

CLASS - 3

सत्र 2019-20



#### DIKSHA एप कैसे डाउनलोड करें?

ः अपने मोबाइल ब्राउज़र पर diksha.gov.in/app टाइप करें। विकल्प 2 ः Google Play Store में DIKSHA NCTE ढूंढ़े एवं डाउनलोड बटन पर tap करें।



मोबाइल पर QR कोड का उपयोग कर डिजिटल विषय वस्तु कैसे प्राप्त करें ?

DIKSHA App को लॉच करे -> App की समस्त अनुमति को स्वीकार करें -> उपयोगकर्ता Profile का चयन करें।





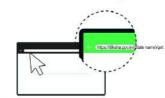


पाठ्यपुस्तक में QR Code को Scan करने के लिए मोबाइल में QR Code tap करें।

मोबाईल को QR Code पर सफल Scan के पश्चात् QR Code से केन्द्रित करें। लिंक की गई सूची उपलब्ध होगी।

डेस्कटॉप पर QR Code का उपयोग कर डिजिटल विषय-वस्तु तक कैसे पहुँचे ?



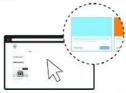


1 QR Code के नीचे 6 अंक का Alpha Numeric Code दिया गया है।



(3) सर्च बार पर 6 डिजिट का QR CODE टाईप करें।

(2) ब्राउज़र में diksha. gov.in/cg टाईप करें।



 प्राप्त विषय—वस्तु की सूची से चाही गई विषय-वस्तु पर क्लिक करें।

राज्य शैक्षिक अनुसंधान और प्रशिक्षण परिषद् छत्तीसगढ़, रायपुर

निःशुल्क वितरण हेत्

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प्रकाशन वर्ष - 2019

मार्गदर्शक

संचालक

एस.सी.ई.आर.टी.छ.ग., रायपुर

संयोजक

डॉ. विद्यावती चन्द्राकर

मुख्य समन्वयक

श्री आर. के. वर्मा

समन्वयक

सुशील राठोड़

लेखन मण्डल

अनिल चतुर्वेदी, अनिल कुमार श्रीवास्तव, अंशुबाला ठाकुर, एल.एन.पाण्डेय, मिनी श्रीवास्तव, संध्यारानी, शकुन्तला श्रीवास्तव, शीजा जौंशी, शिशिरकना भट्टाचार्य, श्रीधर रूक्मांगद, वल्सा जॉन, वरोनिका मोंडल

#### सहयोग

जेस्सी कुरियन, अर्चना वेरूलकर, मोहम्मद सईद, सुकांतो बनिक, रेखारानी मिश्रा, हरीश शर्मा, प्रीति शर्मा, आशिष तिवारी

#### चित्रांकन

राजेन्द्र सिंह ठाकुर आवरण एवं ले आउट डिजाइनिंग रेखराज चौरागड़े

#### प्रकाशक

छत्तीसगढ़ पाठ्यपुस्तक निगम, रायपुर

## मुद्रक

मुद्रित पुस्तकों की संख्या – .....

# आमुख

अंग्रेजी हमारे देश की भाषा नहीं है किन्तु वर्षों से प्रयोग में लाए जाने के कारण यह हमारी बहुभाषिता में रची—बसी प्रतीत होती है। बच्चे अपने परिवेश से कई अंग्रेजी शब्दों को अनायास ही सुनते और उपयोग करते हुए बड़े होते हैं। विश्व पटल पर अंग्रेजी भाषा की उपयोगिता की दृष्टि से छत्तीसगढ़ राज्य निर्माण पश्चात् प्रदेश में कक्षा पहली से ही अंग्रेजी भाषा के अध्यापन की पहल की गई।

पूर्व में अंग्रेजी विषय का अध्ययन—अध्यापन कक्षा छठवी से एवं कालान्तर में कक्षा तीसरी से प्रारंभ किया गया था। छत्तीसगढ़ निर्माण पश्चात् अंग्रेजी भाषा का अध्यापन कक्षा पहली से प्रारंभ किया गया। अतः कक्षा तीसरी से पाँचवी की पुस्तकों में और अधिक उन्नयन अर्थात् अपग्रेडिंग की आवश्यकता थी। 2012—13 में कक्षा पहली एवं दूसरी की पुस्तकों का पुनःलेखन किया गया किन्तु कक्षा तीसरी, चौथी एवं पाँचवी की किताबें यथावत् प्रचलन में रही, NCERT द्वारा प्रत्येक कक्षा हेतु निर्धारित अधिगम प्रतिफल को ध्यान में रखते हुए पुस्तकों की प्रस्तुति, अभ्यास एवं विषय वस्तु की विविधता के साथ वर्तमान पुस्तकें तैयार की गई हैं। कक्षा छठवीं से आठवीं के लिए तैयार पुस्तकें संप्रेषण कौशल आधारित है। प्रयास यही है कि विद्यार्थी अपने अध्ययन के प्रारंभिक पाँच वर्षों में सामान्य भाषाई दक्षताओं को प्राप्त करने में सक्षम हो सकें।

कक्षा तीसरी से पाँचवीं की अंग्रेजी पाठ्यपुस्तकों में अभ्यास के अधिक अवसर देते हुए NCERT द्वारा तैयार पुस्तकों से भी पर्याप्त पाठों को शामिल किया गया है। पुस्तकों की विषय वस्तु को रूचिकर, परिवेशीय एवं बाल—मन अनुरूप बनाने का प्रयास किया गया है। चित्रों एवं मनोरंजक गतिविधियों के माध्यम से भाषा को भी अधिक सुगम एवं सुबोध बनाने का प्रयास किया गया है। हम आशा करते हैं कि बच्चे इन पुस्तकों को स्वतः पढ़ने की कोशिश करेंगे।

शिक्षकों और अभिभावकों से हमारा निवेदन हैं कि पाठ में आए हुए शब्दों और अभ्यासों की पुनरावृत्ति के लिए वे बच्चों को प्रेरित करेंगे ताकि बच्चे सहजता के साथ भाषा को सीख पाएँ और अपनी मातृभाषा के साथ—साथ अंग्रेजी भाषा का भी दैनिक जीवन में उपयोग कर सकें। इससे भाषा के प्रति उनकी झिझक और भय दोनों दूर होंगे। शिक्षक सतत् मूल्यांकन के साथ—साथ कक्षा अध्यापन को उन्तत बनाने एवं बच्चों की सिक्रिय सहभागिता को सुनिश्चित करने का प्रयास करेंगे।

स्कूल शिक्षा विभाग एवं राज्य शैक्षिक अनुसंधान और प्रशिक्षण परिषद्, छ.ग. द्वारा शिक्षकों एवं विद्यार्थियों में दक्षता संवर्धन हेतु अतिरिक्त पाठ्य संसाधन उपलब्ध कराने की दृष्टि से Energized Text Books एक अभिनव प्रयास है, जिसे ऑन लाईन एवं ऑफ लाईन (डाउनलोड करने के उपरांत) उपयोग किया जा सकता है। ETBs का प्रमुख उद्देश्य पाठ्यवस्तु के अतिरिक्त ऑडियो–वीडियो, एनीमेशन फॉरमेट में अधिगम सामग्री, संबंधित अभ्यास, प्रश्न एवं शिक्षकों के लिए संदर्भ सामग्री प्रदान करना है।

इस पुस्तक के संदर्भ में समीक्षात्मक सुझावों का हम सदैव स्वागत करते हैं और आपकी प्रतिपुष्टियों के माध्यम से विद्यार्थियों के लिए इसे और अधिक लाभप्रद बनाने का प्रयास जारी रहेगा।

#### संचालक

राज्य शैक्षिक अनुसंधान और प्रशिक्षण परिषद् छत्तीसगढ़, रायपुर

# किताबें कुछ कहना चाहती है, आपके साथ रहना चाहती हैं।

बच्चे अपने आस—पास को बहुत नज़दीक से जानते हैं। शाला की प्रारंभिक कक्षाओं में अध्ययनरत बच्चों के मानस पटल को दृष्टिगत रखते हुए उन विषयवस्तु का चयन किया गया है जो उनके आस—पास उपलब्ध है, या उनके दैनिक जीवन से संबंधित है।

हमने बच्चों के सीखने की प्रक्रिया और उनके मनोविज्ञान के परिप्रेक्ष्य में भाषायी उद्देश्यों को प्राप्त करने की कोशिश की है। सुनने, बोलने, पढ़ने एवं लिखने के कौशलों को विकसित करने की दृष्टि से दैनिक जीवन के जीवंत उदाहरणों के द्वारा भाषा उपयोग के अधिकाधिक अवसर उपलब्ध कराते हुए इसके प्रति बच्चों का भय दूर करने का प्रयास किया गया है।

इस किताब में हमने कविताओं एवं कहानियों को सम्मिलित किया है। विभिन्न संदर्भों, अभ्यास एवं Fun time जैसी गतिविधियों के माध्यम से अंग्रेजी को प्रयोग में लाने का प्रयास किया है।

शिक्षक, बच्चों एवं किताबों के बीच की सबसे मजबूत कड़ी है इसलिए किताब की सफलता या भाषा के उद्देश्यों की पूर्ति तभी संभव हो पाएगी जब शिक्षक इसे बेहतर तरीके से बच्चों तक पहुँचाएँगे। बच्चों को अँग्रेजी भाषा के प्रयोग के अधिकाधिक अवसर प्रदान करेंगे। शिक्षकों से हमारी अपेक्षा है कि वे शब्दों के सही उच्चारण हेतु Dictionary का उपयोग अवश्य करें। Flash cards, Authentic materials, Class activities एवं यथासंभव Multimedia उपयोग द्वारा कक्षा वातावरण को अधिक सजीव एवं आनंददायी बनाये। आशा है कि इस किताब में दिये गये अभ्यास एवं गतिविधियों के माध्यम से बच्चे अंग्रेजी को Minimum शाब्दिक स्तर पर बोलना प्रारंभ करते हुए अंग्रेजी की सामान्य संरचनाओं के प्रयोग तक पहुँचेंगे।

गतिविधियाँ कराते समय प्रत्येक बच्चे की सक्रिय सहभागिता सुनिश्चित करें। उद्देश्यों की पूर्ति हेतु शिक्षक स्वयं कुछ अन्य गतिविधियाँ भी करवा सकते हैं। अंग्रेजी शिक्षण में अधिगम प्रतिफलों की समझ एवं उनको अध्ययन—अध्यापन के माध्यम से प्रस्तुत करने की अपेक्षा के साथ अधिगम प्रतिफल की सूची संलग्न की गई है।

आशा करते हैं कि यह किताब अँग्रेजी भाषा के प्रति बच्चों में रुचि जागृत करने एवं उनमें भाषायी कौशल विकसित करने में सहायक होगी। आपके विचारों एवं सुझावों से हमें अवश्य अवगत कराएँ।

> राज्य शैक्षिक अनुसंधान और प्रशिक्षण परिषद् छत्तीसगढ़, रायपुर

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#### **Suggested Pedagogical Processes**

# The learner may be provided opportunities in pairs/groups/ individually and encouraged to:

- sing songs/ recite poems in English with intonation.
- participate in role-play, enactment of skits.
- read aloud short texts/ scripts on the walls, with pronunciation and pause
- listen to and communicate oral / telephonic messages
- collect books for independent reading in English and other languages/Braille with a variety of themes (adventure, stories, fairy tales, etc.)
- read posters, tickets, labels, pamphlets, newspapers etc.
- take dictation of words/phrases/sentences short paragraphs from known and unknown texts.
- draw and write short sentences related to stories read, and speak about their drawing or writing work.
- · raise questions on the text read.
- enrich vocabulary in English through listening to and reading stories/folk tales.
- use nouns, pronouns, adjectives and prepositions in speech and writing.
- use terms such as 'add', 'remove', 'replace', etc., that they come across in Maths, and words such as 'rain', 'build' in EVS.
- identify opposites and use in communication, for example 'tall/short', 'inside/outside', 'fat/ thin' etc.

#### **Learning Outcomes**

#### The learner:

- 1. recites poems individually/ in groups with correct pronounciation and intonation.
- performs in events such as role-play/ skit in English with appropriate expressions
- 3. reads aloud with appropriate pronunciation and pause
- reads small texts in English with comprehension i.e., identifies main idea, details and sequence and draws conclusions in English.
- 5. expresses orally her/his opinion/ understanding about the story and characters in the story, in English/ home language.
- responds appropriately to oral messages/ telephonic communication.
- 7. writes/types dictation of words/ phrases/sentences.
- 8. uses meaningful short sentences in English, orally and in writing, uses a variety of nouns, pronouns, adjectives and prepositions in context as compared to previous class.
- 9. distinguishes between simple past and simple present tenses
- 10. identifies opposites like 'day/night', 'close-open', and such others.
- 11. uses punctuation such as question mark, full stop and capital letters appropriately.
- 12. reads printed scripts on the classroom walls: poems, posters, charts etc.
- 13. writes 5-6 sentences in English on personal experiences/events using verbal or visual clues.
- 14. uses vocabulary related to subjects like Maths, EVS, relevant to class III.

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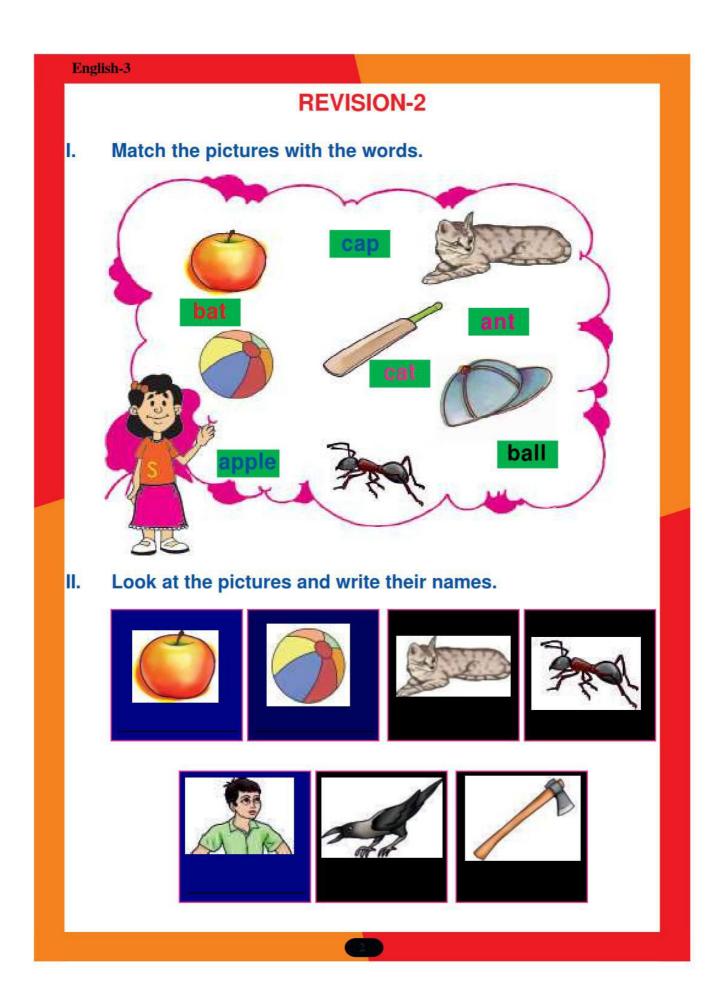
NO.	LESSON	PAGI	
	REVISION	1-6	
1.	GOD BLESS YOU	7-9	
2.	LET'S KNOW EACH OTHER	10-14	
3.	WHO IS WHO	15-16	
4.	HELLO! HELLO!	17-21	
5.	GOD MADE ALL	22-24	
6.	THE WEEK	25-26	
7.	IN THE YEAR	27-29	
8.	PARTS OF THE BODY	30-32	
9.	DOING THINGS	33-37	
10.	DEARDEAR	38-40	
11.	MILK-MAID	41-44	
12.	A BAD CAT	45-49	
13.	A HAPPY CHILD	50-54	
14.	LET US HURRY	55-61	
15.	THE SWING	62-65	

66-73

16.

WHO IS CLEVER

# REVISION **REVISION-1** Look at the picture. How many things can you name? Write them in English. Example cat kite



				REVISION
	REV	ISION-3		
Look at the pi	cture and p	ut a tick (✔)	against the rig	ht word.
gir gir	( )		woman teacher king	( )
lion	1 ()		jar jug bottle	( ) ( ) ( )
pa	per ( )		egg leg bag	( )
			rd for the pict	ures and
Example				
उदाहरण	1. <del>K</del> 2. K 3. K 4. J 5. L	I N I T E Y U G I O	E N	
1	6. J	E E	P	
	borgin jok  do lion cat  write the corcross the work  Example  उदाहरण	Look at the picture and p  boy ( ) girl ( ) joker ( ✓ )  dog ( ) lion ( ) cat ( )  kite ( ) paper ( ) kind ( )  Write the correct number cross the word in the box  Example 3 create ( )  1. K 2. K 3. K 4. J 5. L 6. J	boy ( ) girl ( ) joker ( ✓ )  dog ( ) lion ( ) cat ( )  kite ( ) paper ( ) kind ( )  Write the correct number of the work cross the word in the box.  Example 3GIETUI 1. K I N 2. K I T 3. K E Y 4. J U G 5. L I O 6. J E E	Look at the picture and put a tick (*) against the right boy ( ) girl ( ) girl ( ) joker ( *)    dog ( ) jar jug bottle  kite ( ) paper ( ) kind ( ) egg leg bag  Write the correct number of the word for the pict cross the word in the box.  Example  3. K E Y  4. J U G  5. L I O N  6. J E E P

## English-3

# **REVISION-4**

 Look at each picture and say 'Right' or 'Wrong'. Cross the words that do not go with the pictures.



Example : an owl



a mango





a nest

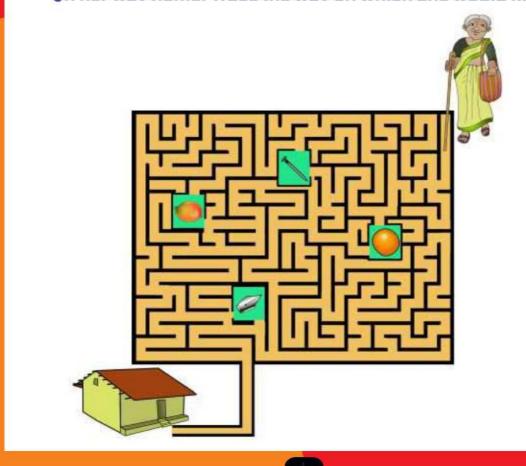


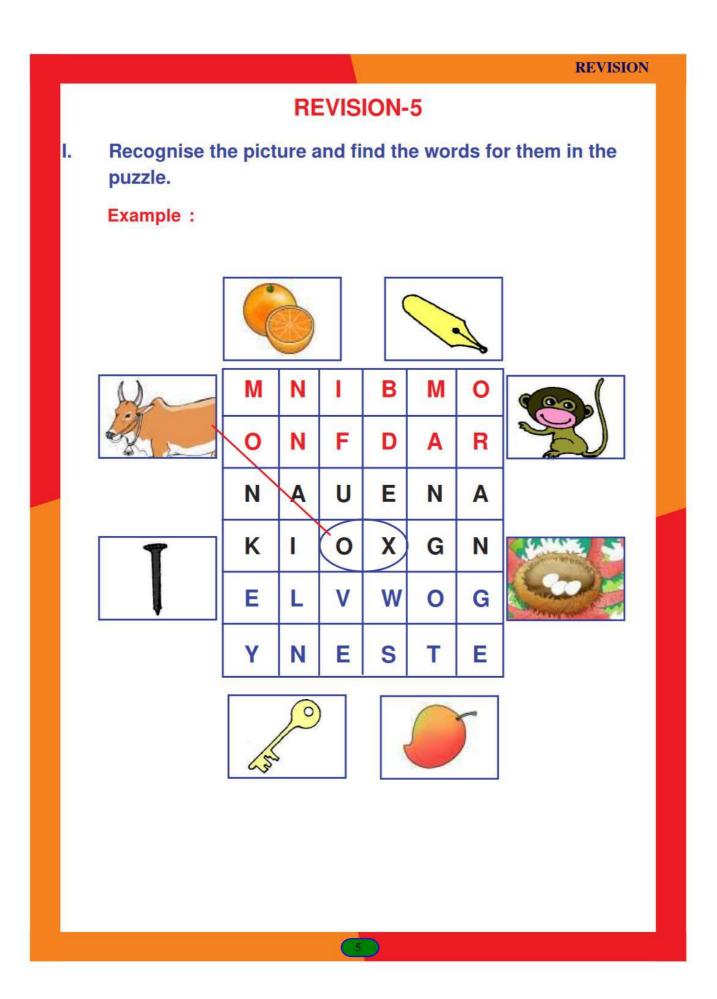
an ox



a monkey

II. The grandmother has lost a mango, an orange, a nail and a nib on her way home. Trace the way on which she would find them.

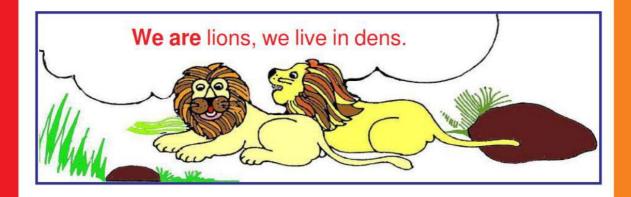




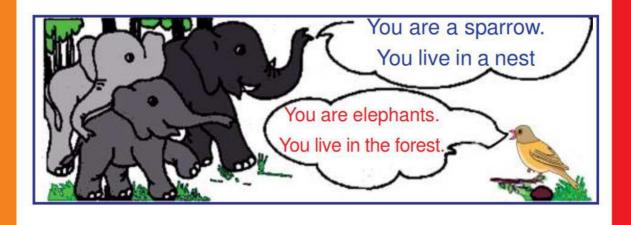
#### **English-3**

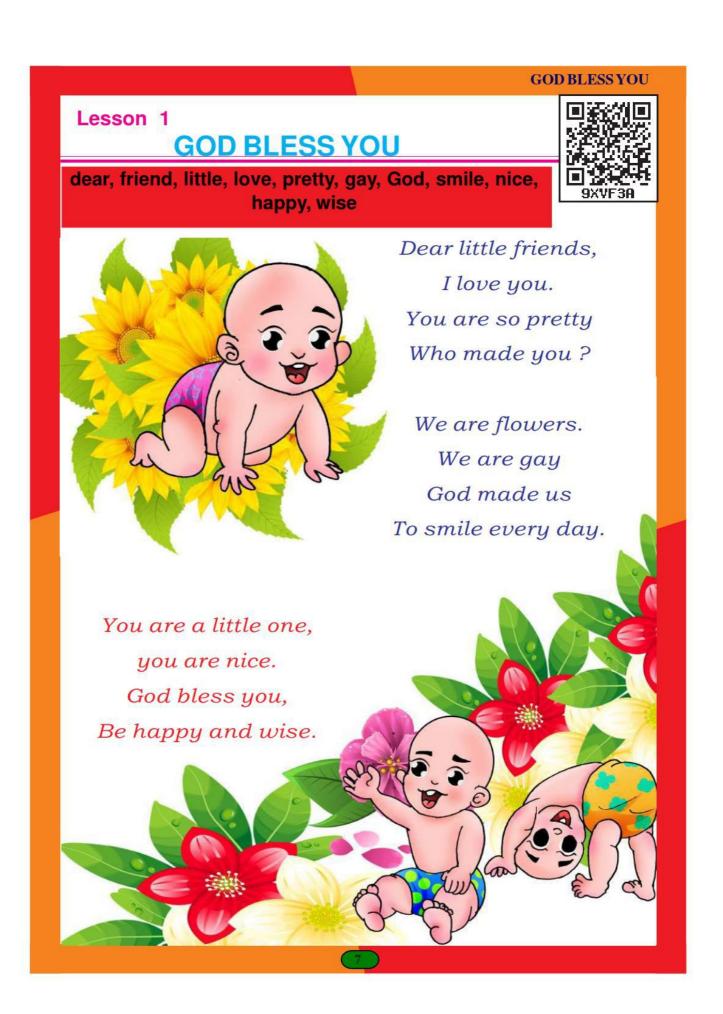
# **REVISION-6**

Look at the pictures and say these sentences.



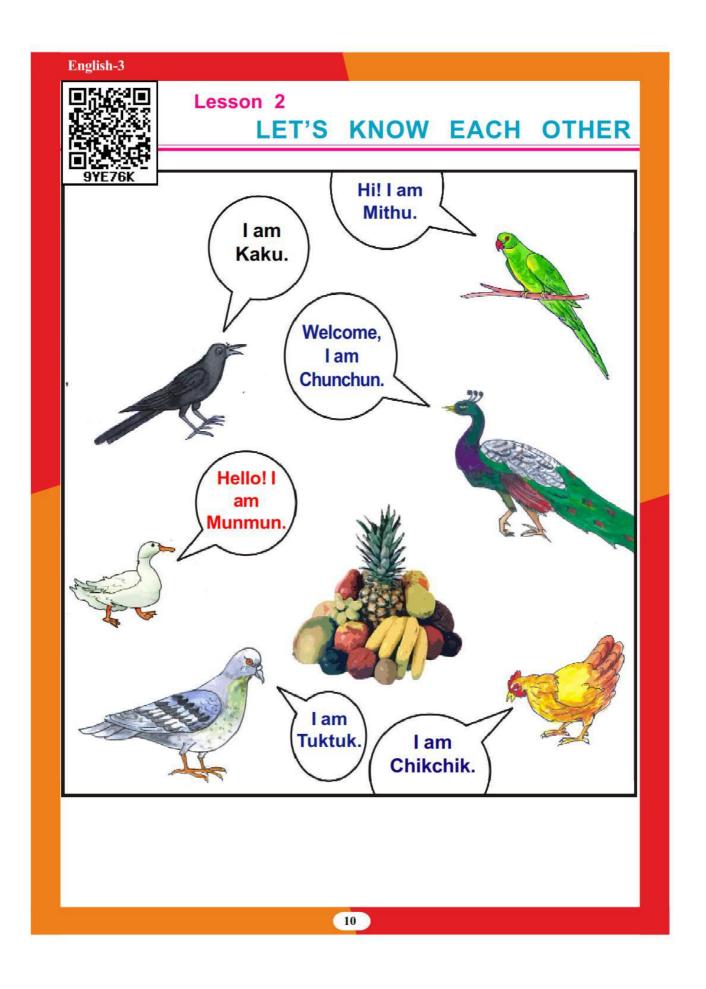


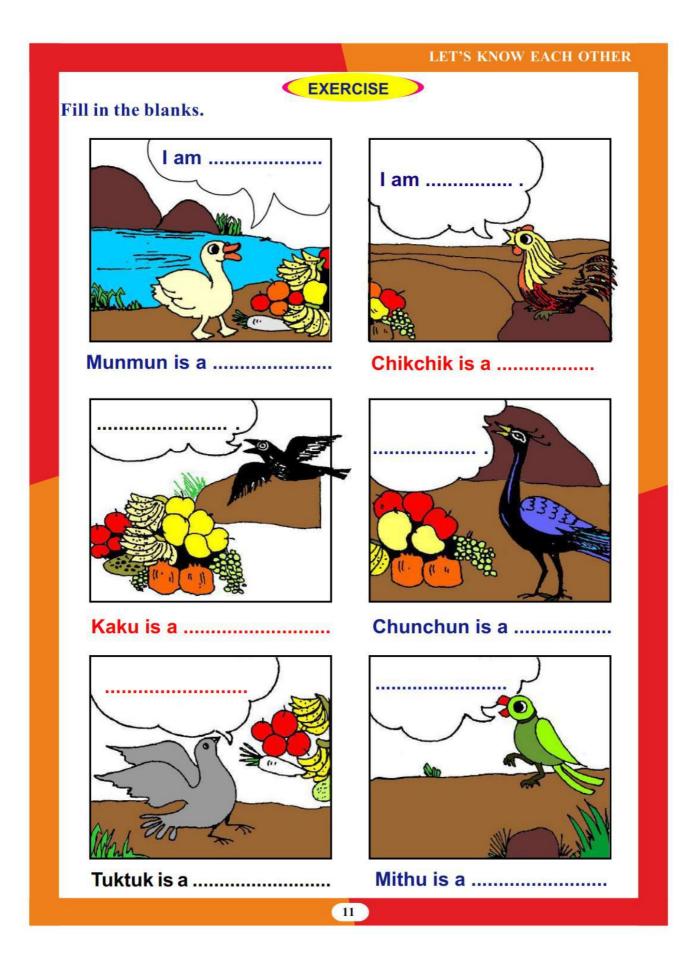


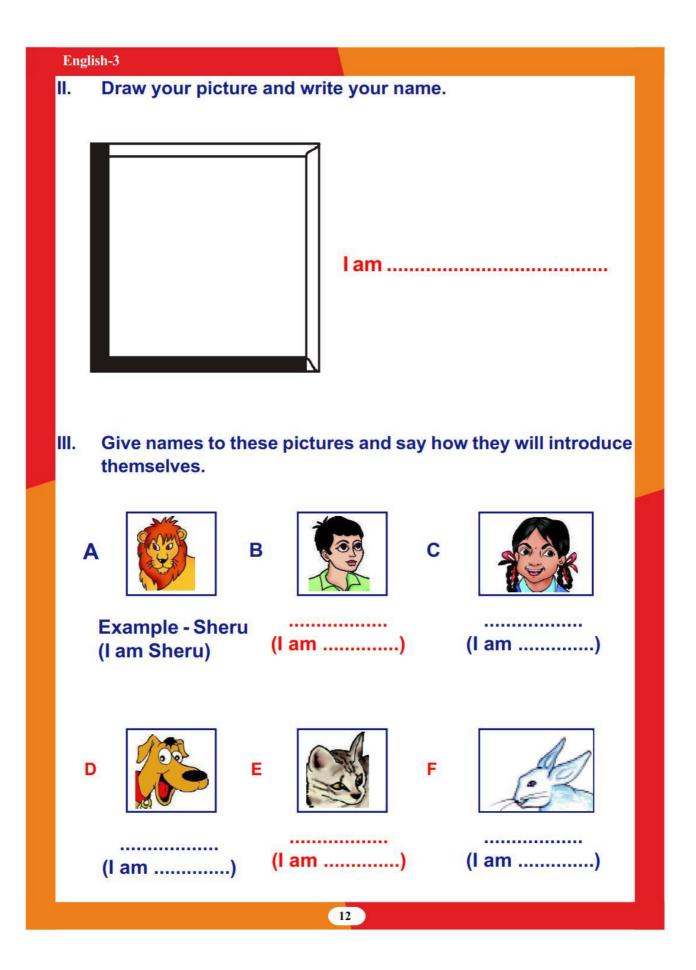




# **GOD BLESS YOU** III. Look at the pictures and complete the sentences. We are ..... We are ..... We like biscuits too. We also like biscuits. We are ..... We are ..... We also like biscuits. We also like biscuits.

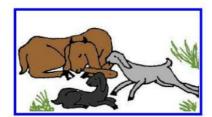




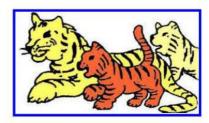


#### LET'S KNOW EACH OTHER

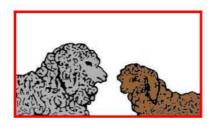
#### IV. Read aloud.



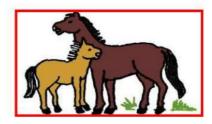
A goat and kids.



A tiger and cubs.



A sheep and a lamb.



A horse and a foal.



A dog and puppies.



A cat and kittens.

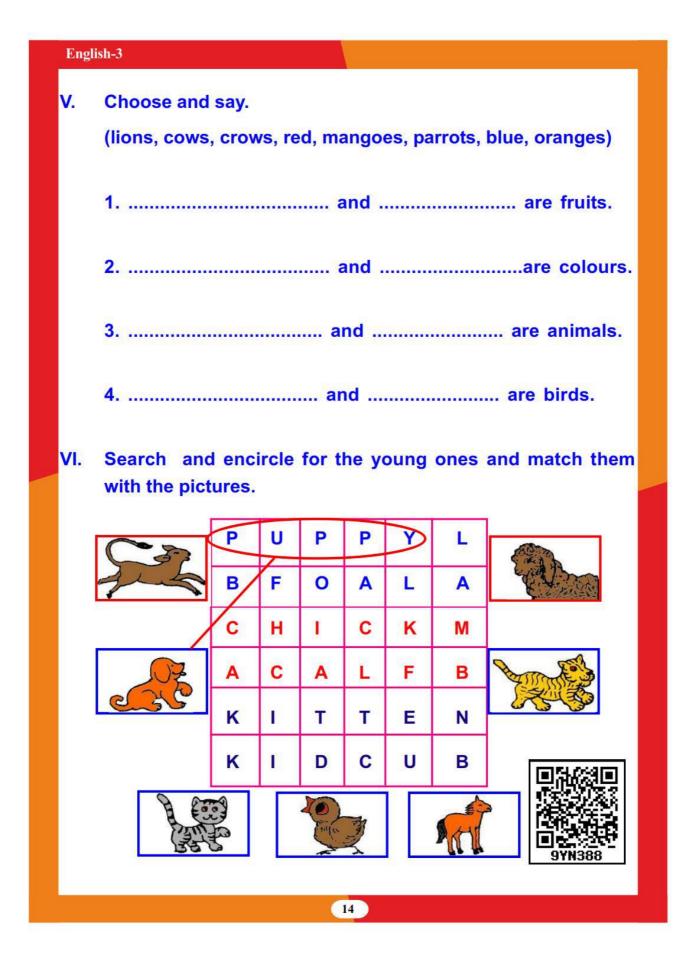


A cow and a calf.



A hen and chicks.

13



WHO IS WHO

Lesson 3

# WHO IS WHO



doctor, teacher, lawyer, nurse, postman, typist



This is Mr. Sinha. He is a doctor. His father is a shopkeeper.

> This is Mr. Sahu. He is a lawyer. His son is a teacher.





This is Mrs. Mishra.
She is a teacher.
Her brother is a farmer.

This is Miss Ekka. She is a nurse. Her mother is a typist.



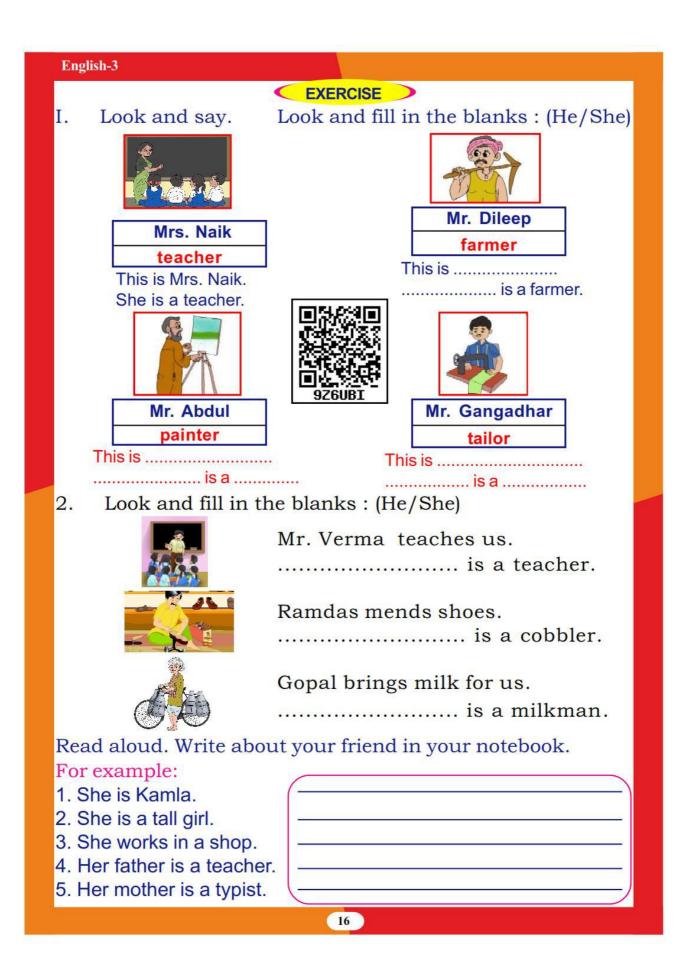


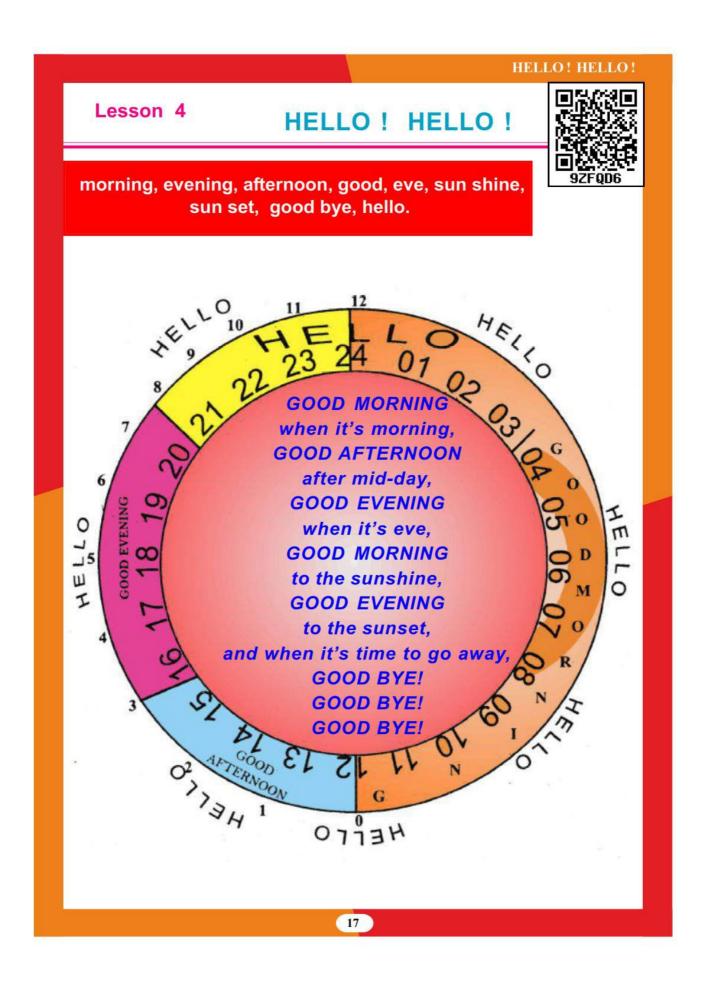
This is Mr. Ram Prasad. He is a postman. His daughter is an artist.

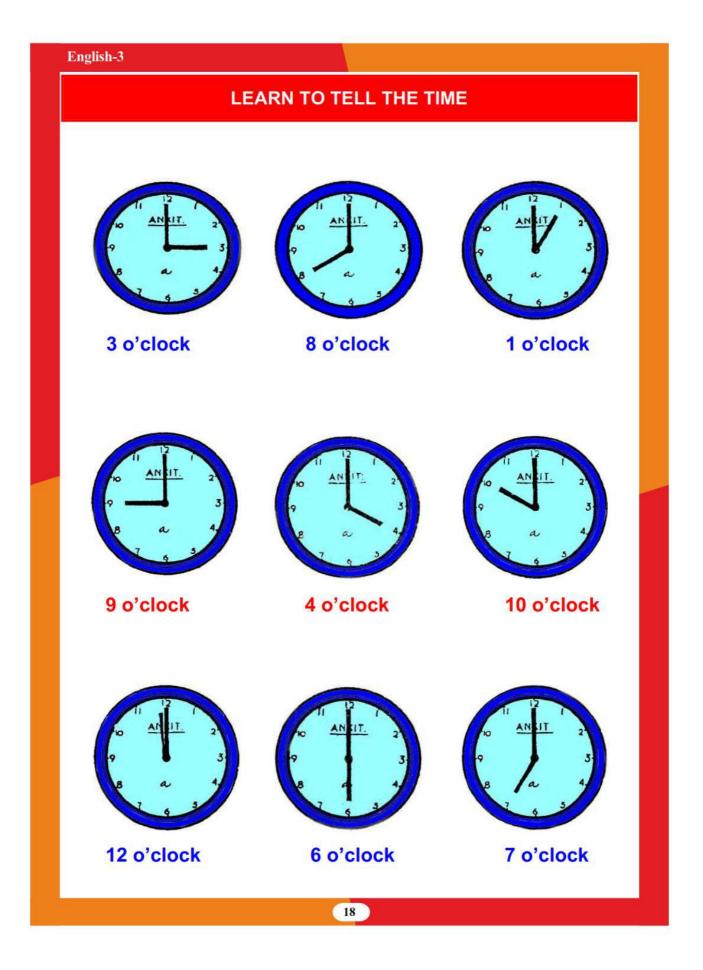
This is Mr. Kunjam. He is a police inspector. His father is a tailor.



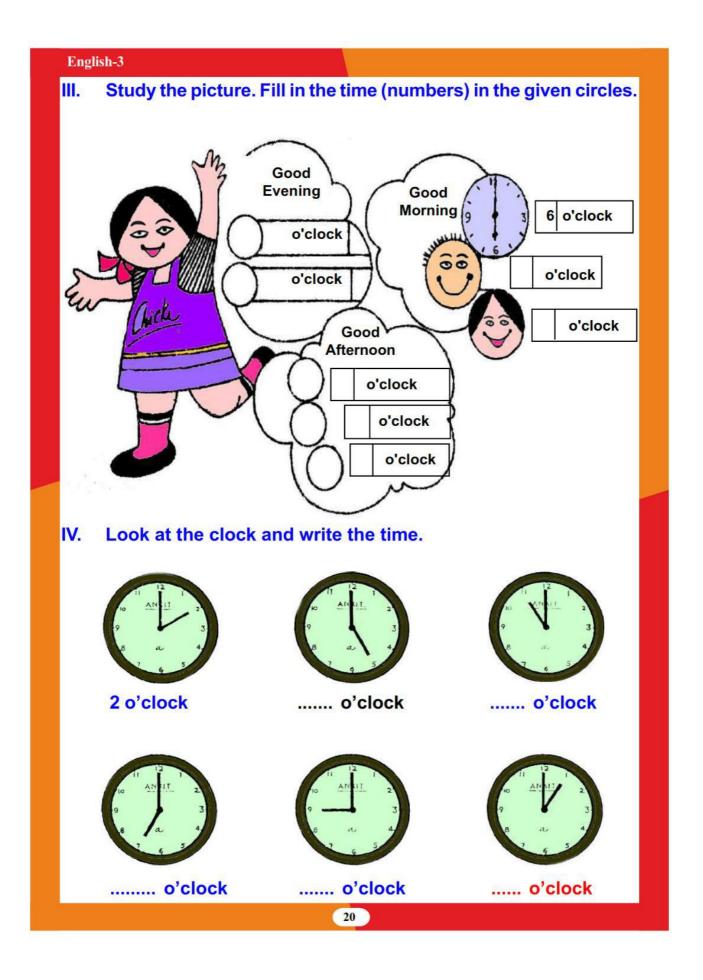
this	miss	sis	
he	she	me	

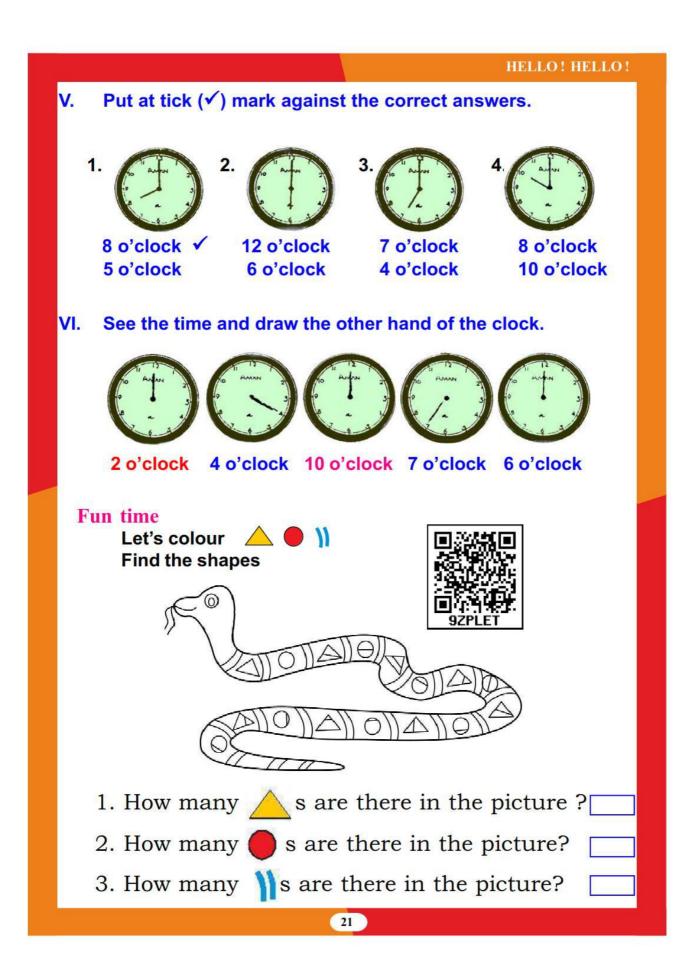


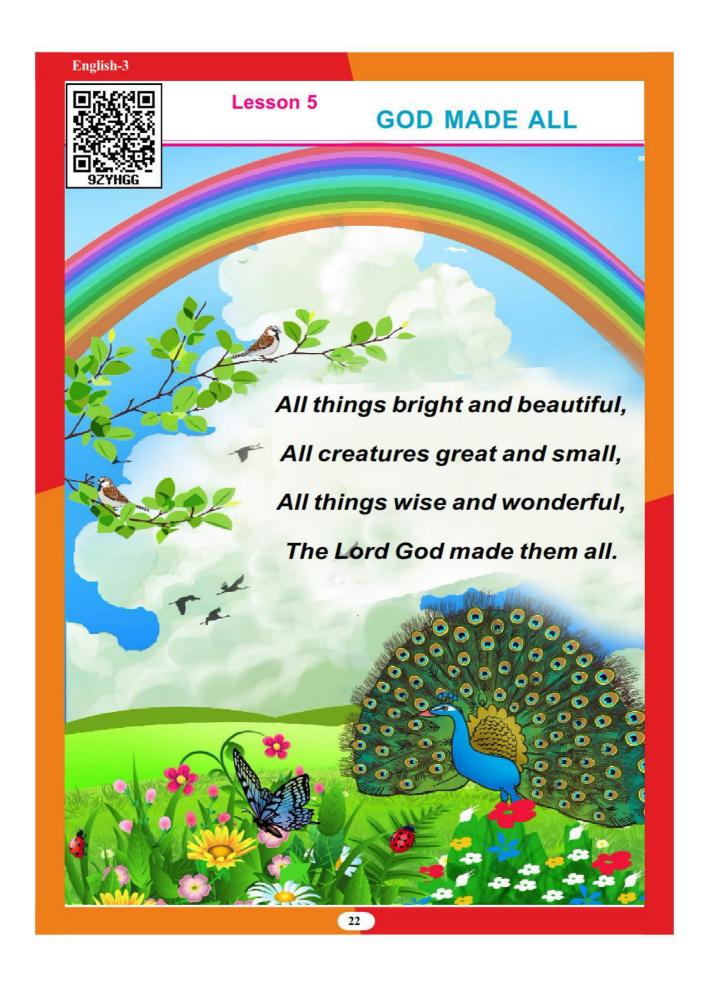


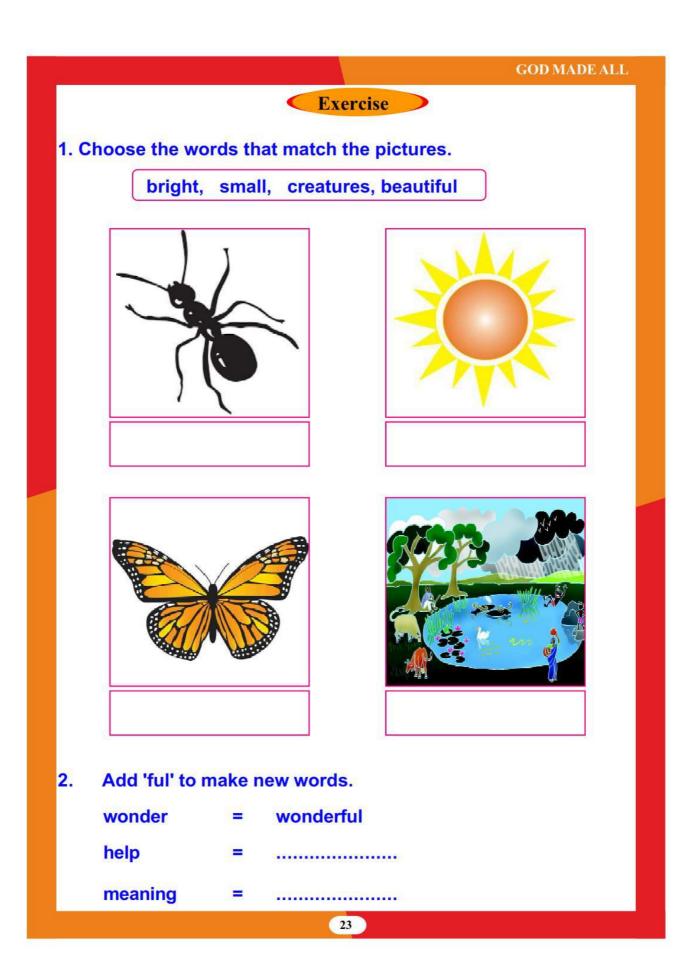


		HELLO! HELLO!
	EXERCISE	
L	What will you say to greet someone?	
	(1) in the morning	
	(2) in the evening	
	(3) in the afternoon	
II.	What will be the greetings for the time in	
	correct number of the greetings below t	he clocks.
	(1) Good morning (2) Good aftern	oon
	(3) Good evening	
,		
	10 AMMN 2 9 3 8 4 4	11 AMAN 21 3 3 3 4 7 5 5
	3 p.m	i a.m
	8 a 4	
ì	Example: (1) 11a.m. Good morning	10 AMM 2 9 3 8 a 4
	7 p.m	2 p.m



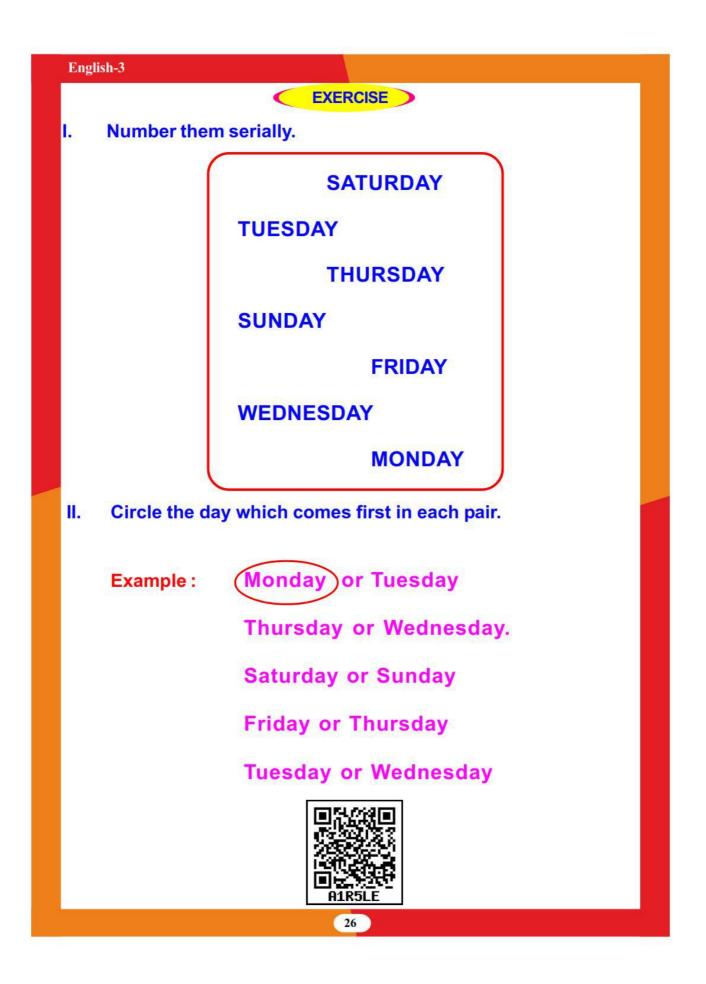




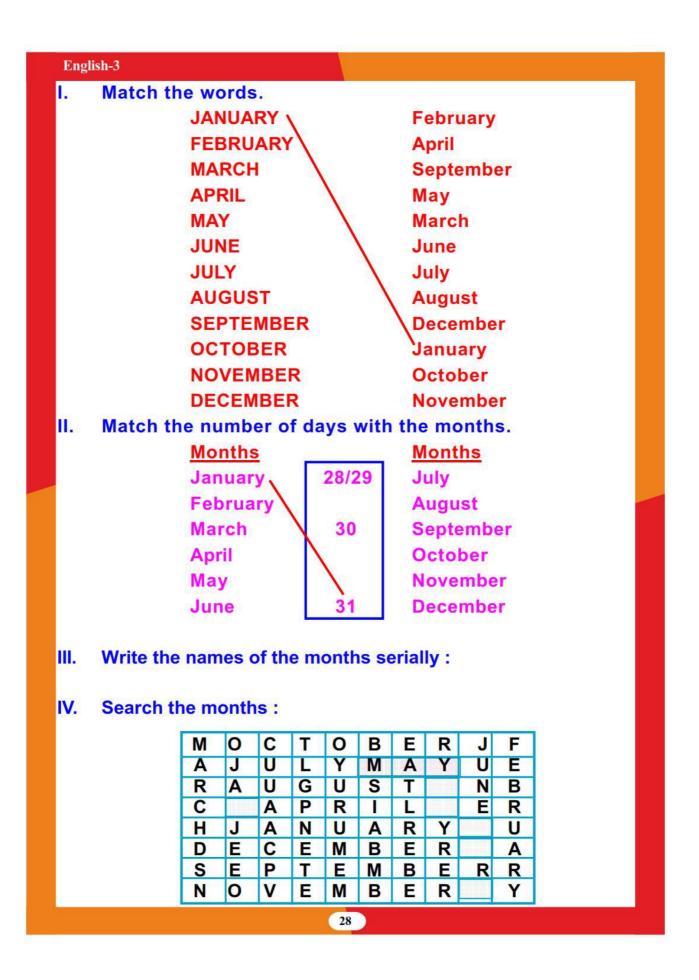


Engl	ish-3			
(3)	Write the name of things th	at you think are b	eautiful.	
	1. my frock	2		
	3	4		
	5	6		
	7	8		
	9	10		
(4)	Complete the gaps.			
	1. Two bright things	sun		
	2. Two small creatures			
	3. Two big creatures			
	4. Two wonderful things			
(5)	Spot the differences and co	olour the pictures.		
The file				
	<del>.</del>	18014		

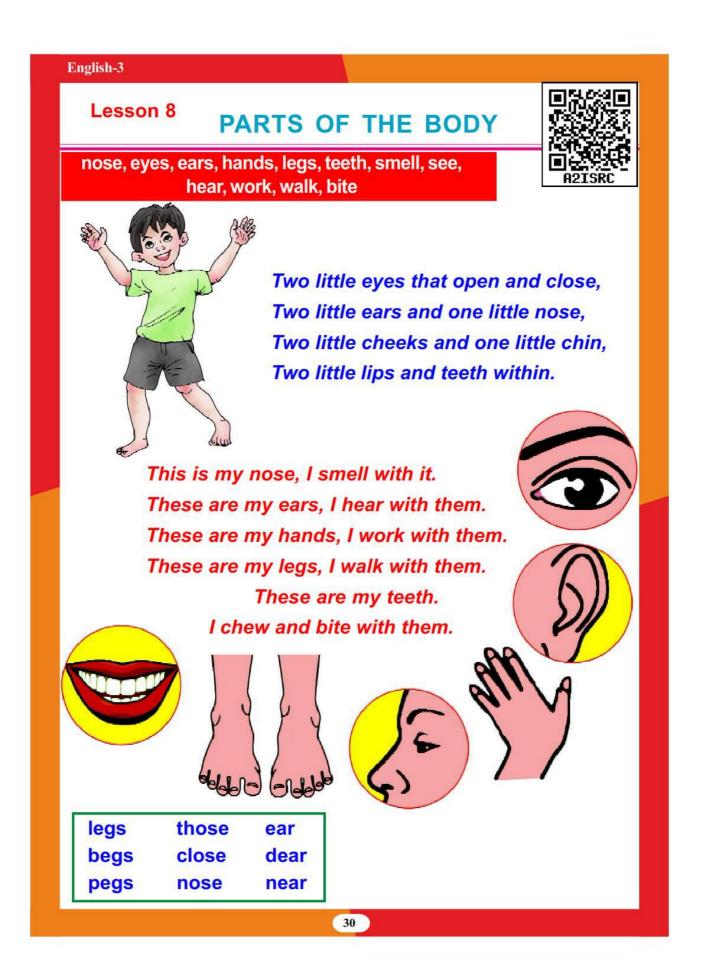


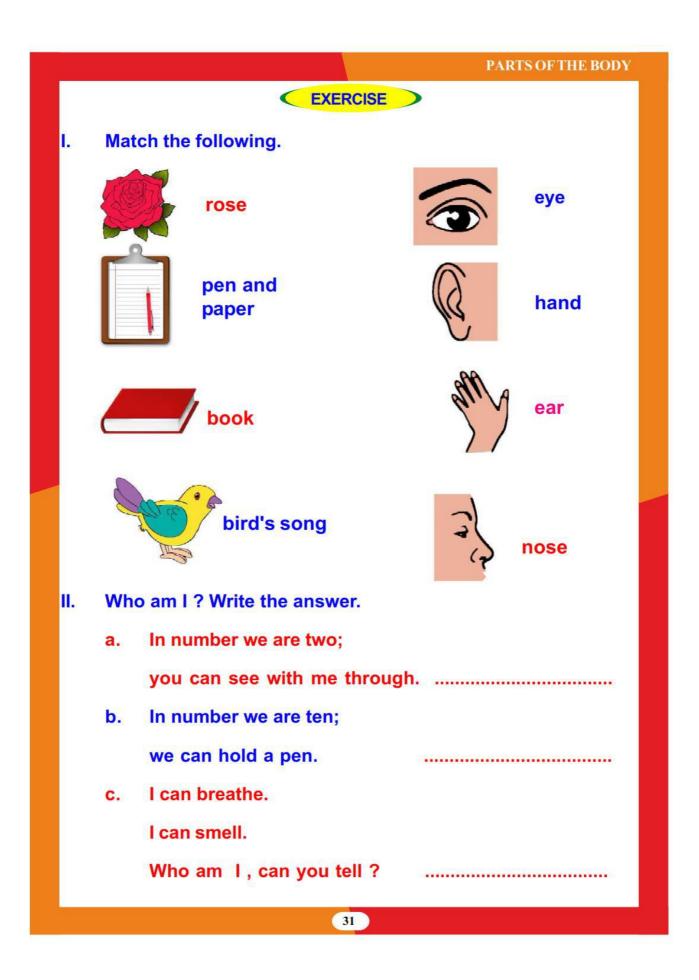




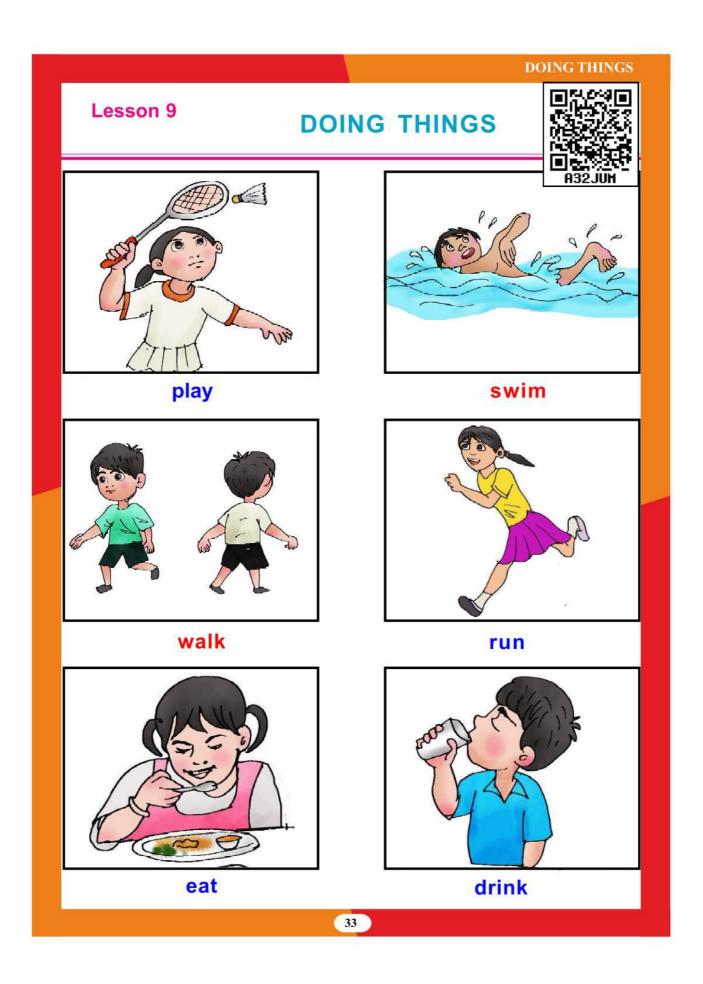


2							I	N THE	YEAR
			EXE	RCISE					
I. A. Study the calendar and answer.									
	2005 JANUARY								
	With A	Sun		Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	
		923		Ye	123	121	-20	1	
		9	3 10	4	5	6 13		8 15	
		16			19			22	
					26			29	
1 0		30							
Evample	:1. The mon	th star	ted on	a Satı	ırday				
*. 35 \$ 1,0 × 3,0 × 10.2.1									
उदाहरण	2. There ar	e			_ Sunda	ays in t	the m	onth. (c	ount)
	3. The mo	nth is							
	4. The mor	nth has	3					days.	
	5. The 21st	of the	month	is a _					
	6. There ar	re five	Sunda	ys, fiv	e			8	and
	7. The next	page	in the	calend	ar is of	the mo	nth of		<u>D</u> (1)
В.	Circle the	dates	(numb	oers) i	n the c	alenda	ar.		
	11 28	23	31 5	2	25	18			
C.	Write down	n how	many	these	days a	re in	the ca	alenda	OI.
	1. Fridays		fou	r					
	2. Monday	/S						[ <b>—-</b> :-	
	3. Saturda	iys							(2) (2) (2)
	4. Wednes	sdays		1/2					
	5. Tuesda	ys		Ī				R29I	IPP
				29					



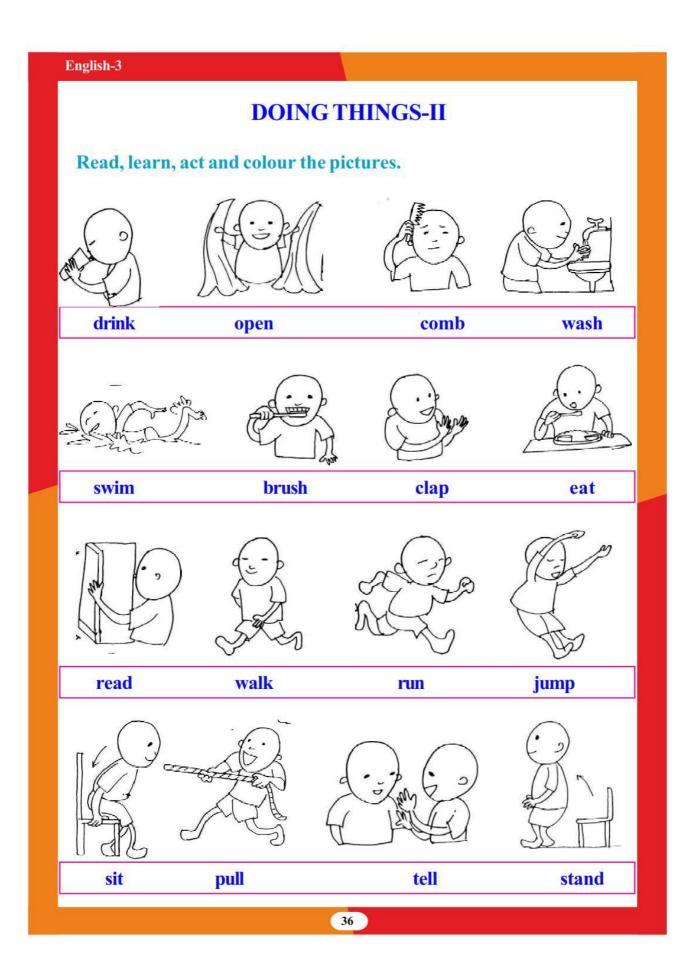


En	glish-3						
III.	ACTIVI	TY					
	(1) Te	Teacher : I can jump. Am I the legs?					
	St	Students : Yes, you are.					
	(2) Te	eacher : I can cla	p. Am I the fee	R2SNSZ			
	St	Students : No, you are not. You are the hands.					
	(3) Te	eacher : You brus	sh me. Am I th	e face ?			
	St	tudents : No, you	are not. You	are the teeth.			
	(4) Te	eacher : I am blac	k. Am I the ha	ir ?			
	St	tudent : Yes, you	are.				
IV.	Which	of these are m	ore than one	. Put a tick (✓) mark on			
	them.						
	9	yes	nose	teeth			
		nouth	ears	head			
	, "						
		lips	stomac	in			
V.	Name t	he parts of the b	ody used whe	n you do the following :			
	1. pray						
	2. run						
	3. dance	·					
	4. write						
	5. drink						
	6. smell						

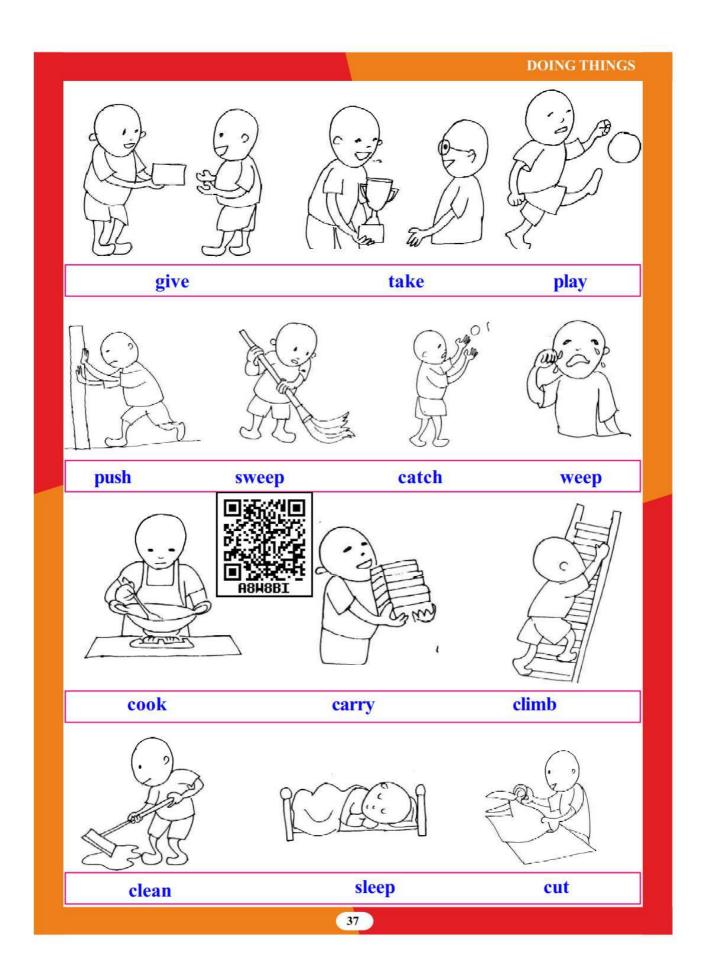




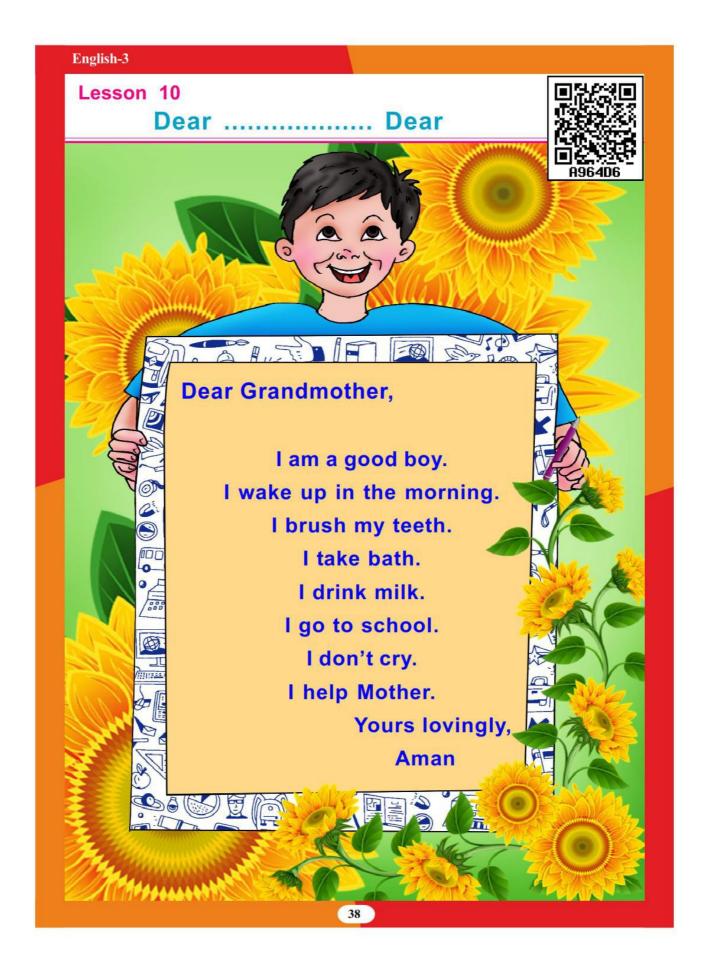


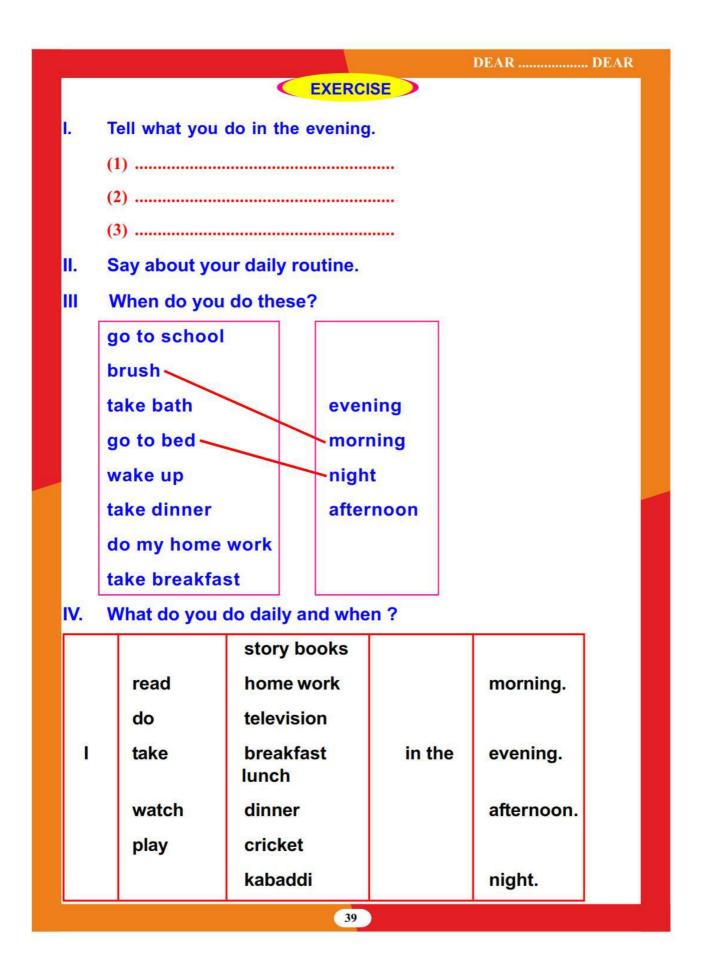


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- V. Write your daily routine in your notebook.
- VI. Complete the table.

Hints: get up - got up, have - had, go - went, return - returned

Things I do everyday.	Things I did yesterday.	
1. I get up at	I got up at	
2. I have a bath at	I had a bath at	
3. I go to school at	I went to school at	
4. I have lunch at	I had lunch at	
5. I return home at	I returned home at	
6. I go to sleep	I went to sleep	

- VII. Put comma (,) fullstop (.) question mark (?) and use capital letters where necessary.
  - 1. i am mukesh
  - 2. my mother bought bananas apples and oranges
  - 3. can you play with me
  - you are my friend
  - 5. is your father in the house
  - 6. meena tina and reena are sisters







M		IA	

## **EXERCISE**

What would you say when you want to go out of the class room?

Example: Madam, may I go out?

- 1. to come inside the class room
- 2. to go home
- 3. to take
  - (a) Radha's book.
  - (b) Ravi's scale.
  - (c) Sudha's balloons.
- II. Manu, Annie and Somu are your friends. Look at the table below and tell how you would ask your friend for the things that he has.

	Сар	bat	ball	cup	car	watch
Manu	<b>√</b>	1	x	<b>~</b>	1	x
Annie	x	<b>*</b>	<b>✓</b>	x	1	<b>~</b>
Somu	x	x	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	1	x

Example: Annie, may I have your bat?
Yes, you may.

III. Look at the picture. There are many things to eat. Ask for the things you like.

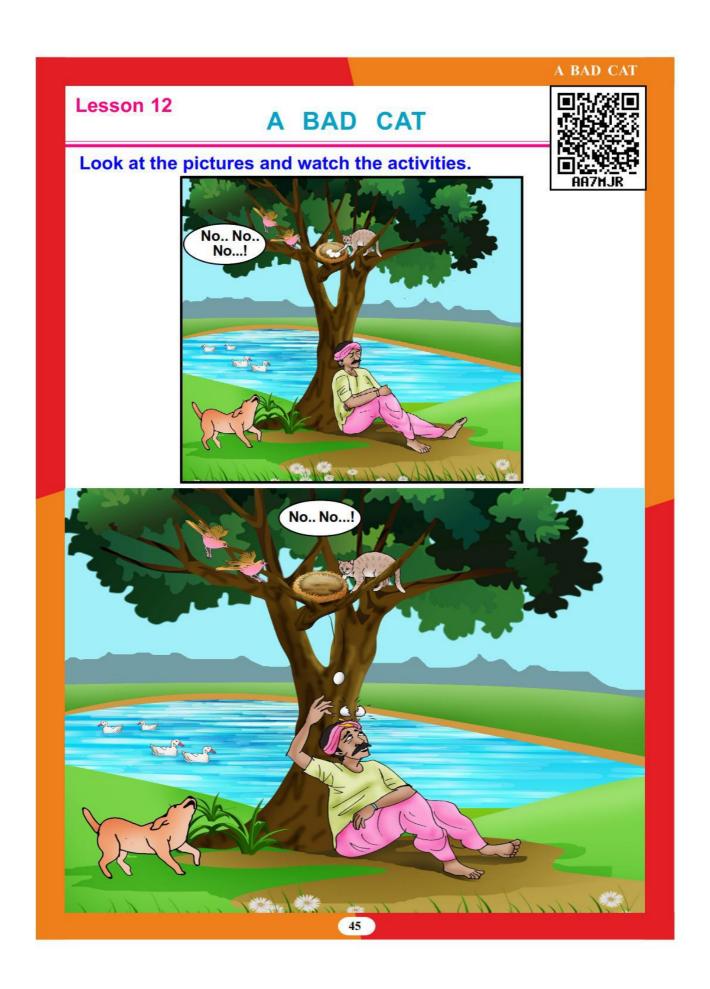
Example: May I	have an	icecream	?
May I		?	

May I .....?

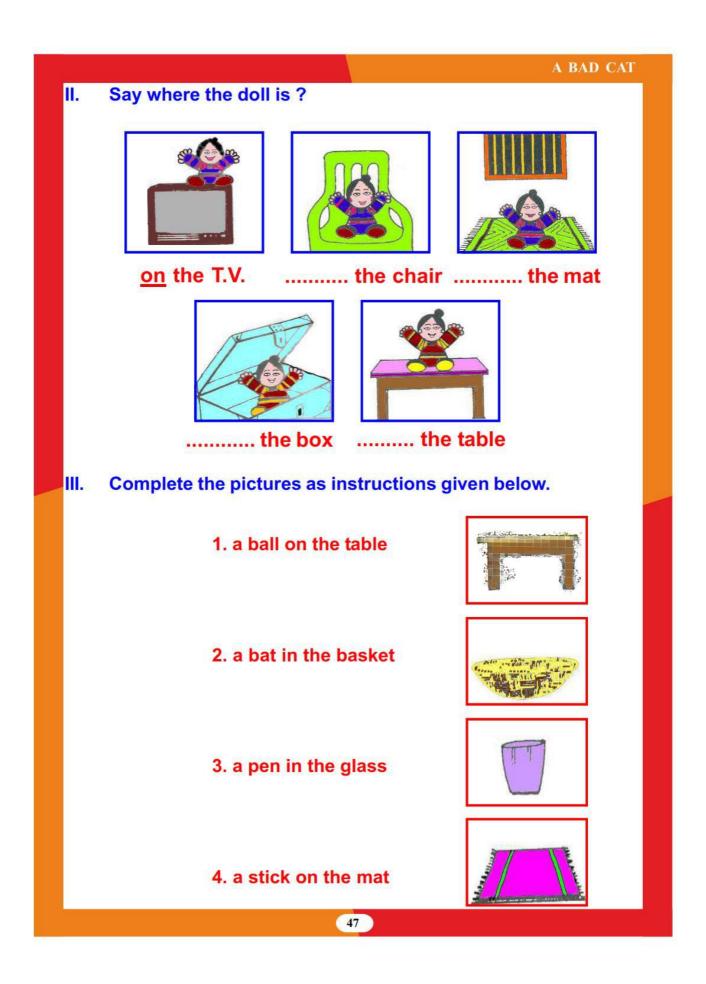
May I .....?







Eng	lish-3		
		EXERCISE	
l.	Loo	k at the picture in the lesson and say after the teacher.	
	1.	The birds are flying <u>in</u> the sky.	
	2.	The eggs are lying <u>in</u> the nest.	
	3.	The man is resting <u>under</u> the tree.	
	4.	The frog is sitting on the log.	
	5.	The ducks are swimming <u>in</u> the pond.	
	6.	The dog is standing <u>under</u> the tree.	
	7.	The man is looking <u>at</u> the bad cat.	
	8.	The fishes	
	9.	The vegetables are	
	10.	The nest is	
		46	



IV. Fill in the blanks given below and say what you see in the picture.

## Example:



- 1. an egg ......in..... the plate
- 2. a bird ..... the nest
- 3. a pen ..... the glass
- 4. a ball ..... the table
- 5. a cat ..... the mat

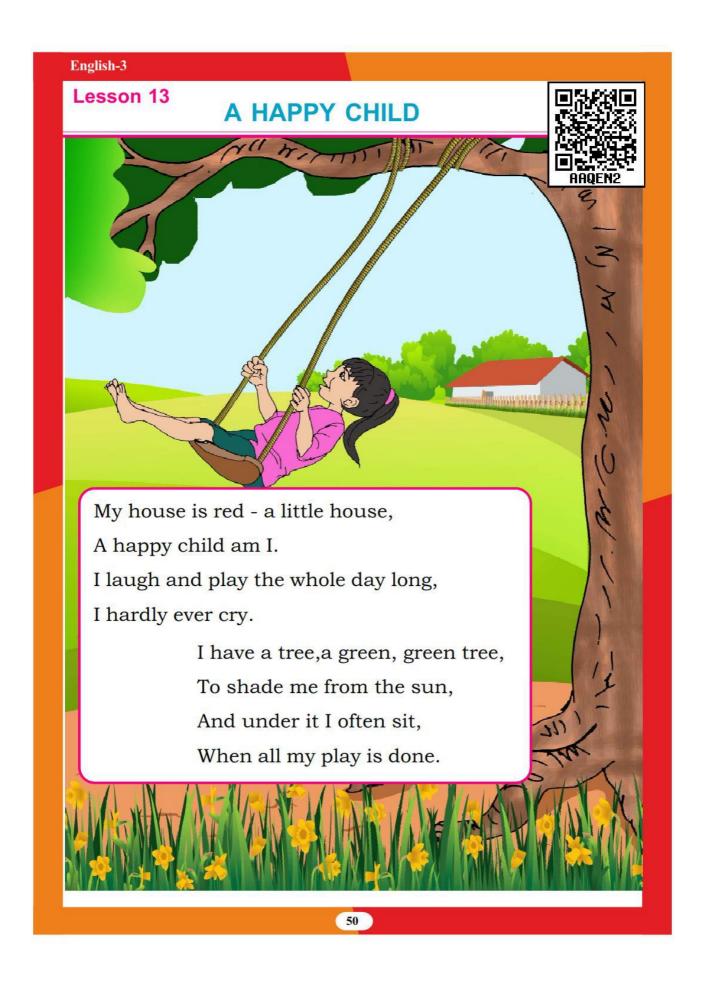
## V. Activity

Do as your teacher says.

- (1) Put your notebook in the bag.
- (2) Put your cap on the head.
- (3) Put your book on the table.
- (4) Put your pen in the pencil box.

48

animals	climb t	rees	work in	fields	give us milk	carry loads	run fast
cat							
dog							
ох							
monkey							
elephant							
goat							
horse							
ducl	<b>K</b> :					AND	
frog	:	••••		9			
egg	:			1.111	CA WATE US		11/11/
					%10 (23)		



A HAPPY CHILD

#### I. New words

whole, hardly ever, shade, often

#### II. Read and write

- (A) 1. The happy child lives in a little ...... house.
  - 2. She laughs and..... the whole day long.
  - 3. The green tree shades her from the ......
- **(B)** Tick  $(\checkmark)$  the correct sentences.
  - 1. The happy child always cries.
  - 2. She plays the whole day.
  - 3. There is no shade under the green tree.
  - 4. The happy child likes to sit under the tree.

#### III. Say aloud

little, whole, hardly, shade, often, when

#### IV. Let's talk

- (a) Are you happy today?
- (b) Are you sad today?
- (c) What makes you happy?
- (d) What makes you sad?
- (e) Name the colours with which you like to paint your house.

## V. Vocabulary

(A) Choose the words from the box to complete the paragraph given below:

hardly, shade, whole, often

Bunty and his sister play under the \_\_\_\_\_ of the Neem tree every afternoon. Today his sister brought a big

English-3
guava.Bunty was hungry, so he ate the guava. The old milkman sits under the tree and tells them stories. They like him and miss any chance of listening to the stories.
(B) Read the poem and complete the sentence with the correct word :
1. The child is (happy / sad)
2. I and play. (laugh / cry)
3. I have a tree. (green / little)
4. I sit under the tree when my play
(is done/ begins)
VI. Structures in context
(A) Circle the naming words (nouns) in the poem.
My house is red - a little house,
A happy child am I.
I laugh and play the whole day long,
I hardly ever cry.
I have a tree,a green, green tree,
To shade me from the sun,
And under it I often sit,
When all my play is done.

#### A HAPPY CHILD

## (B) Give the plural forms of the given words:

house

child

day

tree

## (C) Seperate the words into countable and un countable nouns.

teeth leaves roses hair mangoes water

## VII. Listen and repeat

a red red house

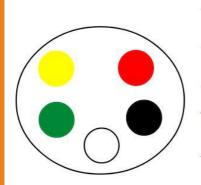
a green green tree

pink pink flowers

the blue blue sky

a white white cloud

# Now use the colours and the words given below to make new phrases.



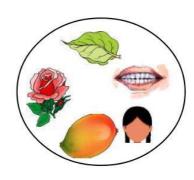
a yellow teeth

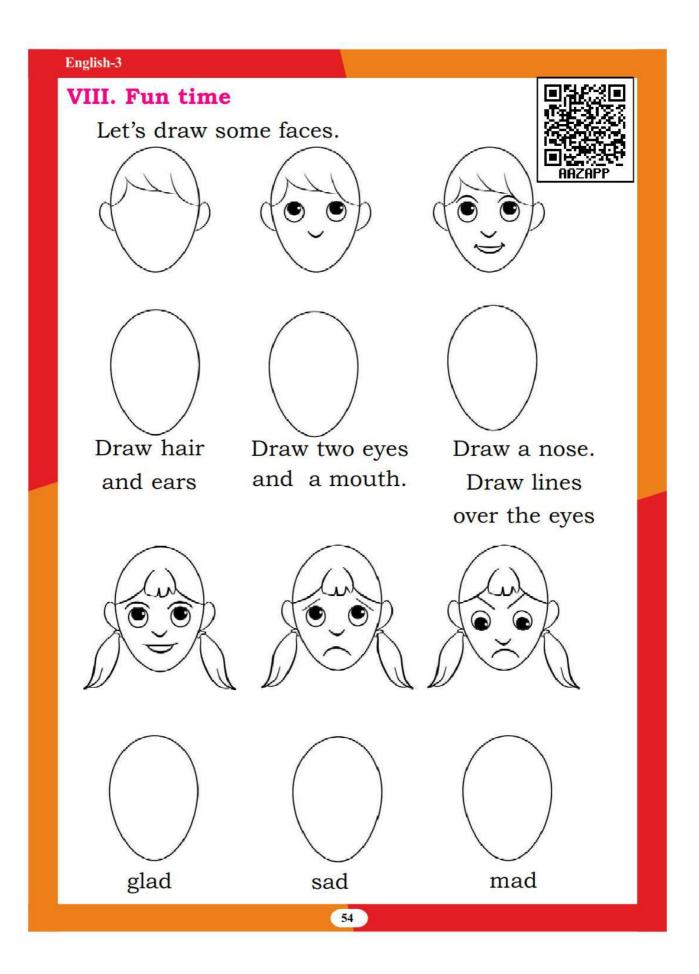
a red leaves

a green hair

black rose

white mango





#### **LETS US HURRY**

Lesson 14

## LET US HURRY





Ravi and Ali are going to school. It is fifteen minutes to eight by Ravi's watch. The school-bell rings at eight o'clock.



**Ravi**: It's fifteen minutes to eight. But we must reach school five minutes before eight. Come, let's rush to school.

(Ali and Ravi run to school.)

**Ali**: Good. We are in time.



(After three hours)

**Ali**: It is recess now.

**Ravi:** Ali, I'm very hungry. I got up late today. I had no breakfast. I didn't have time even for a bath. That makes me unhappy.



**Ali**: I got up early. I had a bath . I had breakfast. I always get up early. Get up early like me and you'll be happy.

LETS US HURRY				
I. New words				
minutes, today, hungry, breakfast, reach, rush				
II. Read and write				
Answer the following questions:				
1. Who are going to school?				
2. When does the school - bell ring?				
3. Why was Ravi hungry?				
4. What is the recess time of the school?				
Choose the correct answers:				
1. Ali was happy because he:				
(a) did not have a bath.				
(b) did not have breakfast.				
(c) gets up early.				
2. Ravi and Ali wanted to reach the school:				
(a) five minutes before eight.				
(b) fifteen minutes before eight.				
(c) five minutes past eight.				
III. Say aloud				
minutes, rings, hours, recess, hungry, always, early				
IV. Let's talk				
When do you get up?				
Why is getting up early good for us?				
When do you take a bath?				
Do you wash your legs when you come back from school?				
When do you sleep?				

## Here is a telephonic conversation between Ravi and Ali. Do a Role-play of it in pairs.

Ali makes a phone call to Ravi.

Ravi's father: Hello!

**Ali** : Good morning, uncle!

Ravi's father: Good morning!

Ali : May I speak to Ravi.

Ravi's father: Oh Yes, Please wait. I call him.

(Ravi's father calls Ravi.)

Ravi : Hello, Ali!

Ali : Hi, Ravi!

Are you ready for school?

Ravi : Yes, I am.

**Ali** : Bring my English notebook.

**Ravi** : Sure, I have put it in my bag.

**Ali** : See you at school!

## Fill in the words from the box and complete the telephonic communication

welcome, 6 o'clock, message, sure, Thank you aunty, Hello, Good evening.

Ravi makes a phone call to Ali.

Ali's mother: .....

**Ravi** : Good evening, aunty

Ali's mother: ....., may I know who is speaking?

Ravi : I am Ravi. May I speak to Ali?

Ali' mother : Ali is not at home. Is there any ......

for him?

		LETS US HURRY			
Ravi	: Oh! Yes				
	CHILDREN BUTTON TO THE CONTROL OF TH	today. We will attend atPlease ask him is back.			
Ali's mother	your message to him.				
Ravi	:				
Ali's mother	:				
V. Vocabulary					
30 C S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S		and B and put them			
togethe	er. Example bread an	d butter			
A		В			
brea	ad	clean			
hur	ngry	white			
biro	ds and	butter			
blad	ck	thirsty			
nea	ıt	animals			
(B) Fill in t	he blanks with suita	ble words :			
(rush	ed, hungry, reach, br	eakfast, rings)			
1. The scho	ol bell at half	past nine.			
2. I school at quarter past nine.					
3. Ravi was	3. Ravi was late so he to school.				
4. I often ha	ave poha or upma or p	porridge for			
5. I am very morning.		t have breakfast in the			
	_				

## VI. Structures in context

## (A) Match the opposite sentences:

I had no breakfast	I got up early	
I got up late	I have time	
I did not have time	We are not in time	
You will be happy	I had breakfast	
We are in time	You will be unhappy	

## (B) Make sentences and read them aloud:

Let's	rush	English.
	play	for a picnic.
	go	together.
	learn	cricket.
	sing	to the station.

I/We/You	have	breakfast	at 9:00 p.m.
He/She/ It	has	lunch	at 8:00 a.m.
		dinner	at 1:00 p.m.

## VII. Fun time

## (A) Sing with your teacher.

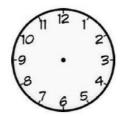
Cobbler, cobbler, mend my shoe
Get it done by half past two
Half past two is much too late
Get it done by half past eight



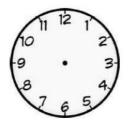
60

#### **LETS US HURRY**

## (B) Show the time as mentioned in the poem.



half past two

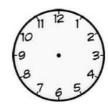


half past eight

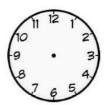
## (C) Show the time in the clocks.



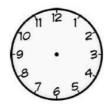
half past three



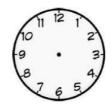
a quarter past four



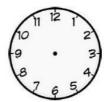
nine o'clock



a quarter to six



twenty minutes past eight



a quarter past four

## (D) Practise the dialogues in pairs.

Sita : Excuse me, Mummy!

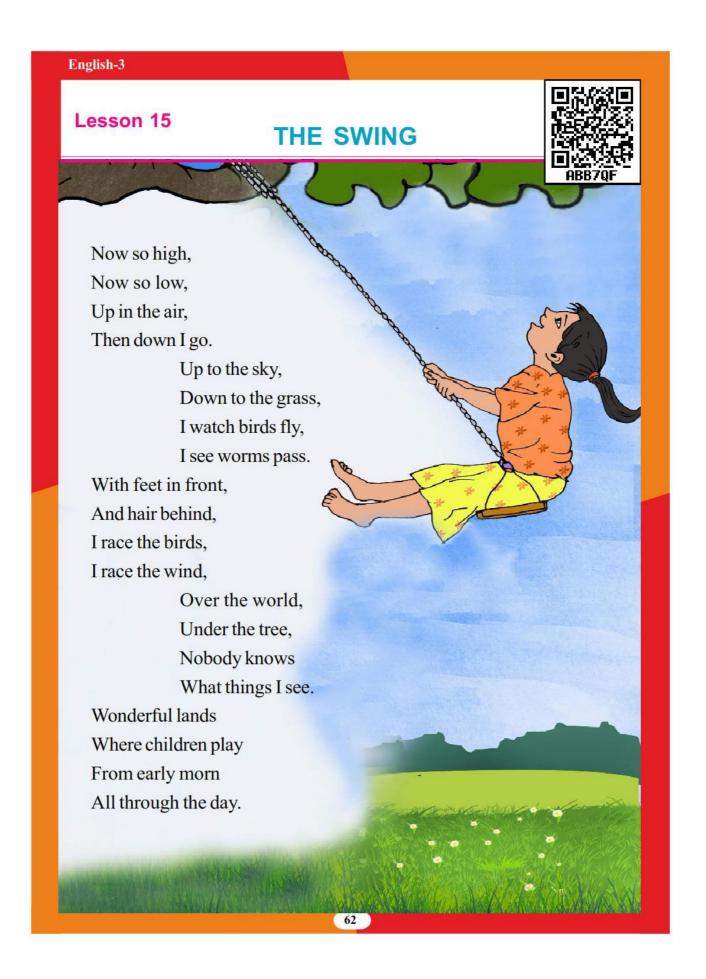
**Mother:** Yes my child!

**Sita** : What's the time by your watch?

Mother: It's half past eight.



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THE SWING				
I. New words				
watch, worms, front, behind, world, swinging, wonderful, through				
II. Read and write				
(A) The girl says:				
I watch				
I see				
I race				
(B) Choose the correct options:				
(1) The girl in the poem is flying/ swinging.				
(2) With feet in front and hair behind means:				
The child is swinging very high/very low.				
(3) The girl sees wonderful lands/ the sea and sands.				
(4) The girl swings only at night/ all through the day.				
(C) Put numbers to show the sequence in which the given words come in the poem.				
landschildren grass birds windworldhair sky air feet worms free				
III. Say aloud				
low, worms, world, knows, front, behind, wonderful, lands,				
morn, early, all, day				
IV. Let's talk				
(1) Do you like to swing?				
(2) Who swings with you?				
(3) Where do you swing?				
(4) How do you prepare a swing?				

English-3				
V. Vocabulary				
(A) Match the antonyms:				
(1) hig	g <mark>h</mark> -	night		
(2) in	front of -	down		
(3) day	у -	above		
(4) un	der -	behind		
(5) up	_	low		
(B) Fill in tl	(B) Fill in the blanks with suitable words choosing from			
the help box.				
(world, worms, sky, low, now, down, wonderful, wind)				
1. If your homework is over, you can go				
2. The temperature is very in winter.				
3. I can not come without a ladder.				
4. Birds are flying in the				
5. A kite cannot fly without				
6. Fisherme	en use	in their hooks to catch fish.		
		map of the		
8. It was a		_ magic show.		
(C) Make the pairs of rhyming words which you find in				
the poem.				
Example:				
low	-	go		
		********		
		********		
		64		

THE SWING VI. Listening Listen to the poem and give a single clap whenever you hear the word 'I'. VII. Fun time Label the Diagram Write three lines about what you see in this picture. 65

#### Lesson 16

## WHO IS CLEVER?



The lion has invited all the animals to a grand feast.



Lion: (Loudly)



Good morning, everybody.
You are welcome to the
feast. I'm very happy to
have you here. Let's
introduce ourselves. I'm

Lion, the King of the jungle.

Weaver bird:



(humbly) I'm Weaver bird.
I'm a small bird. I can
weave a nest. My nest is
very strong. Rain and storm
cannot break it.

66

#### WHO IS CLEVER?

#### **Peacock**



: (proudly) I'm Peacock. I've colourful feathers. I'm a great dancer.

I'm the national bird.

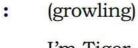
#### Cheetah



: (jumping up and down) I'm Cheetah.

I run very fast. No body among you
can race with me?

## Tiger





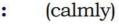
I'm Tiger. I'm strong. I'm brave. I look grand. I'm the national animal.

#### Camel



(feeling superior) I'm Camel. I'm the ship of the desert. I can walk on hot sand. I can live without water and food for many days.

#### Fox





I'm Fox. I've nothing to say about me.
But I want to have a friendly race. Let's
see who wins the race.



All the animals are ready to run. The weaver bird and the peacock are ready to fly.

Where is the fox?

He is having a good meal all alone. Who is clever?

#### I. New words:

invite, introduce, colourful, feathers, national

#### II. Read and write

## (A) Answer these questions:

- 1. Which animal is called 'The ship of the desert'?
- 2. Which bird is a great dancer?
- 3. Which animal is a good runner?
- 4. Which is our National animal?
- 5. Which is our National bird?
- 6. How many birds introduced themeselves? Name them.

_	WHO IS CLEVER?			
7. Why did the lion invite the animals?				
(B)	Who said this:			
1.	"Rain and storm can not break my nest." ()			
2.	"I am very happy to have you here. Let's introduce ourseleves." ()			
3.	"I am the national animal.' ()			
4.	"I can live without food and water for many days."			
	()			
5.	"I am a great dancer." ()			
6.	"I want to have a friendly race." ()			
III. Sa	y aloud			
	ited, grand, feast, weaver, peacock, feathers, animals, or, national			
IV. Le	t's talk			
1. Who is clever among all the animals?				
(Hint) I thinkis clever because				
V. Vocabulary				
(A)	Fill in the blanks with suitable words:			
(humbly, grand feast, all alone, national, friendly, introduce)				
151	I am a new student in your class.Let me			
	myself.			
2.	Everyone gave me a smile.			
3.	Our village people give a feast to all the students of our village on Independance day.			

English-3						
<ol> <li>4. 'Vande matram' is our song.</li> <li>5. Be polite and talk with everyone.</li> <li>6. I don't need help, I can lift this table</li> </ol>						
	ead the le		arefully ar	nd com	plete the	e table
Name	Weaver bird	Lion	Peacock	Tiger	Camel	Fox
Туре	bird					
Size	small					
Special qualities	It can weave a strong nest.					
(C) Use the table given above. Write about the animals given in the table.  Example: Weaver bird : It is a small bird. It can weave a strong nest.						
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	WI	HO IS CLEVER?			
(C) Find one word for the following from the help box.					
	colourful, invite, introduce, nation	nal			
1.	To call someone for a party function				
2.	To tell about oneself				
3.	Having many colours				
4.	Belonging to the country (of the country)				
IV. St	ructures in context				
Ma	ke three sentences following the same stru	cture.			
1.	Let's play outside.				
	Let's celebrate your birthday.				
	·				
2.	We are ready to help you.				
	They are happy to see him.				
	•				
	·				
	71				

#### Match the sentences which give the same sense.

I want to tell you about myself. I am happy to have you here.

You must be polite. He is having a good meal.

I am happy that all of I have nothing to say.

you have come.

He takes a good meal. Let me introduce myself.

I don't have anything to say. Be humble.

#### Make negative sentences.

- 1. I am a student of class 3.
- 2. We are ready to run.
- 3. I can walk on hot sand.
- 4. She will play with us.
- 5. I am strong.

## Make interrogative sentences.

- 1. You can play with me.
- 2. You will call him.
- 3. He is strong.
- 4. Peacock is our national bird.
- 5. We shall see him tomorrow.

## VII. Activity

Divide the students in groups. Each group should have seven students. Do a 'Role Play' based on the lesson 'Who is Clever'.

WHO IS CLEVER?

## VI. Fun time

The pictures given below are in jumbled order. Think about their sequence and write the number to make a picture story. Tell the story to your class.





Write the names of the animals that you see in the pictures.



# If there are mentally challenged students in your class:

- Break the lesson into small portions. Explain difficult concepts with examples and in simple language. Try and relate difficult concepts with experiences from daily life.
- Pay constant attention to these students while teaching so that they do not lose their focus. Encourage them to answer questions in class and reward them when they answer properly.
- 3. Encourage the other students to be friendly and helpful towards their mentally challenged classmates.