1. Ah! Its getting warmer.
- 2. It is always better to be warm and smiling than cold and angry.
- 3. That is easy! I can do it in a single blow.
- Oh, it's getting very cold. I must wrap my shawl around my head or I'll 4. freeze.

ACTIVITY - 4

Go to an open space. Stand facing the East. Put your hands out and point to the directions with the help of your teacher and tell the direction.

Example:

- Point to the North and say, "This is the North."
- Point to the South and say, "This is the South."
- Point to the East and say, "This is the East."
- Point to the West and say, "This is the West"





Sing this song with actions.

Point your foot to the North,
Point your foot to the West,
Point your foot to the North,
And shake it all about
Do the boogie woogie
And turn yourself around.

Point your foot to the North,
Point your foot to the East,
Point your foot to the North,
And shake it all about
Do the boogie woogie
And turn yourself around.

Point your hand to the South,
Point your hand to the East,
Point your hand to the South,
And shake it all about
Do the boogie woogie
And turn yourself around.

Point your hand to the South,
Point your hand to the West,
Point your hand to the South,
And shake it all about
Do the boogie woogie
And turn yourself around.

Downloaded from https:// www.studiestoday.com **ACTIVITY-5** Ask four of your friends to stand in different directions. Then write the sentences about different directions your friends are standing. Sonal is facing the North. **ACTIVITY-6** Read the story again and circle the following words. Write how many tires each word occurs in the story. Words **Number of Times** No. 1 stronger shawl 2 blow 3 4 warm cold 5

ACTIVITY - 7

Example:

1.

2.

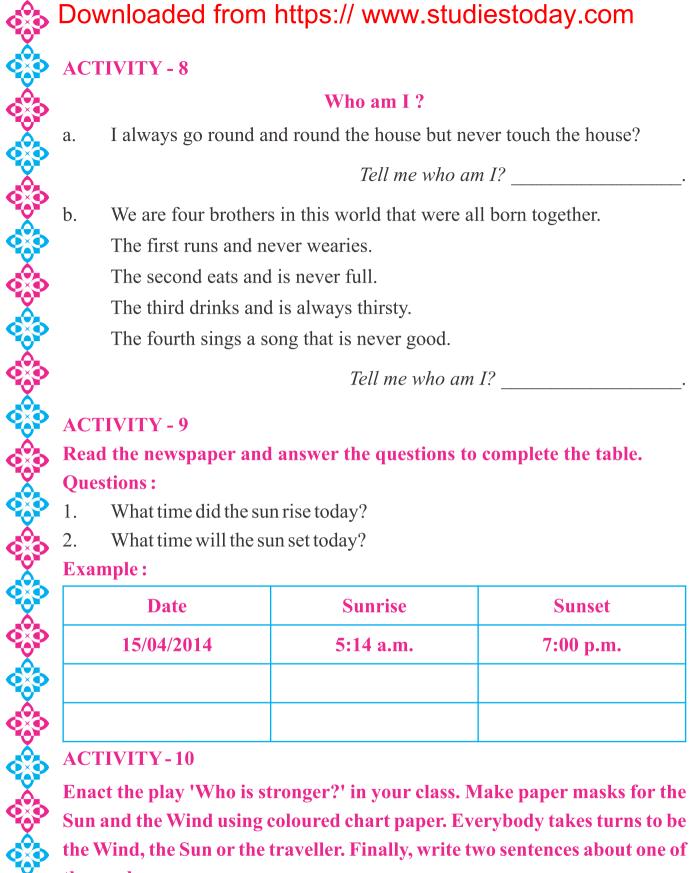
3.

4.

5.

Read and copy the following sentences.

- The Sun rises in the East. 1.
- 2. The Sun sets in the West.
- The wind is coming from the North. 3.
- The wind blows across the land. 4.



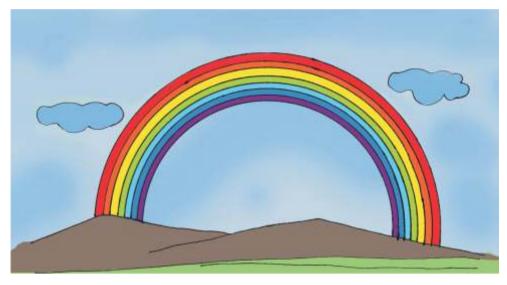
the Wind, the Sun or the traveller. Finally, write two sentences about one of the masks.

Helpline

While explaining the story, the teacher should introduce new words to the students.

UNIT - 2

Rainbow colours



ACTIVITY - 1

Read and enjoy the poem.

A rainbow of colours, In the light, after rain. There are seven of them, And, each one has a name.

Red is the first
Rainbow colour in the sky.
Orange is next,
Like jack-o-lantern pie.

Yellow is the third,
Lemon comes to mind.
Colour four is green,
Think of grassy hills to climb.

Blue is the colour five,
Like the water in a lake
The sixth is indigo,
Blue-grey blends that you can make.

Violet is the colour
Of the last rainbow band.
Violet is flowery,
Like the pedals in your hand.

So, wave your arms above you
Cast your colours high.
And, try to make a rainbow
Across a cloudy sky.

- Sharon MacDonald

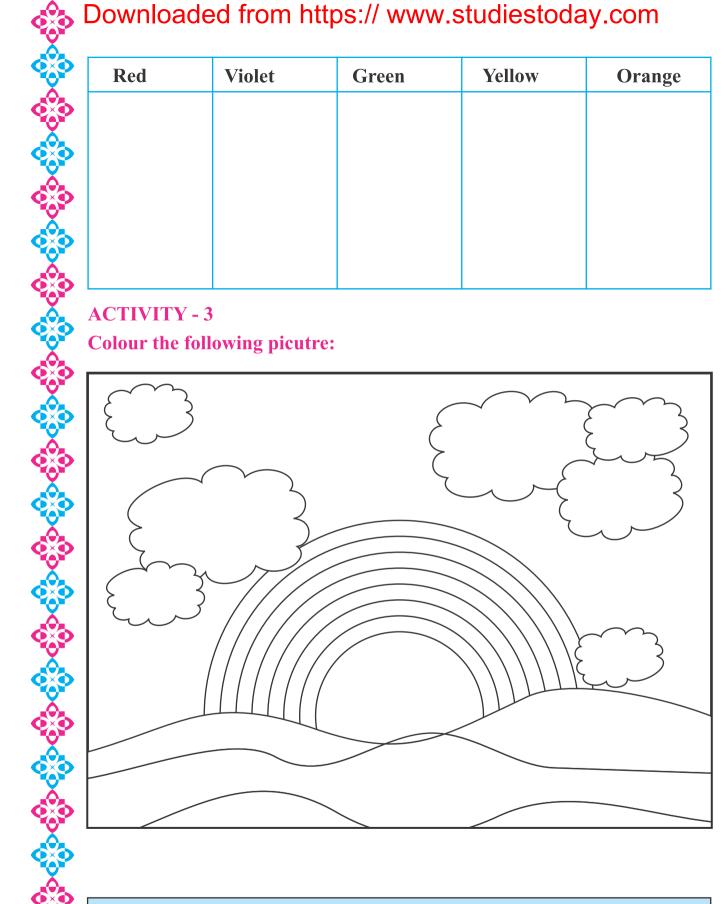
ACTIVITY - 2

Classify the following things according to their colour:

(apple, banana, mango, grapes, cauliflower, ladies finger, cabbage, tomato, sweet lime, brinjal, carrot, orange, peas, pineapple, capsicum)



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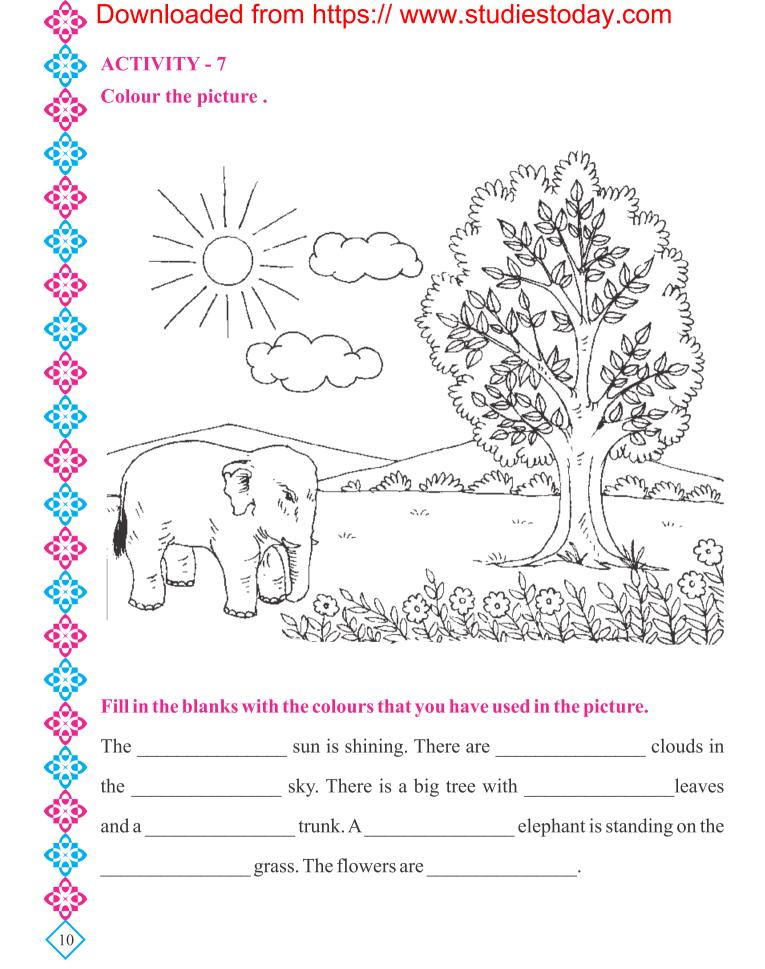


Helpline

Help students to colour the rainbow in sequence.

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Downloaded from https://www.studiestoday.com **ACTIVITY - 4** What is your favourite colour?_____. Name the things you have seen in that colour. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. **ACTIVITY - 5** Read and enjoy the poem. My skin is sort of brownish Pinkish yellowish white My eyes are greyish bluish green, But I am told they look orange in the night. My hair is reddish blondish brown. But it's silver when it's wet. And all the colours I am inside Have not been yet invented. **ACTIVITY - 6** Match "A" with "B". A B 1. hair white 2. pink grass blue 3. teeth lips black 4. 5. sky green



Downloaded from https:// www.studiestoday.com **ACTIVITY - 8**

Learn to do leaf painting.

Instruction: Paint the leaf with your finger and press the painted leaf on the paper. Remove the leaf slowly and carefully. What do you get?

Helpline

The teacher should show the class how to do leaf painting according to the instruction given and then tell the class to do the activity.

ACTIVITY - 9

Ask your family members and your friends what their favourite colours are and prepare a list.

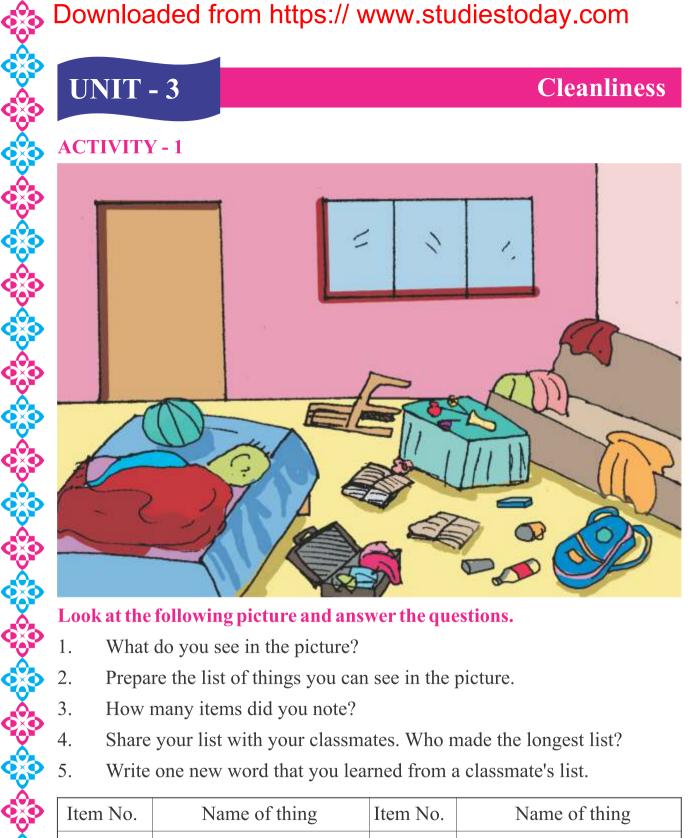
No	Family members	Colour	Friends	Colour

ACTIVITY - 10

Let's explore a new colour by mixing two colours.

- red + white = 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5. violet + yellow = .

Allow students to explore new colours by mixing their own choice of colours.



	Item No.	Name of thing	Item No.	Name of thing
•				

ACTIVITY - 2

Read the following story.

Children of Class II: 'Can we go for a picnic, please?'

Squirrel: 'Please teacher, let's go for a picnic.'

Teacher: 'Ok, let's go.'

(So the children of Class II decided to go for a picnic.)

They took a bus and went to Sundarvan. It is a picnic spot in the jungle.

All of them got down from the bus. They started walking towards the jungle.

Suddenly it started raining. They saw a building in front of them. They ran towards it. The door of the building was open. They entered. It was a very dirty house. They could not see anybody inside. They shouted.

Teacher: 'Hello! Anybody there? Its raining, can we stay here for some time?'

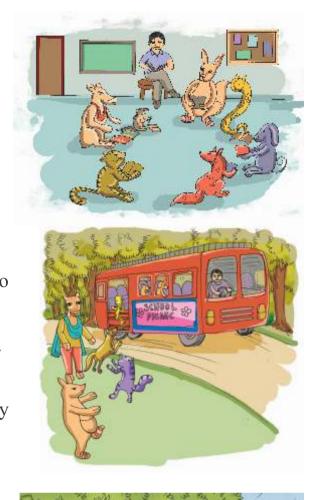
'Yes, I think nobody is there. Let's stay here for some time.'

Children: 'But teacher, the house is dirty.'

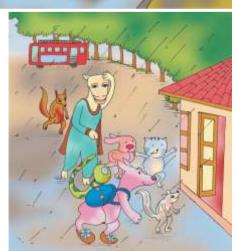
Teacher: 'Let's clean it.'

'Four of you clean the kitchen.'

'Four of you clean this big room.'









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Downloaded from https:// www.studiestoday.com Miss Camela said, 'sweep the floor' Puppy said. 'I'll sweep the floor,' Puppy



The Kangaroo and the squirrel said: 'We'll remove the cobwebs.'

They removed the cobwebs.

Miss Camela said: 'Clean the windows.'

Kitty Cat and the squirrel said: 'We'll clean the windows.'

They cleaned the windows.

Miss Camela said: 'Mop the floor.'

Snowy lamb and a snake said: 'We'll mop the floor.'

They mopped the floor.

Now the house was very clean.

Everyone was very tired. But they were very happy.

The Teacher said: 'Let's open the picnic basket and take out the food,'

They opened the picnic basket and took out all the food.

After eating the food, they all started singing and dancing. They played games. They enjoyed their picnic very much.











Downloaded from https://www.studiestoday.com **ACTIVITY - 3** Work with your partner. Take turns to ask and answer the question: 'Who said the following?' First say the answer orally and then write it in the space provided. One example is given. "We will clean the windows." — Kitty and squirrel "But Madam, the house is so dirty." — "Four of you clean the kitchen." — "I will sweep the floor."— "We will mop the floor." — "We will remove the cobwebs."— Helpline Help students answer the questions by reading the story again. **ACTIVITY - 4** Work in groups of four and take turns to give instructions and follow the instructions. Say a sentence in response before doing the action. **Example:** Clean the table. I'll clean the table. Pick up the papers. I'll pick up the papers. **ACTIVITY - 5** Participate in cleaning your classroom or the school. Then prepare a table which lists the names and work done by each. **Example:**

1.

2.

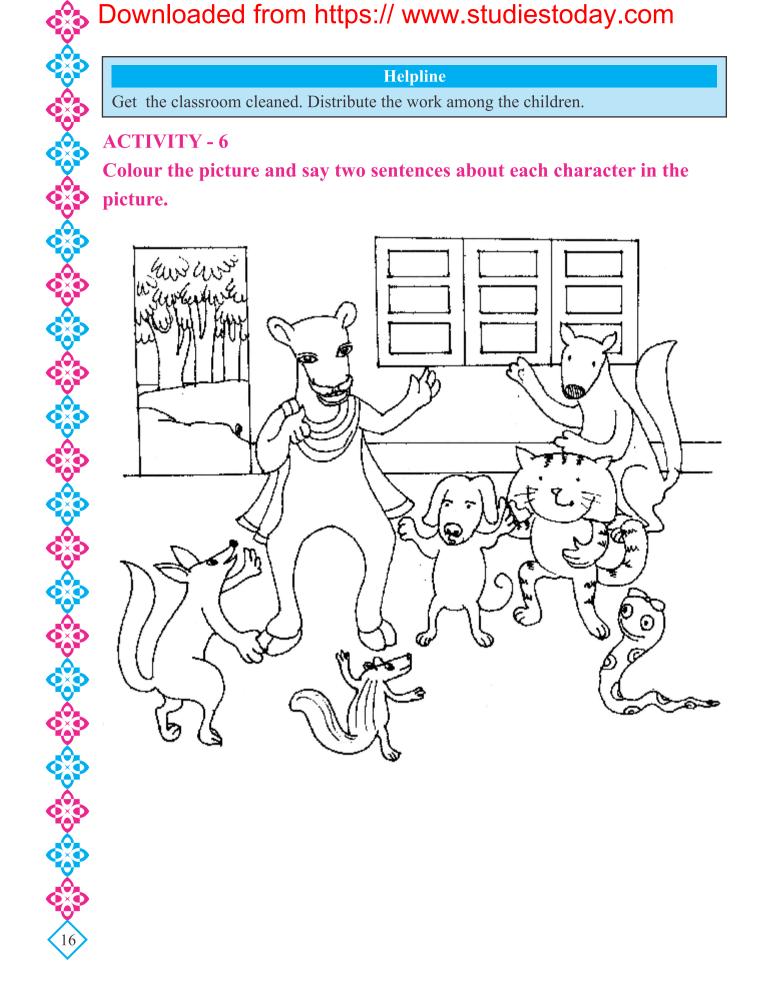
3.

4.

5.

6.

No.	Name/Names	Activity / Activities
1.	Aryan	swept the floor
2.	Smita	dusted the table
3.		
4.		
5.		



ACTIVITY - 7

Sing this rhyme while doing action.

This is the way we sweep the floor, Sissy-shish, Sissy-shish, Watch them getting clean and neat, Sissy-shish, Sissy-shish!

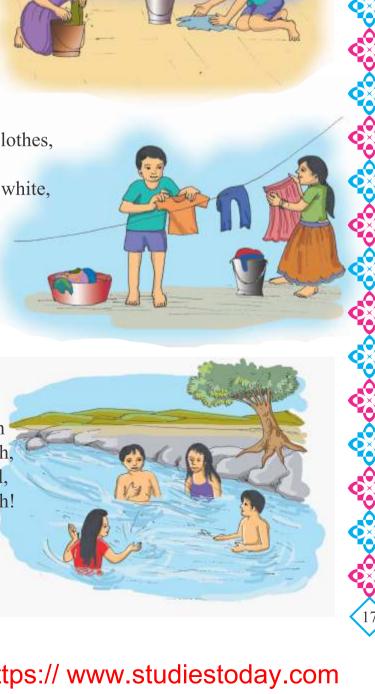
This is the way we mop our room, Moppoty-mop, Moppoty - mop Watch them getting clean and neat, Moppoty-mop, Moppoty-mop!

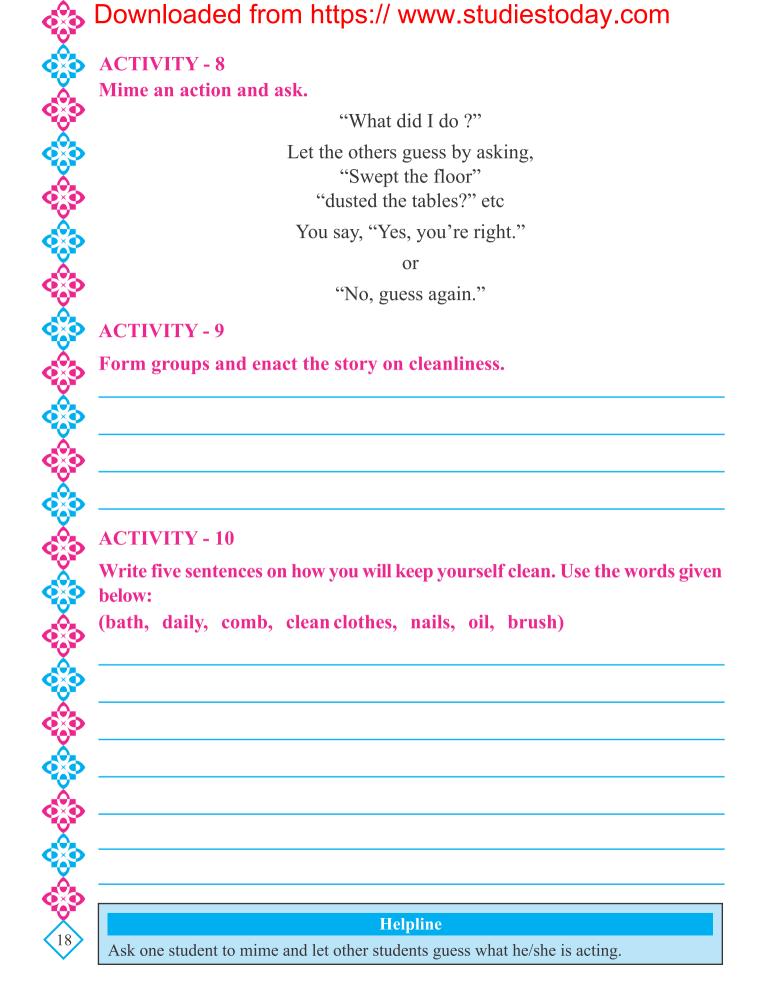
> This is the way we wash our clothes, Rub-a-dub, Rub-a-dub, Watch them getting clean and white, Rub-a-dub, Rub-a-dub!

This is the way we hang them out, Flippity-flap, Flippity-flap,

Watch them blowing in the wind, Flippity-flap, Flippity-flap!

> This is the way we have a bath Splashy-splash, Splashy-splash, Watch us splashing in the pool, Splashy-splash, Splashy-splash!





Unit - 4

The Sky is Falling

Part - 1: THE SKY IS FALLING



ACTIVITY - 1

- 1. What are the things you can see in the sky?
- 2. What are the things that can fall from the sky?
- 3. What falls from a tree?
- 4. What sound does it make?

ACTIVITY - 2

Narrator, Chorus, Rabbit, Duck, Fox, Dog, Lion

Narrator: One morning, little Rabbit woke up early. He decided to go for a walk. The sun was shining. It was a pleasant day. He was walking under a big tree. A small acorn fell, plop!! It landed right on his head.



Downloaded from https://www.studiestoday.com Rabbit Hey, what was that? What was that? Oh no! The sky is falling. Chorus Run Rabbit, run Rabbit. Run Rabbit, little Rabbit, run, run, run. The sky is falling. Rabbit I must tell the King. I must tell the King. A piece of the sky fell on my head. I must tell the King. Chorus You must tell the King, You must tell the King. The sky is falling. You must tell the King. Little Rabbit, ran and ran and ran. On the way, he met his Narrator old friend Mrs. Ducky. Mrs. Ducky : Good morning, little Rabbit. Where are you going? Why are you running? Can't you say 'Hello'? Rabbit : I can't stop now. I'm going to see the King. The sky is falling. I must tell the King. Mrs. Ducky : What did you say? Rabbit The sky is falling. Run, Mrs. Ducky, run. The sky is falling. Run, run, run. You Chorus must tell the King.

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: The sky is falling. The sky is falling.

Mrs. Ducky

Downloaded from https:// www.studiestoday.com Chorus : Little Rabbit, Mrs Ducky, run, run, run. The sky is falling. Tell the King : Little Rabbit and Mrs. Ducky ran and ran and ran. On the Narrator way, they met their old friend Mr. fox. Mr. Fox Good morning, little Rabbit and Mrs. Ducky. Where are you going? Why are you running? Can't you say 'Hello'? Little Rabbit : We can't stop now. We're going to see the King. The sky is & Mrs. Ducky falling. We must tell the King. Mr. Fox : What did you say? What did you say? : The sky is falling. Little Rabbit & Mrs. Ducky Chorus : Run, little Rabbit, Mrs. Ducky, Mr. Fox. The sky is falling. You must tell the King. : Tell me again. What fell? : A piece of the sky. When? : Just a minute ago.

Mr. Fox

Little Rabbit

Mr. Fox

Little Rabbit

Mr. Fox : Oh no! What'll we do? Oh my! What'll we do? The sky is

falling. We must tell the King.

And so, little Rabbit, Mrs. Ducky and Mr. Fox, ran and ran Narrator

and ran. On the way, they met the old friend Mrs. Doggy.

ACTIVITY - 3

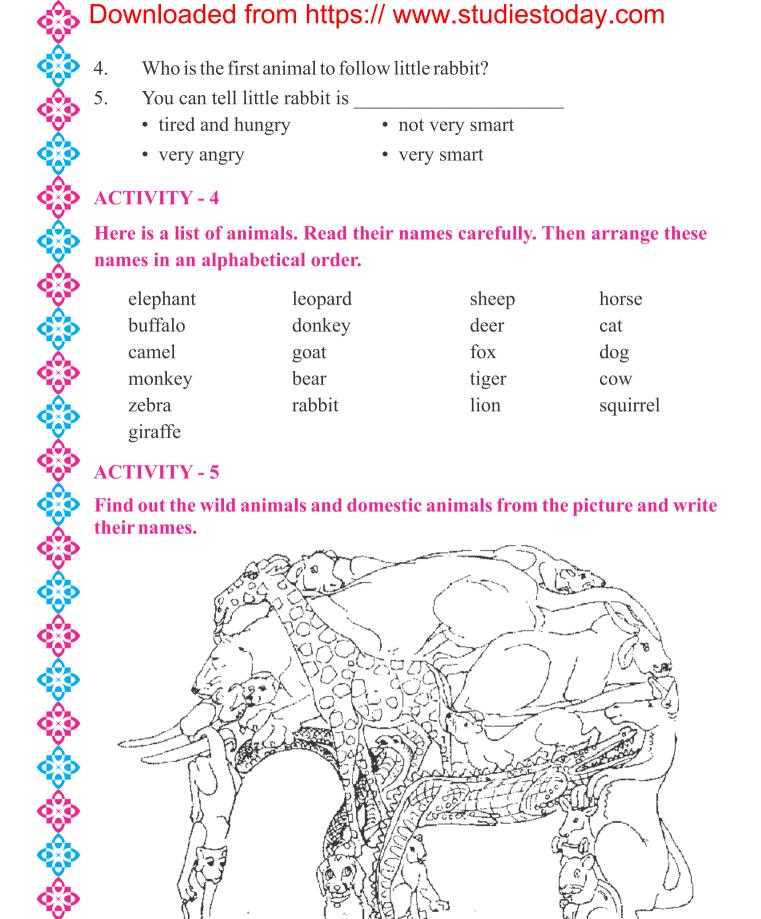
Read the story and answer the questions.

- 1. What is the story about?
- 2. What hit little Rabbit on the head in the beginning of the story?

Tick (\checkmark) the right answer.

- () a rock () a pan () an acorn () a mango
- 3.

Why did little rabbit think the sky was falling? Downloaded from https://www.studiestoday.com



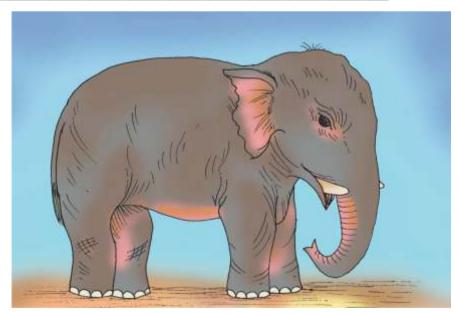
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Domestic animals	Wild animals

ACTIVITY - 6

Look at the picture and write five sentences about it.

- 1. I can see a big e_____.
- 2. It has two big e_s.
- 3. It _____ two small e_s.
- 4.
- 5.





Downloaded from https://www.studiestoday.com **ACTIVITY - 7** Part - 2: THE SKY IS FALLING Mrs. Doggy Good morning, little Rabbit, Mrs. Ducky and Mr. Fox. Where are you going? Why are you running? Mr. Fox The sky is falling, The sky is falling, We're going to see the King. We must tell the King. Mrs. Doggy What did you say? What did you say? Little Rabbit, : The sky is falling Mrs. Ducky, Mr. Fox Chorus Run little Rabbit, Mrs. Ducky, Mr. Fox, Mrs. Doggy. The sky is falling. You must tell the King. Narrator And so, little Rabbit, Mrs. Ducky, Mr. Fox and Mrs. Doggy, the four of them, hurried together down the road towards the king's castle. On the way, they met their old friend, king of the forest, the Lion. Lion Hello everybody! Where are you going? Mrs. Doggy To the King. The sky is falling. Lion How do you know the sky is falling? Mrs. Doggy Mr. Fox told me. How do you know? Lion Mr Fox Mrs Ducky told me. Lion How do you know? Mrs Ducky: Little Rabbit told me. Lion How do you know? Little Rabbit: How do I know? A piece of the sky fell on my head. Just a minute ago. Lion Is that true? Then I'll come too. We must tell the King. The

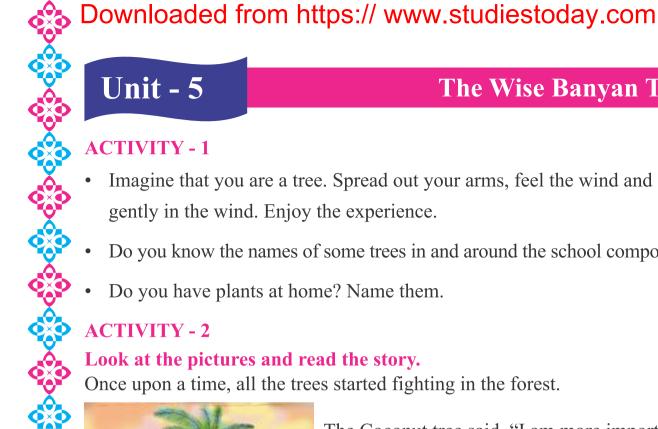
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sky is falling.

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Narrator	•	And down the road they went just as fast as they could. Little Rabbit, Ms. Ducky, Mr. Fox, Mrs. Doggy and the King of the forest, the Lion.		
Chorus	•	Watch out for the Lion. He'll eat you up. Watch out for the Lion. Watch out! He'll eat you up. He'll eat you up.		
Narrator	:	Now, the Lion was a clever fellow. He didn't believe the sky was falling. He took a long look at the sky and then turned to little Rabbit and said.		
Lion	:	Hey, you're right. The sky is falling. Follow me. I know the way. I'll take you to the king.		
Narrator	:	So little Rabbit, Mrs. Ducky, Mr. Fox and Mrs. Doggy all followed the Lion and no one ever saw them again. And nobody told the King		
		Helpline		
it is bEncoexpreExplaAfter	being reurage the ession the near the less	son aloud. Ask the students to move their index finger along the text as ead in order to follow the story. The students to raise their hands and ask if they come across a word or hey don't know. The neanings with examples, write the word and meaning on the blackboard. The son is read, ask the students to read the story aloud one by one, paragraph are wise.		
ACTIVI	TY - 8	B (A)		
In the sto	ory, wł	no says the following:		
1. 'A	piece (of sky fell on my head'		
2. 'Good morning, little Rabbit and Mrs. Ducky.'				
3. 'He	ey, you	ı're right.'		
4. 'Te	ell me a	again, what fell.'		
5. 'He	ello ev	rery body! Where are you going?'	25	

Ser	ntences	No. of times	
The	e sky is falling.		
You	ı must tell the King.		
Ruı	n, Run, Run.		
Wh	ere are you going?		
Wh	y are you running?		
AC'	TIVITY-8(C)		
Rea	d the story and complete tl	hese sentences.	
. •	One morning little Rabbit		
2.	He was walking		
3.	Acorn		
1.			
5.	Little Rabbit run		
ó.			
	TIVITY - 9		
l .	·	it the frightened Rabbit. How many	
	are mentioned in the story? List them.		

H0v	w did the Lion	find out the	truth?		
Wh	ere do you thii	nk the Lion	took the anima	ls? What did	he do?
's play y one v	word in one bo er will call out a it. The one wh	x. any nine wor	ords from the gods. If the words fat all the words f	he calls out is	in the box put



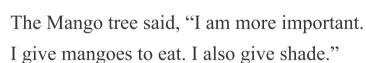
The Wise Banyan Tree

- Imagine that you are a tree. Spread out your arms, feel the wind and sway
- Do you know the names of some trees in and around the school compound?

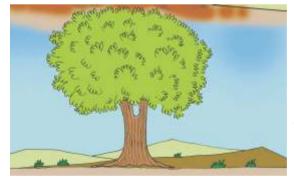
Once upon a time, all the trees started fighting in the forest.



The Coconut tree said, "I am more important. I give coconuts. You can drink its water, eat it, make oil and even make ropes from it."







The Neem tree said, "I am more important. I give shade. People make medicine with my leaves, flowers and seeds. I drive mosquitoes away."



The Gulmohar tree said, "I give shade and beauty. I give beautiful orange flowers."





They all went to the Banyan tree, "You are the oldest and wisest of us all. Tell us who is the most important."

The Banyan tree said, "All of you try to do everything. Try to give flowers and fruits, shade and medicine, oil, paper and wood."

All the trees tried hard, but they could not do everything.

The Coconut tree could not give orange flowers or shade. The Neem tree could not give mangoes. The gulmohar tree could not give coconuts.

The Banyan tree smiled and said, "Now what do you say?"

All the trees said, "We can not do everything."

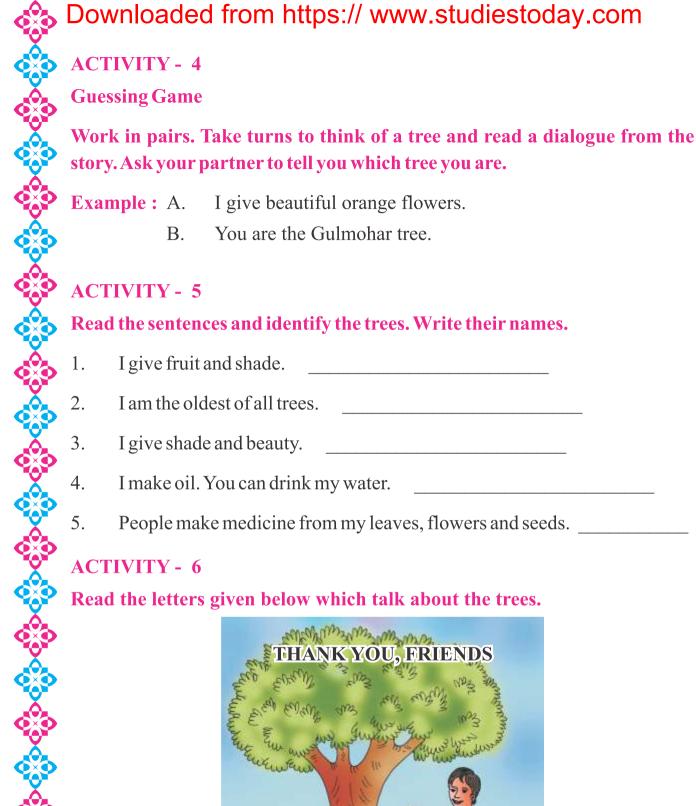
The Banyan tree said. "Yes, you do different things. So you all are important."

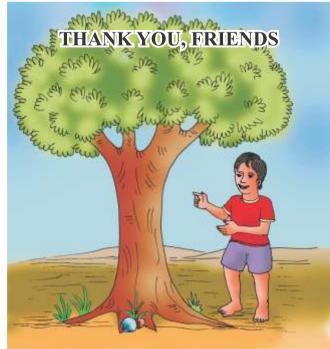
ACTIVITY - 3

Read the story again and complete the following table.

One example is given.

No.	Trees	What do they give us?
1.	Coconut	Coconut water
2.	Mango	
3.	Neem	
4.	Gulmohar	





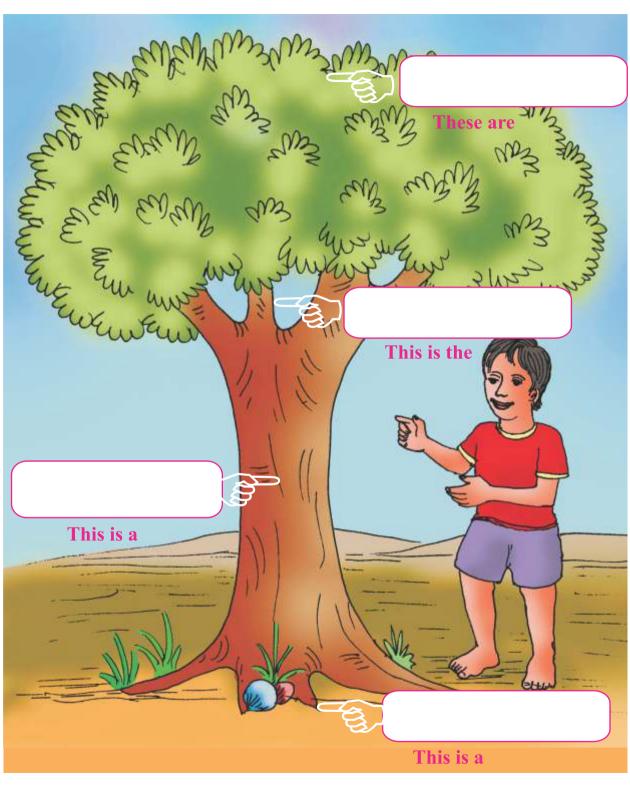
Downloaded from https:// www.studiestoday.com Dear friends, You give us flowers and leaves. You give us wood and fruit. We sit in your cool shade. We draw pictures on paper made from you. You bring rain. You keep our air clean. You make our place colourful and beautiful. We thank you for every thing. - Mahesh Answer the questions. What do trees give us? 1. 2. Where do people sit in the hot afternoons? What is the name of the writer? 3. **ACTIVITY - 7** Make sentences using the words given in the box. Trees give us wood 1. fruit flowers shade Trees 2. clean air bring rain our friends



ACTIVITY - 8 (A)

Look at the picture and complete the sentences. The words are given below.

PARTS OF A TREE

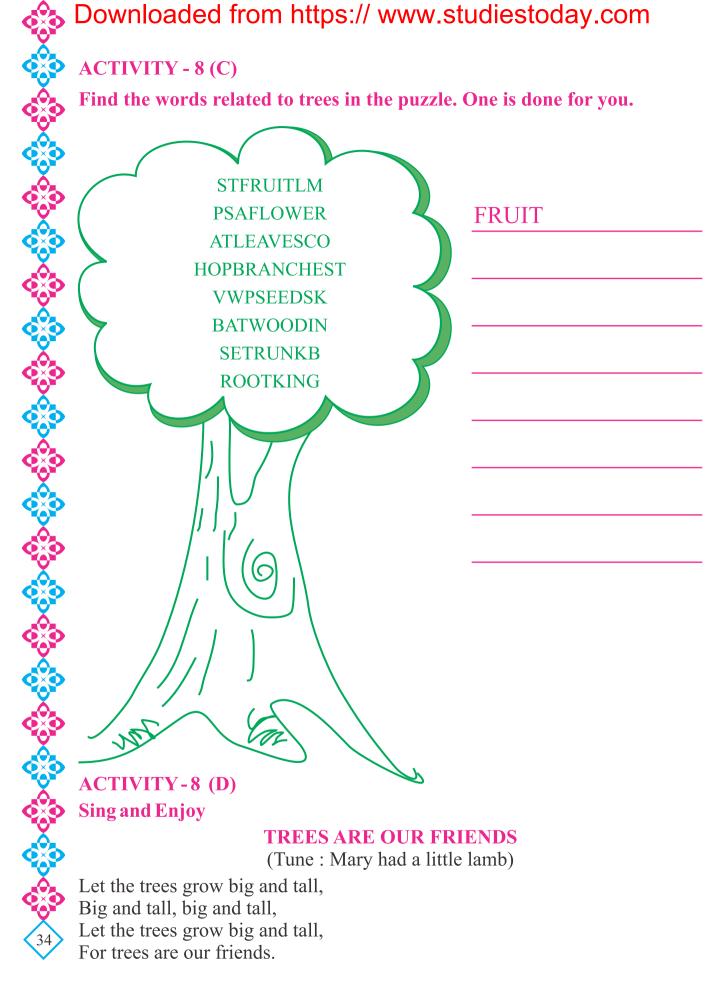


Word Bank: trunk, branch, tree, leaves

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Downloaded from https:// www.studiestoday.com **ACTIVITY-8 (B)** Look at the pictures and complete the sentences. The words are given below. PARTS OF A TREE This is a These are These are These are

Word Bank: roots, leaves, fruit, flowers



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We won't cut and make them fall, Make them fall, make them fall, We won't cut and make them fall, For trees are our friends.

We make this promise, one and all, One and all, one and all, We make this promise, one and all, For trees are our friends.

ACTIVITY - 9

Read the following paragraph on 'Mango Tree'.

A mango tree is a big and tall tree. It has many branches. Its leaves are long and dark green. Mangoes grow when the trees are four years old.

A mango tree can have a few hundred mangoes in a season. Mangoes are used for making pickles, ice-creams, chutneys, mango-shakes and cakes.

Now write a similar paragraph on 'A Coconut Tree'. Use the following points.

- 1. What kind of a tree is it? (tall, big etc)
- 2. Does it have branches?
- 3. How do the leaves look?
- 4. When do coconuts grow? (When the trees are five years old)
- 5. What are coconuts used for?

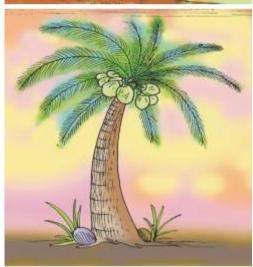
ACTIVITY - 10

Collect leaves and flowers of different trees. Dry them by placing them inside old books and paste them in your scrap book. Write a few lines about them.

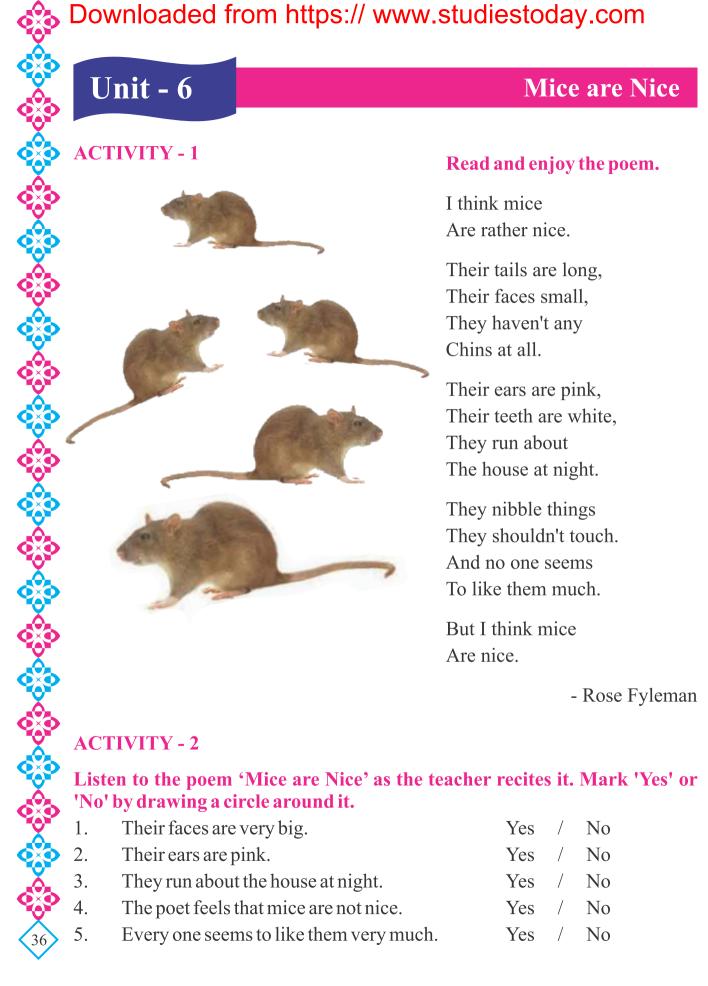
Helpline

Ask students to collect different kinds of leaves / flowers. Put them between pages of books / sheets of newspaper and iron them. Each leaf can then be cut out and the edges trimmed for an attractive look. Ask students to make birthday cards using tree motifs.









IVITY - 3 v a picture of a mou	e and write 4-5 sentences al	bout the mouse.
		(
		(
		(

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ACTIVITY - 4

Read and enjoy the poem.

HICKORY DICKORY DOCK

Hickory, Dickory, Dock,
The mouse ran up the clock,
The clock struck one,
The mouse ran down
Hickory, Dickory, Dock.

THREE NAUGHTY MICE

Three naughty mice
See, how they run?
They have fun
That's why they run.
Did you ever see
Such a sight in your life
As three naughty mice?

ACTIVITY - 5

Imagine that you are an animal. Write four sentences saying:

- What you are.
- Where you live.
- What you eat.
- What you like to do.

ACTIVITY - 6

Look at the pictures and read the story.

THE MOUSE WEDDING

There lived a family of wealthy mouse. Their only daughter was a very beautiful and young mouse. Father Mouse and mother Mouse were proud of her.

One day, Father Mouse said to Mother Mouse: "Don't we want our daughter to marry the greatest person in the world? Who could be the greatest in the world?"

Mother Mouse : It must be the sun. He lights up the whole world.

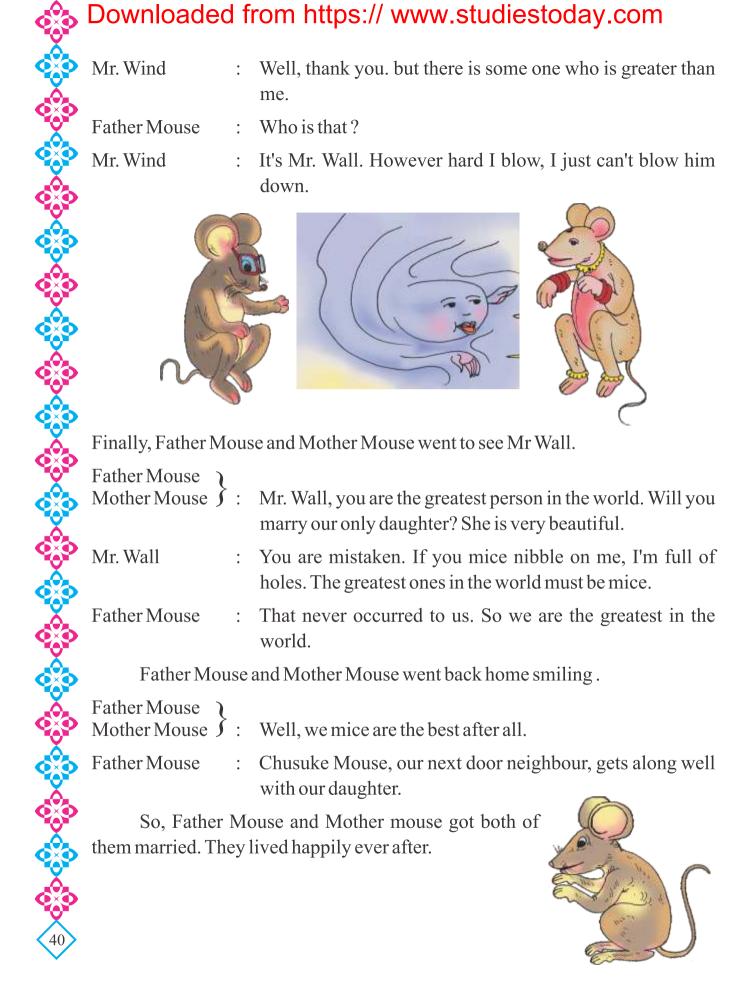
So, Father Mouse and Mother Mouse visited Mr. Sun.

Father Mouse : Mr. Sun, Mr. Sun, you are the greatest person in the world.

Will you marry our only daughter? She is very beautiful.

Downloaded from https:// www.studiestoday.com Mr. Sun I am not the greatest person in the world. However hard I try to light up the world, I am easily hidden away when Mr. cloud comes out. So the two went to see Mr. cloud. Mother Mouse Mr. Cloud, Mr. Cloud! You are the greatest person in the world. Will you marry our only daughter? She is very beautiful. Mr. Cloud I am not the greatest person in the world. however hard I may try to cover the sky, Mr. wind can blow me away with one puff. Father Mouse Mother Mouse : I see. So they both went to Mr. Wind. Father Mouse Mother Mouse $\}$: Mr. Wind, you are the greatest person in the world. Will you marry our only daughter? She is very beautiful.





Downloaded from https:// www.studiestoday.com **ACTIVITY - 7** In the story who says. 'I am easily hidden away when Mr. Cloud comes out.' 'Mr. Wind can blow me away with one puff.' 'If you mice nibble on me, I'm full of holes.' 'I just can't blow him down.' 'Chusuke Mouse, next door, gets along well with our daughter.' **ACTIVITY - 8** Read the story how many of times these sentences occur.

Sentences	No of times
You are the greatest person in the world.	
Will you marry our only daughter?	
I am not the greatest person in the world.	
She is very beautiful.	

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

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	ACTIVITY - 9 Read and enjoy the poem. A BIG WIND)	
	A big wind is blowing Look, the leaves are flying! The wind can blow trees down		
	It can blow houses down My house is old Will it come down?		
*	 Are these sentences Right (✓) or Wrong (✗) The wind can blow down a house. The wind can blow down a river. 		
	3. The wind can blow down a child.4. The wind can blow down a tree		
	5. The wind can blow down a fieldACTIVITY - 10Describe this picture using the words in the	box.	
			sun shining bright day blue sky no clouds not raining warm
42			

Downloaded from https:// www.studiestoday.com **Evaluation Activity ACTIVITY - 1** Fill in the blanks with the correct word. I have read the story of a funny Rabbit. One day an acorn _____ (fell / fall) on his head. He thought that the sky _____(is / was) falling. So, he _____ (go /went) to tell the King. On the way he met different animals. All of them (join / joined) him. At last, they (met/meet) a clever Lion. It took them to a forest and (eat/ate) them all. **ACTIVITY - 2** Choose the right word from the box below and fill in the blanks. pulled felt took blew wanted started One day, the Wind and the Sun had a competition. They to make a man take off his coat. First, the Wind hard. The man his coat tightly round himself. Then, the Sun _____ shining brightly. The man _____ and he off his coat.

ACTIVITY - 3

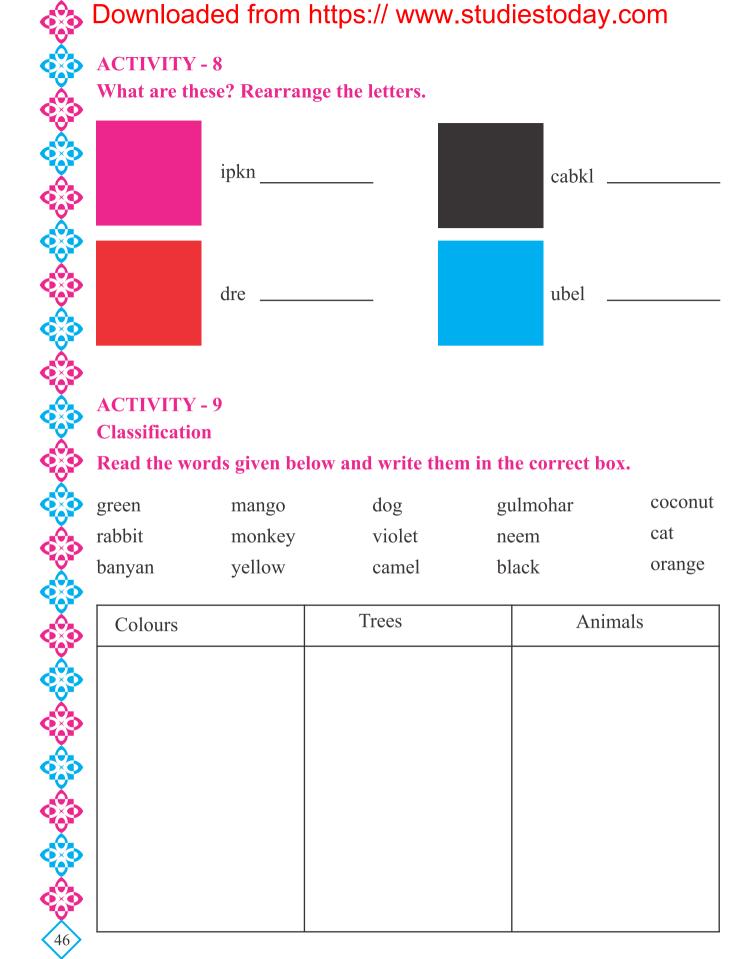
Answer the following questions.

- What kind of tails do mice have? 1.
- Describe a mouse's face. 2.
- 3. What do mice nibble at?
- When do mice run about the house? 4.
- What does the poet think about mice? 5.

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ACTIVITY - 4 Complete the following sentences: a) I love trees because
a) I love trees because
b) I like the parrot because
ACTIVITY - 5
Draw a picture of a garden with trees and birds. Then write a para about 'A Garden'.

).	Name	Activity
	Rahul	cleaned the windows



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ACTIVITY - 10 (A)	
Write 5 things which are red in colour.	
	_
	-
	-
ACTIVITY - 10 (B)	
Write 5 things which are green in colour.	
	-
	-
	-
	-

	Te	eaching / Learning Process Poin	ts
Unit	Title	Language Function/s	Environment Topic/s
1	Family and Friends	Revision : Introducing, Relationship, Present Simple, Past Simple	Family, Friends, School
2	Animal World	Stating likes / dislikes, Describing (Adjectives / Adverbs)	Domestic and wild anima
3	India - A Poem	Describing habitual action, More (Adjectives / Adverbs)	National and Social Festivals celebration, National spirit, games an sports
4	Enjoy the Seasons	Asking for information, Inversion questions, Wh-Questions	Days, Months, Seasons of the year, Weather, Clothe Food items
5	Our Neighbourhood	Proposals Stating the location, stating ability	Neighbourhood, Social Service / Institutions
6	Helpers Around Us	Describing activities S+V+O	Professions and Vocation tools and instruments
		Evaluation -1	
7	Who is Stronger?	Present Simple (Universal Trust), Comparing things and actions	Four Directions, Elemen of Nature
8	Rainbow colours	Names of colours, comprehending and giving instructions	Appreciate the colours of things at home and in natural surrounding
9	Cleanliness is next to Godliness	Past simple, Regular and Irregular verbs using 'will' to state future action	Good habits for keeping clean and healthy.
10	The Sky is Falling - I	Dramatic Narration, Reading aloud / Silent Reading	Gathering information about natural surroundin
11	The Wise Banyan Tree	Silent Reading, Adverbs and Adjectives	Trees and plant life
12	Mice are Nice	Literary Appreciation, Rhythm in poetic expression	Pets and domestic anima

