

	LIMITS & DERIVATIVES Class XI
Q.1)	$f(x) = \sqrt{2x+3}$ Using first principle method.
Sol.1)	$f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{\sqrt{2x+2h+3} - \sqrt{2x+3}}{h} \right]$ Rationalize $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{\sqrt{2x+2h+3} - \sqrt{2x+3}}{h} \times \frac{\sqrt{2x+2h+3} + \sqrt{2x+3}}{\sqrt{2x+2h+3} + \sqrt{2x+3}} \right]$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{(2x+2h+3) - (2x+3)}{h(\sqrt{2x+2h+3} + \sqrt{2x+3})} \right]$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{(2x^2+h^2+2hx+1)(x-3) - (2x^2+1)(x+h-3)}{h(x+h-3)(x-3)} \right]$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{2h}{h(\sqrt{2x+2h+3} + \sqrt{2x+3})} \right]$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{2}{\sqrt{2x+3} + \sqrt{2x+3}} \right]$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{2}{2\sqrt{2x+3}} \right]$ $\therefore \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x+3}} \text{ ans.}$
Q.2)	$f(x) = x^2 \sin x$ Using first principle method.
Sol.2)	$f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{(x+h)^2 \cdot \sin(x+h) - x^2 \sin x}{h} \right]$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{(x^2+h^2+2hx) \sin(x+h) - x^2 \sin x}{h} \right]$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{x^2 \cdot \sin(x+h) + h^2 \sin(x+h) + 2hx \cdot \sin(x+h) - x^2 \sin x}{h} \right]$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{x^2 \{\sin(x+h) - \sin x\} + (h^2 + 2hx) \sin(x+h)}{h} \right]$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{x^2 \cdot 2 \cos\left(\frac{2x+h}{2}\right) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{h}{2}\right) + h(h+2x) \sin(x+h)}{h} \right]$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{2x^2 \cos\left(\frac{2x+h}{2}\right) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{h}{2}\right)}{2 \times \frac{h}{2}} + (h+2x) \cdot \sin(x+h) \right]$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{h}{2}\right)}{\frac{h}{2}} \right) \times \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(x^2 \cos\left(\frac{2x+h}{2}\right) \right) + \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} ((h+2x) \cdot \sin(x+h))$ $= 1 \times x^2 \cos(x) + (2x) \sin x$ $\therefore f'(x) = x^2 \cos(x) + (2x) \sin x \text{ ans.}$

Q.3)	Differentiate w. r. t x (product rule) $f(x) = (ax + b)^m(cx + d)^n$
Sol.3)	We have $f(x) = (ax + b)^m(cx + d)^n$ Differentiate both sides w. r. t x (product rule) $f'(x) = (ax + b)^m \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(cx + d)^n + (cx + d)^n \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(ax + b)^m$ $= (ax + b)^m \cdot n(cx + d)^{n-1} \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(cx + d) + (cx + d)^n \cdot m(ax + b)^{m-1} \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(ax + b)$ $= (ax + b)^m \cdot n(cx + d)^{n-1} \cdot (c) + (cx + d)^n \cdot m(ax + b)^{m-1} \cdot (a)$ $= (ax + b)^{m-1} \cdot (cx + d)^{n-1} [(ax + b)nc + (cx + d)ma]$ $= (ax + b)^{m-1} \cdot (cx + d)^{n-1} [ancx + bnc + cmax + dma]$ $f'(x) = (ax + b)^{m-1} \cdot (cx + d)^{n-1} [ax(nc + mc) + (bnc + dma)] \text{ ans.}$
Q.4)	Differentiate w. r. t x (product rule) $f(x) = (x + \sec x)(x - \tan x)$
Sol.4)	We have $f(x) = (x + \sec x)(x - \tan x)$ Differentiate both sides w. r. t x (product rule) $f'(x) = (x + \sec x) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x - \tan x) + (x - \tan x) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x + \sec x)$ $= (x + \sec x)(1 - \sec^2 x) + (x - \tan x)(1 + \sec x \tan x) \text{ ans.}$
Q.5)	Differentiate w. r. t x (product rule) $f(x) = (x \sin x + \cos x) + (x \cos x - \sin x)$
Sol.5)	We have $f(x) = (x \sin x + \cos x) + (x \cos x - \sin x)$ Differentiate both sides w. r. t x (product rule) $f'(x) = (x \sin x + \cos x) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x \cos x - \sin x) + \frac{d}{dx}(x \cos x - \sin x) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x \sin x + \cos x)$ $= (x \sin x + \cos x) \left[x \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(\cos x) + \cos x \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x) - \frac{d}{dx}(\sin x) \right] + [x \cos x - \sin x] \cdot \left[x \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(\sin x) + \sin x \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x) + \frac{d}{dx}(\cos x) \right]$ $= (x \sin x + \cos x)(-x \sin x + \cos x - \cos x) + (x \cos x - \sin x)(x \cos x + \sin x - \sin x)$ $= (x \sin x + \cos x)(-x \sin x) + (x \cos x - \sin x)(x \cos x)$ $= -x^2 \sin^2 x - x \sin x \cdot \cos x + x^2 \cos^2 x - x \sin x \cdot \cos x$ $= x^2(\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x) - 2x \sin x \cos x$ $f'(x) = x^2 \cdot \cos(2x) - x \sin(2x) \text{ ans.}$
Q.6)	Differentiate w. r. t x (product rule) $f(x) = x^{-4}(3 - 4x^{-5})$
Sol.6)	Differentiate w. r. t x (product rule)



	$f'(x) = x^{-4} \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(3 - 4x^{-5}) + (3 - 4x^{-5}) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x^{-4})$ $= x^{-4}(0 + 20x^{-6}) + (3 - 4x^{-5})(-4x^{-5})$ $= x^{-4}(20x^{-6}) - (3 - 4x^{-5})(4x^{-5})$ $= 20x^{-10} - 12x^{-5} + 16x^{-10}$ $= 36x^{-10} - 10x^{-5} \text{ ans.}$
Q.7)	Differentiate w. r. t x (product rule) $f(x) = \frac{1 - \tan x}{1 + \tan x}$
Sol.7)	We have $f(x) = \frac{1 - \tan x}{1 + \tan x}$ $f'(x) = \frac{1 - \tan x}{1 + \tan x}$ $= \frac{1 - \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}}{1 + \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}}$ $= \frac{\cos x - \sin x}{\cos x + \sin x}$ Differentiate w. r. t x (quotient rule) $f'(x) = \frac{(\cos x + \sin x) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(\cos x - \sin x) - (\cos x - \sin x) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(\cos x + \sin x)}{(\cos x + \sin x)^2}$ $= \frac{(\cos x + \sin x)(-\sin x - \cos x) - (\cos x - \sin x)(-\sin x + \cos x)}{(\cos x + \sin x)^2}$ $= \frac{-(\cos x + \sin x)(\cos x + \sin x) - (\cos x - \sin x)(\cos x - \sin x)}{(\cos x + \sin x)^2}$ $= \frac{-(\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x + 2 \sin x \cos x) - (\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x - 2 \sin x \cos x)}{(\cos x + \sin x)^2}$ $= \frac{-(1 + \sin(2x)) - (1 - 2 \sin(2x))}{(\cos x + \sin x)^2}$ $f'(x) = \frac{-2}{(\cos x + \sin x)^2} \text{ ans.}$
Q.8)	Differentiate w. r. t x (product rule) $f(x) = \frac{x}{\sin^n x}$
Sol.8)	We have $f(x) = \frac{x}{\sin^n x}$ Differentiate w. r. t x (quotient rule) $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\sin^n x \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x) - x \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(\sin^n x)}{(\sin^n x)^2}$

	$= \frac{\sin^n x \cdot (1) - x \cdot n \cdot \sin^{n-1} x \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(\sin x)}{(\sin^{2n} x)^2}$ $= \frac{\sin^n x - nx \cdot \sin^{n-1} x \cdot \cos x}{\sin^{2n} x}$ $= \frac{\sin^{n-1} x (\sin x - nx \cos x)}{\sin^{2n} x}$ $= \frac{\sin x - nx \cos x}{\sin^{2n-n+1}(x)}$ $f'(x) = \frac{\sin x - nx \cos x}{\sin^{n+1} x} \text{ ans.}$
Q.9)	$f(x) = \frac{x^2 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)}{\sin x}$
Sol.9)	We have $\frac{x^2 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)}{\sin x}$ $= f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{x^2}{\sin x}$ Differentiate w. r. t x (quotient rule) $f'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[\frac{\sin x \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x^2) - (x^2) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(\sin x)}{(\sin x)^2} \right]$ $= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[\frac{\sin x \cdot (2x) - x^2 \cdot \cos x}{\sin^2 x} \right]$ $f'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[\frac{2x \sin x - x^2 \cos x}{\sin^2 x} \right] \text{ ans.}$
Q.10)	$f(x) = \frac{\sin x - x \cos x}{x \sin x + \cos x}$
Sol.10)	We have $\frac{\sin x - x \cos x}{x \sin x + \cos x}$ Differentiate w. r. t x (quotient rule) $f'(x) = \frac{(x \sin x + \cos x) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(\sin x - x \cos x) - (\sin x - x \cos x) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x \sin x + \cos x)}{(x \sin x + \cos x)^2}$ $= \frac{(x \sin x + \cos x) \cdot \left[\frac{d}{dx}(\sin x) - \left(x \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(\cos x) \right) + \cos x \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x) \right] - (\sin x - x \cos x) \cdot \left[x \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(\sin x) + \frac{d}{dx}(x) + \frac{d}{dx} \cos x \right]}{(x \sin x + \cos x)^2}$ $= \frac{(x \sin x + \cos x) \cdot [\cos x - (-x \sin x + \cos x)] - (\sin x - x \cos x)(x \cos x + \sin x - \sin x)}{(x \sin x + \cos x)^2}$ $= \frac{(x \sin x + \cos x) \cdot (x \sin x) - (\sin x - x \cos x)(x \cos x)}{(x \sin x + \cos x)^2}$ $= \frac{x^2 \sin^2 x + x \sin x \cos x - x \sin x \cos x + x^2 \cos^2 x}{(x \sin x + \cos x)^2}$ $= \frac{x^2 (\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x)}{(x \sin x + \cos x)^2}$



$f'(x) = \frac{x^2}{(x \sin x + \cos x)^2} \text{ ans.}$
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