



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, CHANDIGARH

Summative Assessment-II, Session 2012-13
Class : VI, Subject : Social Science (Sample Paper)

Time : 3 hours

MM : 90

Attempt all questions. Write neatly. Marks will be deducted for untidy work.

Section - A (History)

Q.1 Tick the correct answer- (1x5= 5)

- (i) Literary assemblies held in South India were known as.....
 - (a) Satraps
 - (b) Sangams
 - (c) Tamilakam
 - (d) Both a & c
- (ii) Landless labourers in South India were known as.....
 - (a) Labourer
 - (b) Kadaiyiar
 - (c) Gramabhojaka
 - (d) Dasakaramkara
- (iii) India traded with which region through the silk route?
 - (a) East and West Asia
 - (b) West and Central Asia
 - (c) North and West Asia
 - (d) North and Central Asia
- (iv) Muvendar is a Tamil word meaning of
 - (a) three chiefs
 - (b) land owner
 - (c) slave
 - (d) priest
- (v)defeated the Pallavas and ended their rule.
 - (a) Cholas
 - (b) Cheras
 - (c) Chalukyas
 - (d) Pandyas

Q.2 Give one word for the following: (1x5= 5)

- (a) They carved scenes depicting peoples' lives in towns and villages.
- (b) A famous trading centre that was in trade relation with Romans.
- (c) The capital of Pandyas
- (d) Bamiyan is situated in this country:
- (e) He wrote the prashasti of Samundragupta:

Q.3 Fill in the blanks : (1x5= 5)

- (a)served as banks for rich people.
- (b) Gautami Balashri was the mother of
- (c) Xuan Zang's boat capsized inriver.
- (d) The idea of Bhakti is present inbook.
- (e) Thewas a village assembly of non-brahmin landowners.

Q.4 Answer the following : (3x4= 12)

- (a) How do you know that Arikamedu was a trading centre?
- (b) Why did kings provide protection along the silk route? Name the kingdom that controlled maximum part of silk route.

- (c) What do you mean by bodhisattva? Which form of Buddhism supports this idea?
- (d) Who were Samantas? What were their responsibilities?

Q.5 Answer the following briefly: (2x3= 6)

- (a) Who were vellalars?
- (b) Name the two important cities under Kushanas.
- (c) What do you mean by hereditary officer?

Q.6 Mark the following on the political map of India: (1x2= 2)

- (a) Patliputra
- (b) Madurai

Section-B (Civics)

Q.7 Tick the correct answer- (1x5= 5)

- (i) All states in India are divided into
a) wards b) cities
c) districts d) capitals
- (ii) One third of the seats are reserved for in Municipality.
(a) Poor (b) Rich
(c) Women (d) Farmers
- (iii) makes garments for the people.
(a) carpenter (b) tailor
(c) blacksmith (d) weaver
- (iv) In the age of science and technology our needs have and our life has become more
(a) increased/easy (b) decreased/hard
(c) not changed/ complex (d) none of the above
- (v) What is the full form of IAS?
(a) Indian Administrative School (b) Indian Army Service
(c) Indian Administrative Services (d) Indian Aeronautical Services

Q.8 Answer the following: (2x5= 10)

- (a) What is the work of the kanungo?
- (b) What is the work of committees formed by municipal councillors?
- (c) How does Municipal Corporation earn money to do its work?
- (d) How can government help the poor farmers caught in debt?
- (e) Why is your house maid considered as a casual labour?

Q.9 Define the following: (1x5= 5)

- (a) Station House Officer
- (b) Bund
- (c) Municipal Commissioner
- (d) Landless farmer

- (e) Vendors

Section-C (Geography)

Q.10 Tick the correct answer-

(1x5= 5)

- (i) The realm of the Earth consisting of water is called
(a) Lithosphere (b) Hydrosphere
(c) Atmosphere (d) Biosphere
- (ii) Indian research centre at Antarctica is
(a) Ganges (b) Maitri
(c) Mangal (d) Murti
- (iii) The Nile basin of Egypt is an example of
(a) river (b) alluvial plain
(c) plateau (d) mountain
- (iv) Which of these rivers flow into the Bay of Bengal?
(a) Ganga (b) Tapi
(c) Indus (d) Narmada
- (v) Which longitude is the standard meridian of our country?
(a) 88.30'E (b) 82.30'E
(c) 83.30'E (d) 82.30'W

Q.12 Give one word for the following:

(1x5= 5)

- (a) The S shaped ocean
(b) The blue planet:
(c) Wearing down of earth's surface:
(d) The levelled and flat area:
(e) The common capital of two states:

Q.13 Answer the following :

(3x3= 9)

- (a) Why is northern hemisphere called a land hemisphere?
(b) Why are mountains thinly populated?
(c) Distinguish between tributary and distributary.

Q.14 (a) Draw a diagram showing layers of atmosphere

- (b) Draw a diagram of volcanic mountain

(2x3= 6)

Q.15 Mark the following on the map of India:

(1x5= 5)

- (a) River Indus
(b) River Mahanadi
(c) Western ghats
(d) The Thar Desert
(e) Eastern ghats